## Abstract Submitted for the DPP97 Meeting of The American Physical Society

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A Study of "Intelligent Shell" Feedback<sup>1</sup> T.H. JENSEN, General Atomics — The "intelligent shell" is a resistive wall equipped with a feedback system which makes it appear (almost) ideally conducting to the plasma. A number of problems associated with this concept has been discussed previously.<sup>2,3,4</sup> This poster deals with two specific problems, namely how the stabilization efficiency is affected by the number of feedback loops employed and by gaps between sensor loops. These effects are studied using a model for which the initial equilibrium is of slab geometry (y and z are ignorable) while the perturbed equilibrium is periodic in y and independent of z so that flux surfaces exist. The electronics involved is assumed ideal and the problem is formulated as an eigenvalue problem which is solved numerically. In the limit of infinitely many loops without gaps between sensor loops, the resistive wall appears ideally conducting to the plasma. For a finite number of loops, the resistive wall appears as an ideally conducting wall located somewhat outside the resistive wall.

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<sup>2</sup>C.M. Bishop, Plasma Phys. and Contr. Fusion **31** 1179 (1989).
<sup>3</sup>R. Fitzpatrick and T.H. Jensen, Phys. Plasmas **3** 2641 (1996).
<sup>4</sup>T.H. Jensen and R. Fitzpatrick, General Atomics Report GA-A22526 (1997), to be published in Phys. Plasmas.

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