



REMOTE COLLABORATION AT THE DIII-D NATIONAL FUSION FACILITY

Presented by
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for the DIII-D National Team

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 - Qian Peng, Jeff Schachter, Dave Schissel from GA
 - Ted Terpstra from PPPL
- **DIII-D Computer Staff**
 - Kristi Keith, Bill McHarg
- **The DIII-D User Community**
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- **From MIT/C-Mod — Martin Greenwald, Tom Fredian, and Josh Stillerman**
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DIII-D PROGRAM COLLABORATORS

National Laboratories	Universities	International Laboratories
ANL	Alaska	Academia Sinica (China)
INEL	Alberta	Cadarache (France)
LANL	Cal Tech	CCFM (Canada)
LLNL	Chalmers U.	Culham (England)
ORNL	Columbia U.	FOM (Netherlands)
PNL	Hampton U.	Frascati (Italy)
PPPL	Helsinki	Ioffe (Russia)
SNLA	Johns Hopkins U.	IPP (Germany)
SNLL	Lehigh	JAERI (Japan)
	MIT	JET (EC)
	Moscow State U.	KAIST (Korea)
	RPI	Keldysh Inst. (Russia)
	U. Maryland	KFA (Germany)
	U. Texas	Kurchatov (Russia)
	U. Wales	Lausanne (Switzerland)
	U. Washington	NIFS (Japan)
	U. Wisconsin	Troitsk (Russia)
	UCB	Southwestern Inst. (China)
	UCI	
	UCLA	
	UCSD	Tsukuba U. (Japan)

Industry Collabs

CompX
CPI (Varian)
GA
Gycom
Orincon



COLLABORATOR SUPPORT IS FUNDAMENTAL TO COMPUTING AT DIII-D

- Two-thirds of onsite scientists are collaborators
- 150 of 300 users off-site collaborators
- Increasing number of collaborators places more demand on computing infrastructure
- Data Analysis Group formed in part to support our collaborators
- In this presentation:
 - The needs of our collaborators
 - What we are doing to meet them
 - Future plans



THE COMPUTATIONAL NEEDS OF A REMOTE COLLABORATOR ARE NO DIFFERENT THAN A RESIDENT SCIENTIST

- Computer
- Access to data
- Tools to view and analyze data
- Communication with other scientists
- Control of equipment

The difference is sometimes in how these needs are met



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COMPUTATIONAL SUPPORT OF DIII-D REMOTE COLLABORATORS

- **Computer**
 - Leverage use of remote CPUs
- **Access to data**
 - 7x24 remote access via MDSplus, PTDATA
 - And a relational database
- **Tools to view and analyze data**
 - Easy-to-use GUIs (IDL) with ample documentation
 - Tools run from remote CPU
- **Communication with other scientists**
 - Both in real-time and off-line

Much of this plan is in place now. Future work will build on current activity



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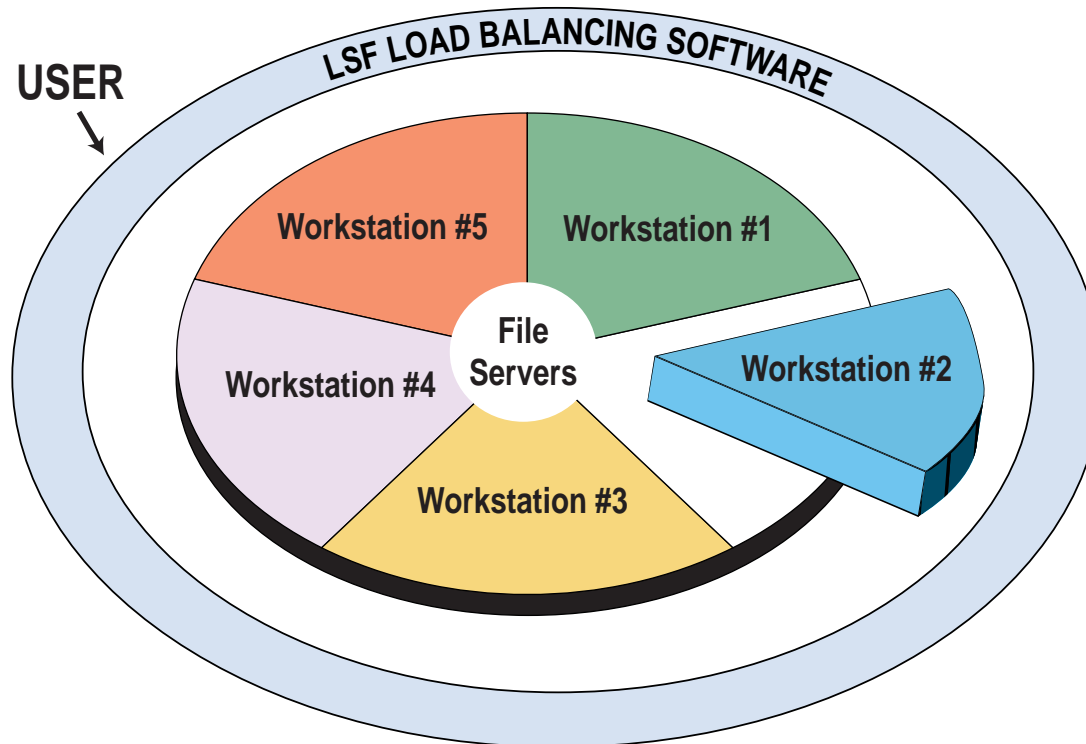
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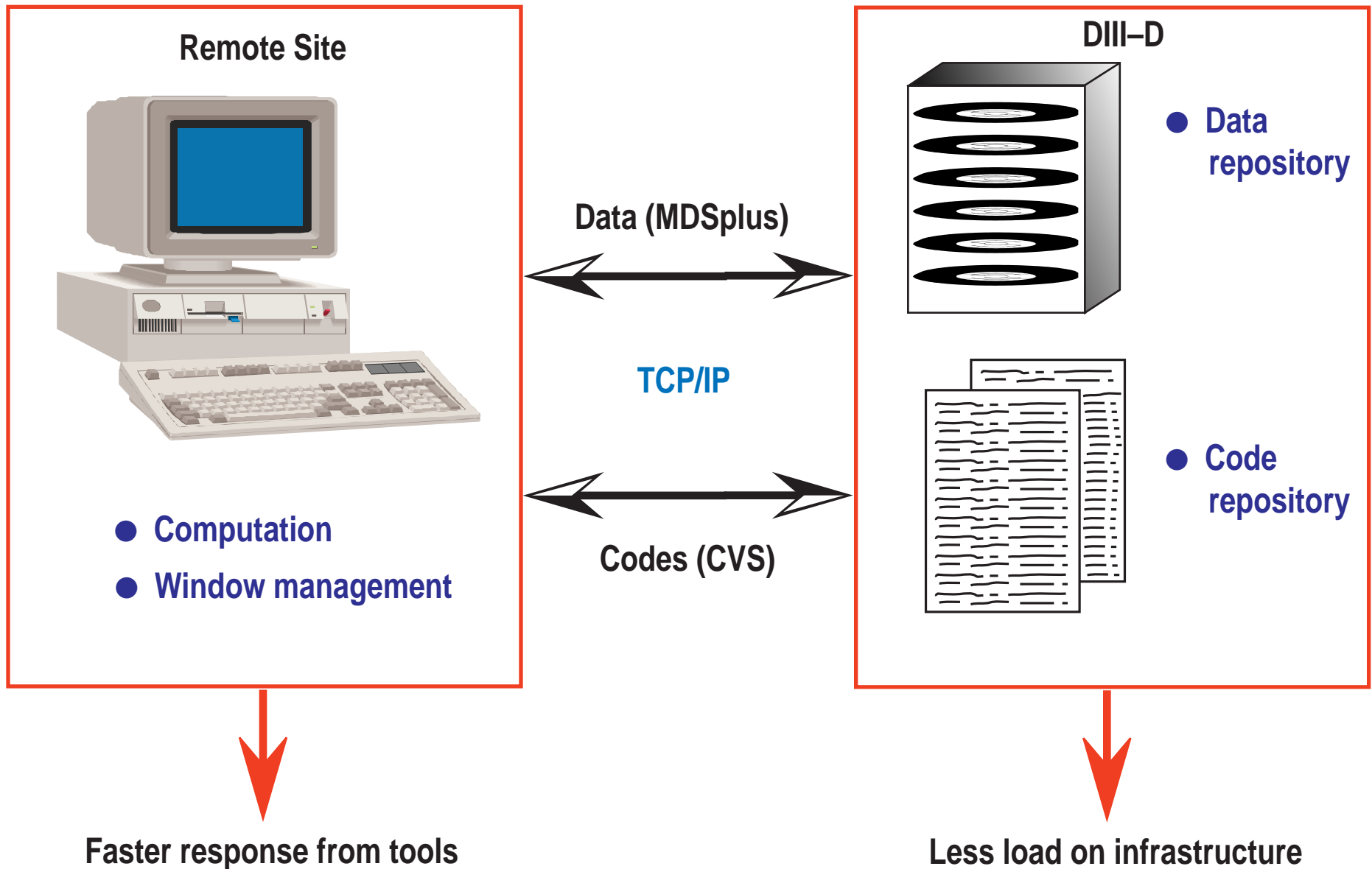


LOAD BALANCING SOFTWARE PROVIDES SUBSTANTIAL COMPUTATIONAL POWER TO ONSITE USERS

- Heterogeneous Unix environment with a large server and numerous workstations
- Platform Computing's LSF Suite performs interactive load sharing
- Cost effective for sharing CPUs and commercial software
- Central file servers for data and user files



REMOTE COMPUTING COULD BENEFIT COLLABORATOR AND DIII-D



FUTURE REMOTE COMPUTING ISSUES

- **Do we integrate remote CPUs into load-balanced environment?**
 - Technically possible
 - Performance?
 - Management? Security?

- **Remote file sharing via DFS?**
 - Easier to share files, codes
 - LLNL uses — Tom Casper will say more
 - Data already served via TCP/IP sockets

COMPUTATIONAL SUPPORT OF DIII-D REMOTE COLLABORATORS

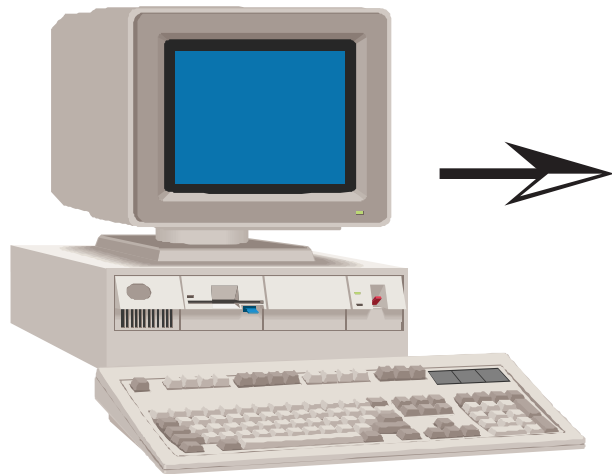
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ALL DIII-D DATA AVAILABLE AROUND THE CLOCK

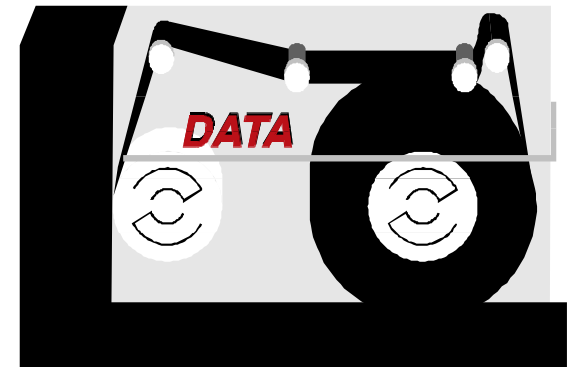
- All raw shot data (PTDATA) automatically available (7x24) for data mining
 - 720 GB interactively (15–30 sec minimum), ≈9000 raw compressed shots
 - 2.4 TB on a 2–5 minute minimum time scale per request
 - Present needs are 1 TB with about 0.3 TB added per year
- All analyzed shot data (MDSplus) on magnetic hard drive



Sun Ultra-1 Clone
100 GB Magnetic-Raid 5



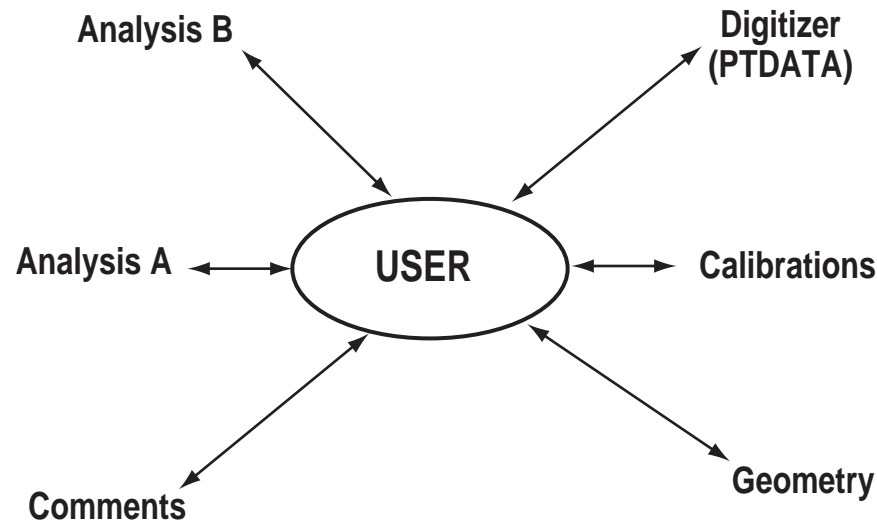
HP Magneto-optical 600fx
620 GB from 238 platters
2.6 GB/platter, 6 drives



ATL DLT 7000 drives
2.4 TB from 68 bays
35 GB/tape, 4 drives

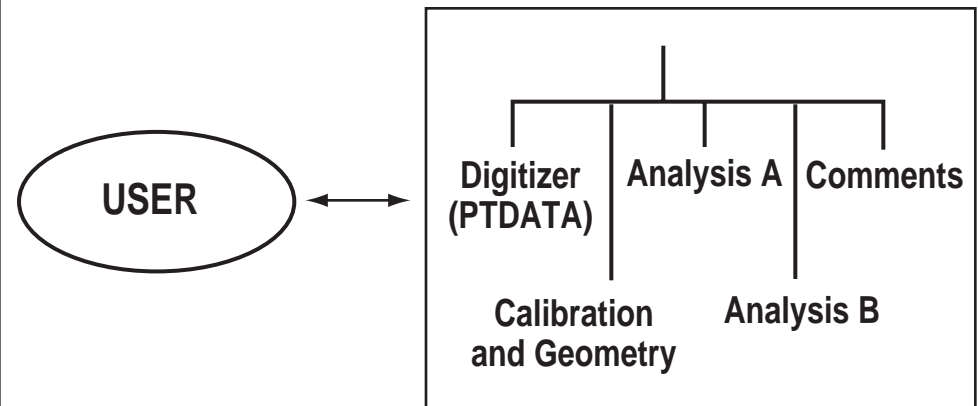
MDSplus SIMPLIFIES DATA ACCESS

Conventional Storage



- Separate interface for each data type
- Must know data format and file location
- Data and context stored separately
- **Hard to share results**

MDSplus



- One interface to many data types
- Only need location of data in tree
- Store all relevant information
- **Remote exploration of data productive**

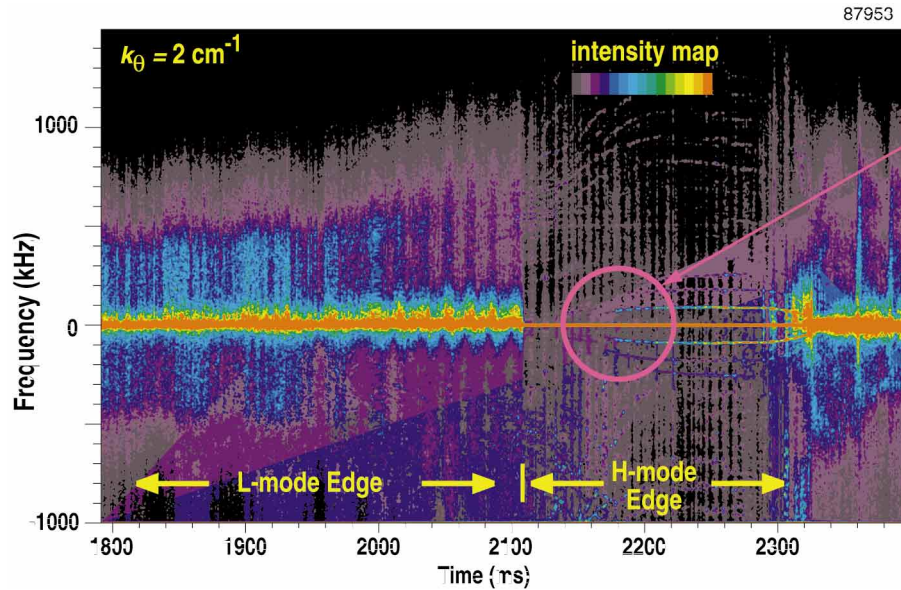
A NEW RELATIONAL DATABASE WILL ALLOW THE SCIENTIFIC COMMUNITY TO MINE FUSION DATA

- **Desired user functionality**
 - “Broad & shallow” containing summary data from all tokamak pulses
 - “Highly Analyzed” containing publication quality data
 - “Special Purpose” containing user specified information
- **GUI tools connected to database engine**
 - Relational queries from the Web, Fortran, C or IDL
 - Multi-platform clients
 - Independent of database engine
- **Combined analysis of different tokamak databases will be straightforward**
 - Similar to the sharing of our viewing and analysis tools
 - The development of these tools must be a coordinated effort

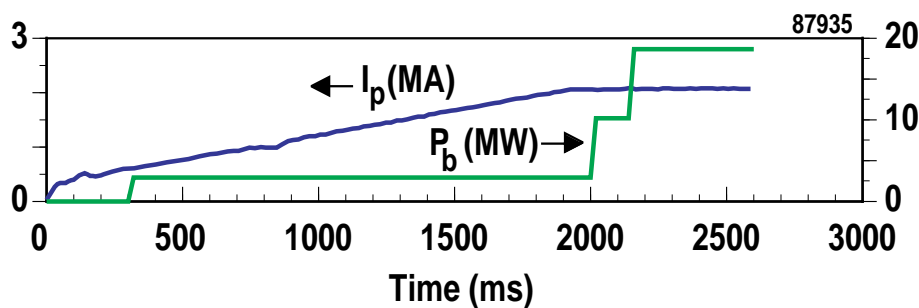
IDENTIFY THE ADVANTAGES OF OBJECT RELATIONAL DATABASES FOR THE FUSION COMMUNITY

- **Advanced multi-dimensional queries should revolutionize our data mining**
- **How will object relational technology compliment our usage of MDSplus?**
- **Collaborate with the High Energy Physics Community**
 - **Extensive use of object databases at SLAC**
- **Create a proof-of-principal test bed for community evaluation**
 - **Possible data choices are a TRANSP and ONETWO analysis or results from transport simulation codes**

OBJECT RELATIONAL QUERIES SHOULD REVOLUTIONIZE DATA MINING



Find other fluctuation data with similar mode behavior



Find discharges where P_b during the I_p ramp is 1/5th P_b during the I_p flattop phase

COMPUTATIONAL SUPPORT OF DIII-D REMOTE COLLABORATORS

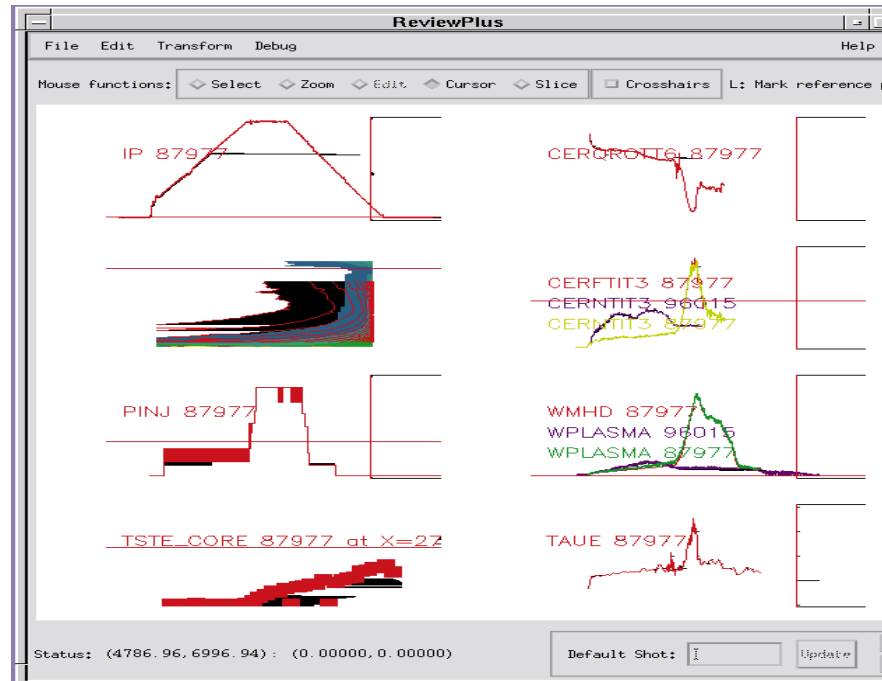
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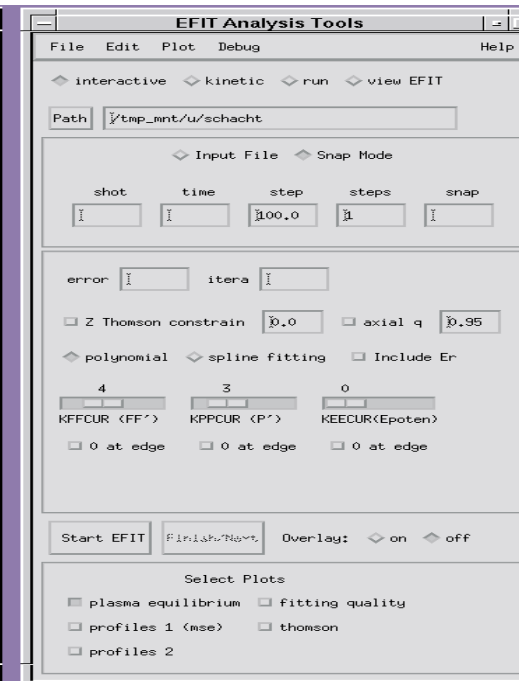
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GRAPHICAL USER INTERFACES SIMPLIFY DATA VIEWING AND ANALYSIS

ReviewPlus



EFITtools



- Same "look and feel" in all GUIs
 - Use GA-developed object oriented IDL based graphics library
- GUI data viewing/analysis tools: ReviewPlus, EFITtools, GAprofiles
- GUIs simplify use of FORTRAN analysis codes
 - EFIT, ONETWO
- Easier for collaborators to learn tools

WEB BASED DOCUMENTATION BRINGS CRITICAL INFORMATION TO THE ONSITE AND REMOTE COLLABORATOR

- **Computer code documentation**
 - By the scientific research staff
 - By the computer scientist staff
- **Data documentation**
 - Includes both raw digitizer data and analyzed data repositories
- **One source, multiple paths to reach the source**
 - Direct from Web browser
 - From within a tool



TOOLS RUN ON REMOTE CPUs

- **Can now run ReviewPlus, EFITtools, GAprfiles at LLNL, MIT**
 - Retrieve DIII-D data via MDSplus
 - Any site with IDL and MDSplus client can use
 - Some tools will run on MacOS, Win95/NT
- **Distributed EFITs (LLNL — Tom Casper)**
 - EFIT analysis on one shot shared by computers at DIII-D and LLNL



IDL IS LANGUAGE OF CHOICE FOR GUI TOOLS REQUIRING GRAPHICS

- **Benefits of IDL**
 - Extensive, powerful interactive graphics capabilities
 - Rich, easy to use language
 - Platform independent
- **Drawback: remote collaborators must purchase a license**
- **Public domain software (Java, Python) does not have required graphics**
 - Cost of implementing interactive features outweighs cost of IDL license
- **Adapt as technology grows**



FUTURE DATA VIEWING AND ANALYSIS TOOL ISSUES

- **Running the same code on different experiments**
 - How to make code tokamak-independent? (e.g. EFIT)
- **Simultaneous access to data from different experiments**
 - Possible with MDSplus and most relational databases
 - ReviewPlus does it now
 - Problem — what are the data signal names?
- **Sharing code development**
 - How to manage concurrent development?
 - Dialog begun between PPPL, MIT, LLNL, and GA



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LLNL HAS TAKEN LEAD IN SUPPORTING REAL-TIME REMOTE COMMUNICATION AT DIII-D

- **Real-time = live (especially during experiment operation)**
 - IRC
 - Internet audio/video
 - Need more efficient tools
- **Off-line communication**
 - Web-based documentation
 - Documentation stored in MDSplus
 - Future: electronic logbook (based on MIT's)



SUMMARY: DIII-D NATIONAL FUSION FACILITY IS AN ACTIVE, FRUITFUL COLLABORATION

- **Well-established plan to support collaborator computing**
 - Leveraging remote CPUs
 - 7x24 remote data access via MDSplus, PTDATA
 - Easy-to-use GUIs for data viewing and analysis
 - Remote real-time communication with DIII-D
- **Future will be built on current success**
 - Remotely accessible relational database and tools
 - Explore the benefits of object relational technology
 - Cooperative use and development of tools
 - More effective real-time interaction (LLNL)

