C⁺² Flow Measurements at DIII-D Using a Coherence Imaging Spectrometer

by T.R. Weber¹

with

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Focus of Talk: C⁺² Flow in the Divertor

- Impurity flows in the SOL & divertor influence
 - Density and impurity control (pumping)
 - Divertor detachment physics
 - Material migration (erosion and redeposition)
- New diagnostic enables 2D impurity flow measurements previously unavailable
- New data allows direct comparison with fluid simulations (UEDGE)



New 2D Measurements of Carbon Flow

- New spectrometer measures ion flow velocities (John Howard, ANU)
- Preliminary physics results show strong C⁺² flow towards divertor plates for an L-Mode plasma
- UEDGE modeling is consistent with experimental data



















T.R. Weber/APS/November 2011

113-11/TRW/rs John Howard, Review of Scientific Instruments, 2010



SAN DIEGO

John Howard, Review of Scientific Instruments, 2010











John Howard, Review of Scientific Instruments, 2010





John Howard, Review of Scientific Instruments, 2010



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TIONAL FUSION FACILIT

SAN DIEGO



John Howard, Review of Scientific Instruments, 2010

Preliminary Data Analysis Looks at L-Mode Plasma



Preliminary Data Analysis Looks at L-Mode Plasma



Average Over Fringes to Obtain Line Integrated C⁺² Emissivity

C⁺² Image



Simulated View



- First step in data analysis
- Next step: reconstruct C⁺² emissivity in plasma from image



Tomographic Reconstruction of C⁺² Emissivity

 Assumes toroidal symmetry and requires knowledge of camera location





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Image Analysis Yields C⁺² Flow Velocities in Plasma

- Each resolvable phase shift yields a velocity
- C⁺² Image with Fringes



 Image represents the line integrated average velocity weighted by the emissivity



Tomographic Reconstruction of C⁺² Flow

- Assumes toroidal symmetry and that flow is parallel to the magnetic field
- Requires knowledge of camera location



Emissivity and Parallel Flow Agree with UEDGE Predictions





Conclusion

- New flow diagnostic enables ion flow measurements over large plasma region
- Preliminary results agree with UEDGE and show strong C⁺² flows towards the divertor plate
- Next step:
 - 2nd view of upper divertor
 - Fast intensified camera to resolve ELMs
 - Look at other ion species
 - Measure ion temperature using fringe contrast



