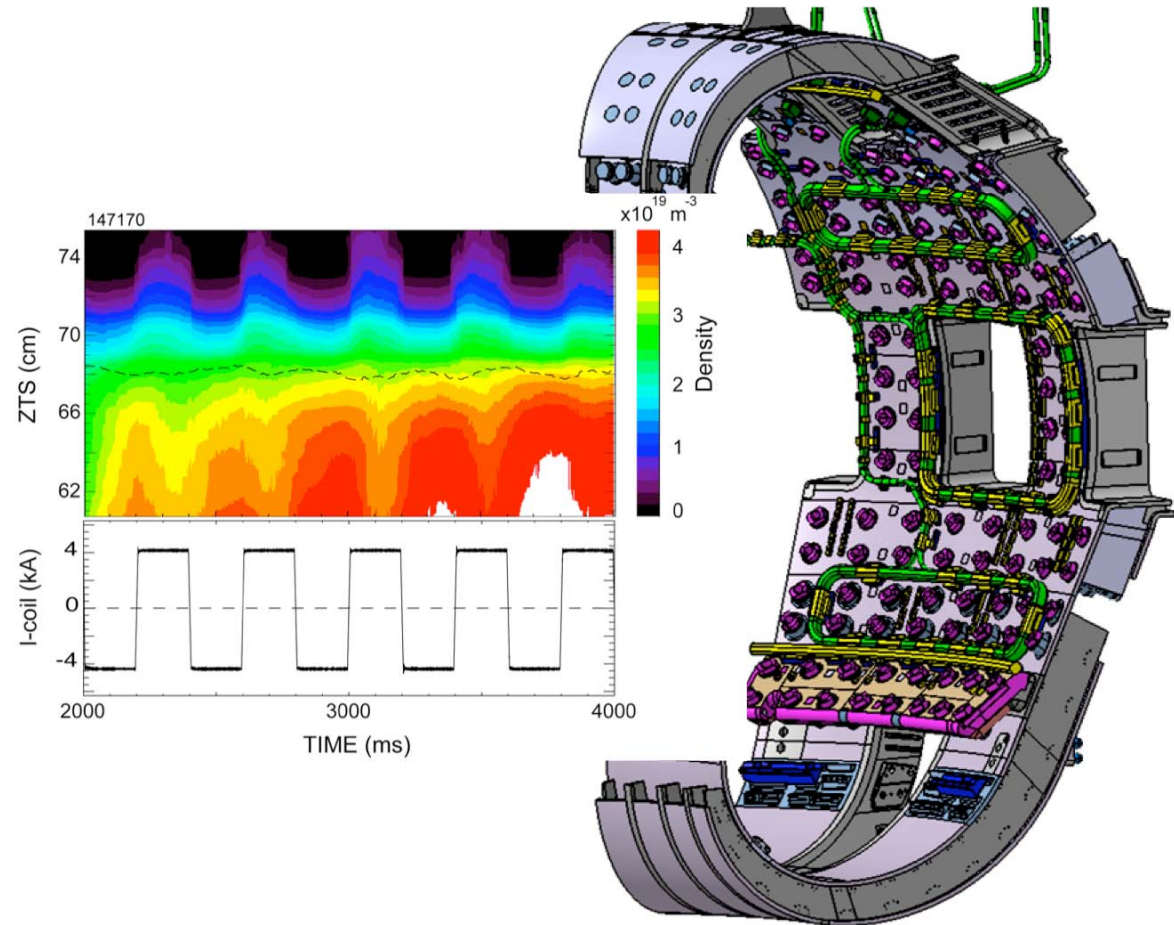


Plasma Response and Transport Effects During RMP Experiments in DIII-D

by
M.R. Wade for the DIII-D
ELM Control Task Force

Presented at the
53rd Annual Meeting
Of the APS Division of
Plasma Physics
Salt Lake City, Utah

November 14–18, 2011

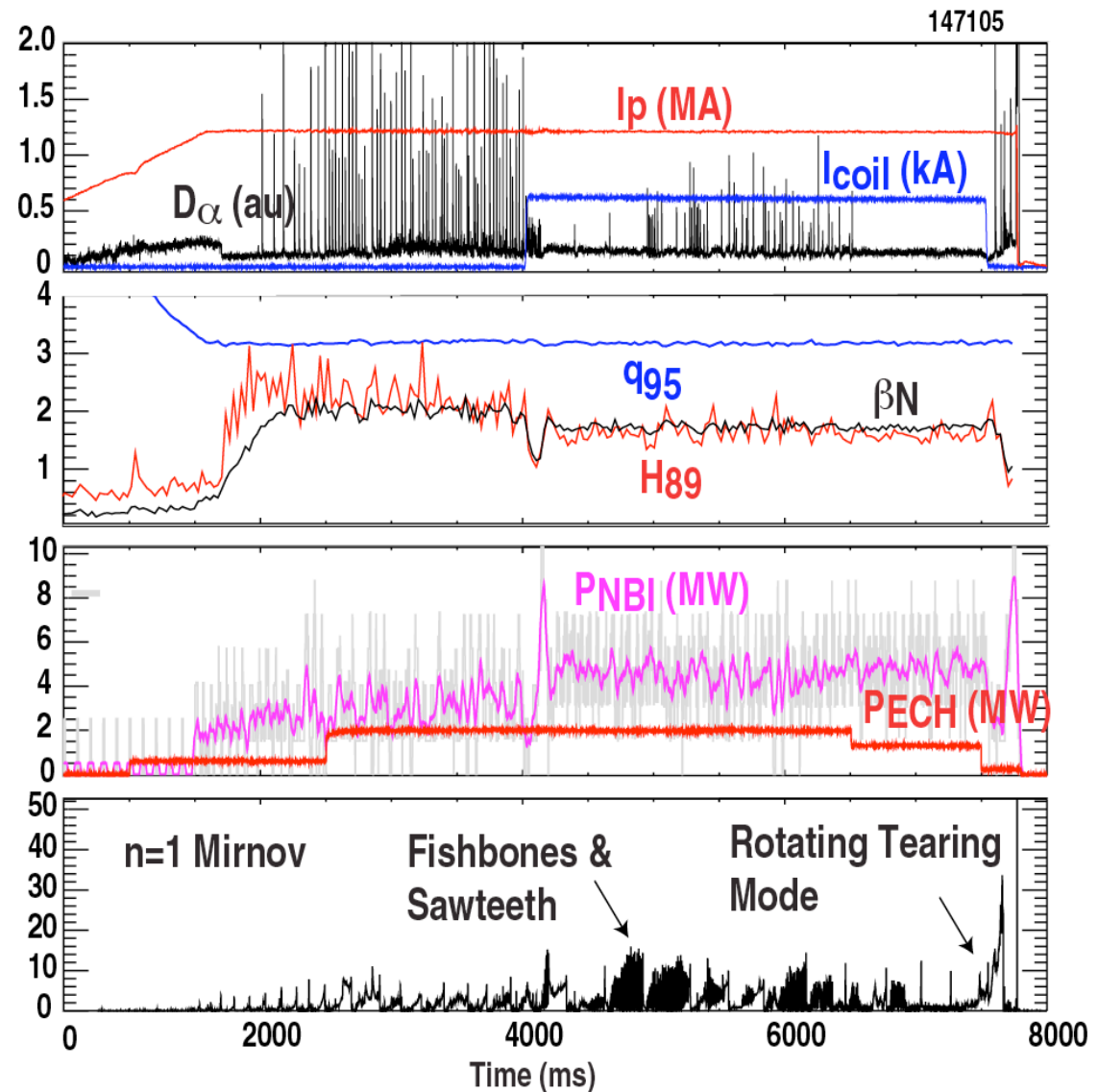
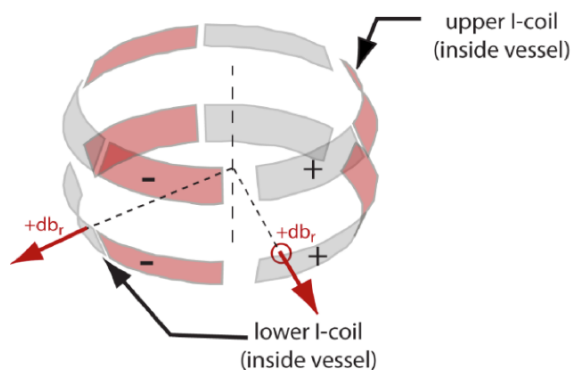


Significant Progress Made in Extending RMP ELM Suppression Operating Window and Physics Understanding

- **RMP ELM suppression extended to**
 - Single-row $n=3$ ELM Suppression to $q_{95} = 3.15$
 - *Demonstrated ELM Suppression in ITER Baseline Scenario*
 - $n=2$ ELM suppression
 - Near double null
 - Lower applied NBI torque
- **Physics understanding of processes leading to ELM suppression is emerging**
 - Edge plasma response consistent with RMP-induced island near pedestal top impeding further widening of pedestal such that peeling-ballooning instability not encountered

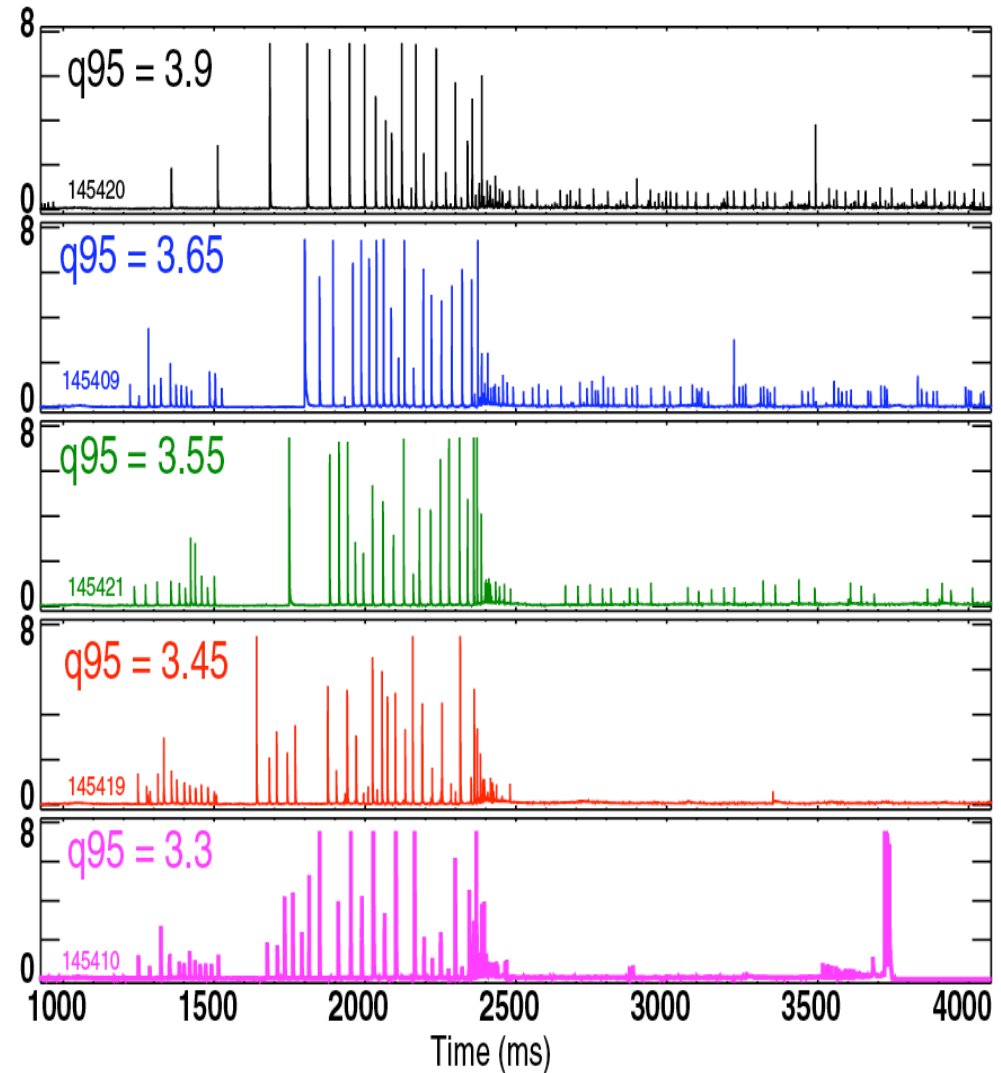
ELM Suppression Demonstrated in ITER Baseline Scenario ($q_{95} = 3.15$)

- ITER Shape, $\beta_N = 1.8$, $H_{89} = 1.8$
- Sustained for >1 s limited by
 - Transients due to internal $m=1/n=1$ MHD
 - Duration of ECCD for tearing mode control
- Achieved with single row $n=3$ I-coil RMP (upper row only)

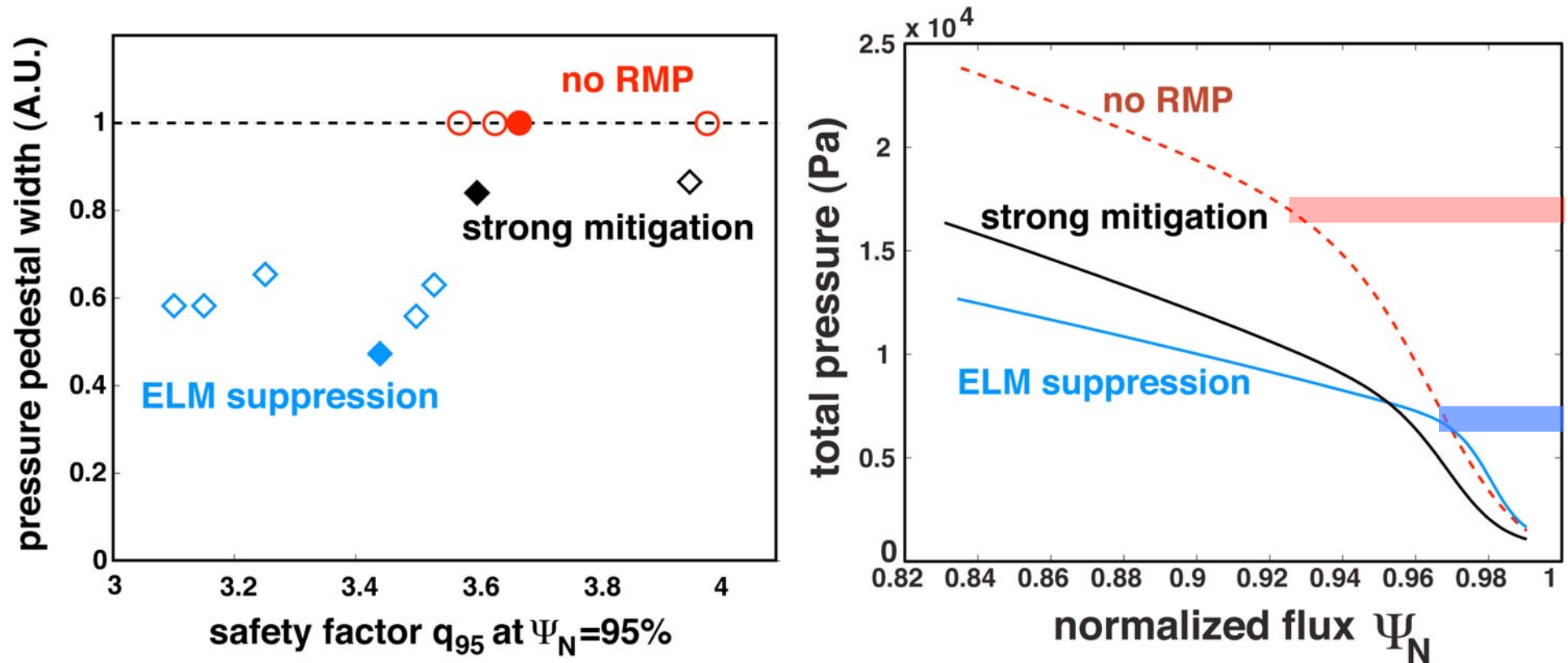


Recent Research Focused on Determining Physics Responsible for q_{95} Sensitivity

- Previous work showed narrow ELM Suppression window near $q_{95} = 3.5$
 - Confirmed in fine-scale q_{95} shot-to-shot scan
- Systematic reduction in ELM frequency as ELM Suppression window approached
- Also provided excellent documentation opportunity
 - High resolution edge data
 - Turbulence response



High Resolution Edge Measurements Reveal Strong Reduction in Pedestal *Width* in ELM Suppressed Cases

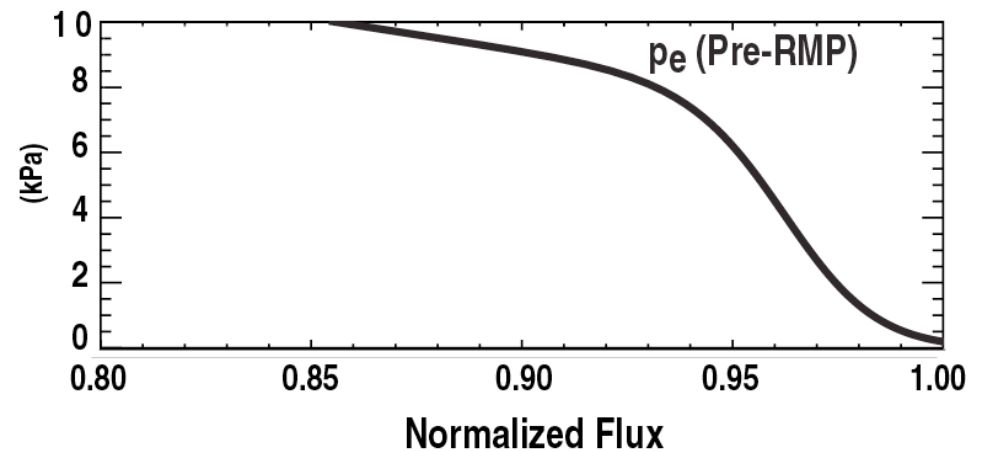


- Observed pedestal width consistent with EPED based model of ELM suppression
 - Critical width for suppression is $< \sim 3\%$, in agreement with EPED
- What is constraining pedestal width in ELM-suppressed cases?

Emerging Physics Picture: Island Formation Limits Further Expansion of Pedestal Width

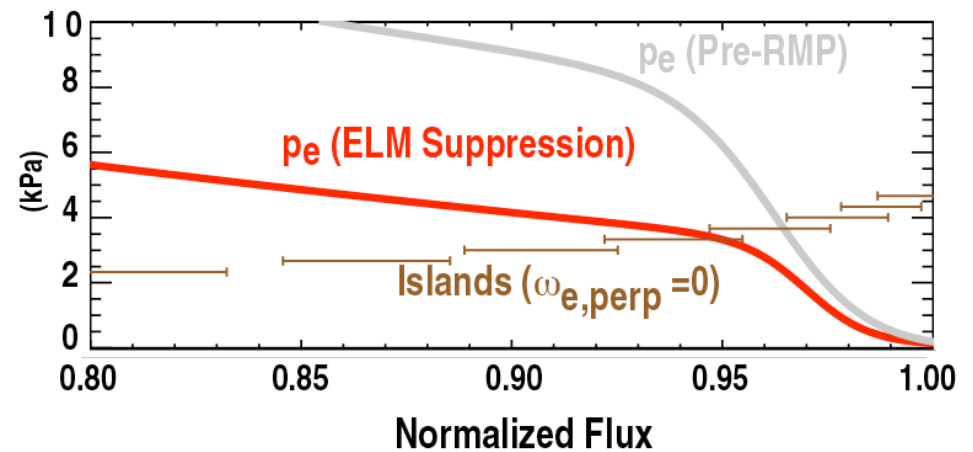
- Without RMP, pedestal width continues to expand until peeling-ballooning stability limit encountered

Snyder CI2.00005



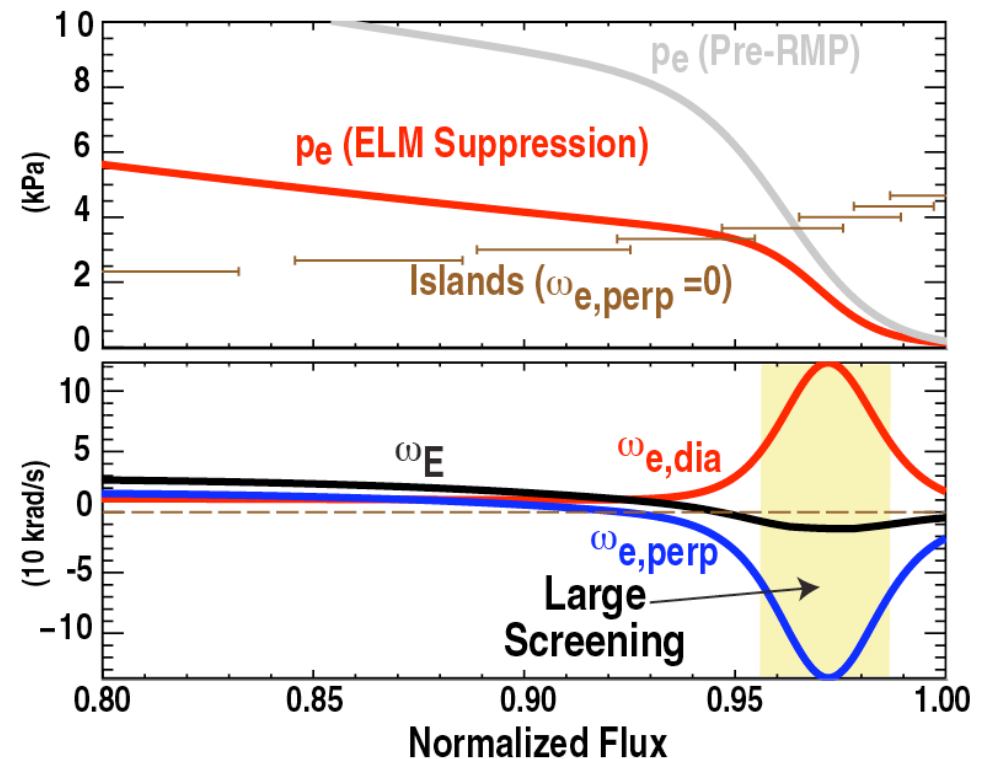
Emerging Physics Picture: Island Formation Limits Further Expansion of Pedestal Width

- In vacuum picture, RMP creates island chain over entire edge region
 - But, how does one reconcile sustainment of large gradient in pedestal region?



Emerging Physics Picture: Island Formation Limits Further Expansion of Pedestal Width

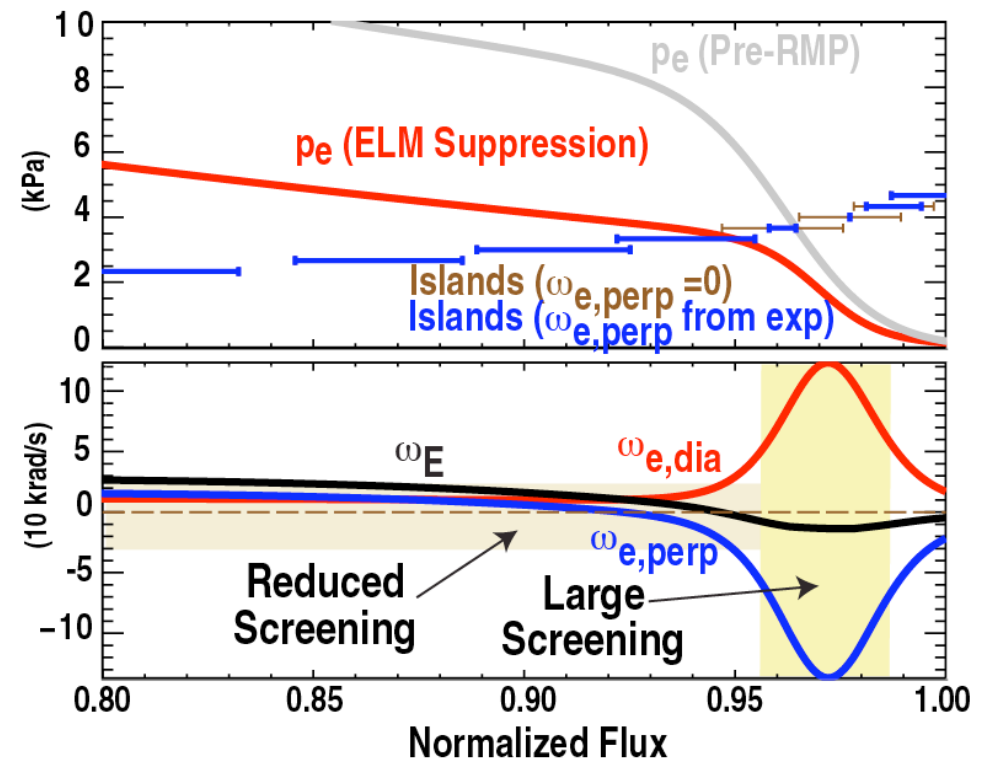
- Large pressure gradient region in edge also has large electron fluid rotation
 - $|\omega_{e,perp}| \gg 0$
- Theory predicts significant field screening in this region



Ferraro J12.00002

Emerging Physics Picture: Island Formation Limits Further Expansion of Pedestal Width

- Large pressure gradient region in edge also has large electron fluid rotation
 - $|\omega_{e,perp}| \gg 0$
- Theory predicts significant field screening in this region
 - Small (non-existent?) islands
- Conversely, $|\omega_{e,perp}| \sim 0$ just inside pedestal region
 - Island formation possible

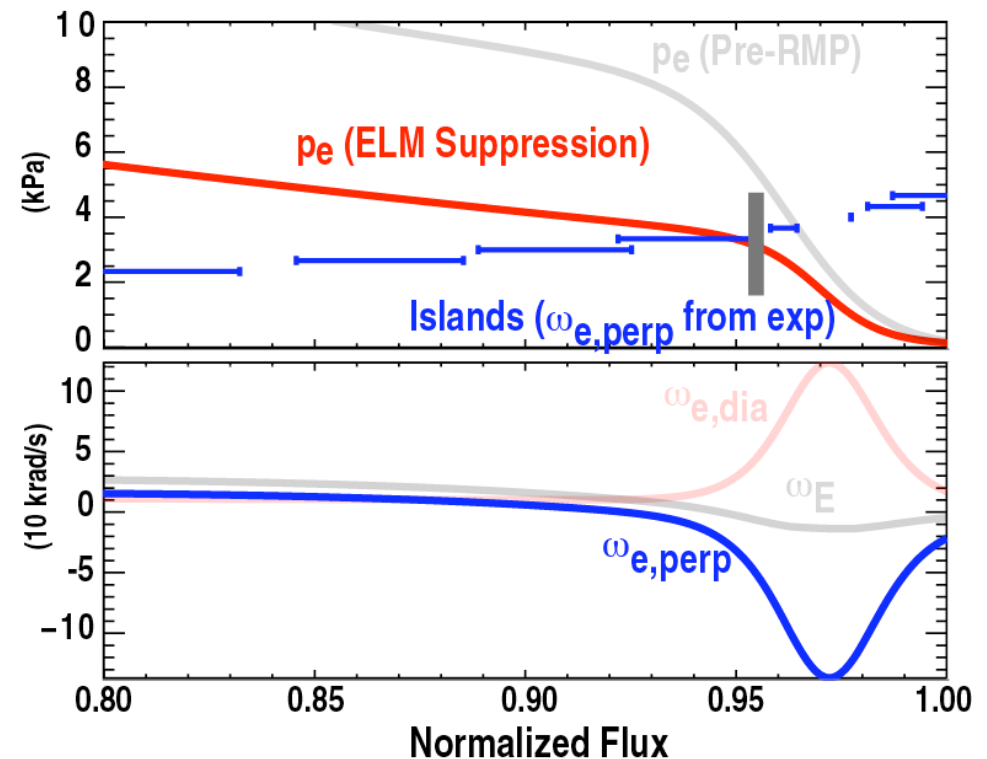


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Emerging Physics Picture: Island Formation Limits Further Expansion of Pedestal Width

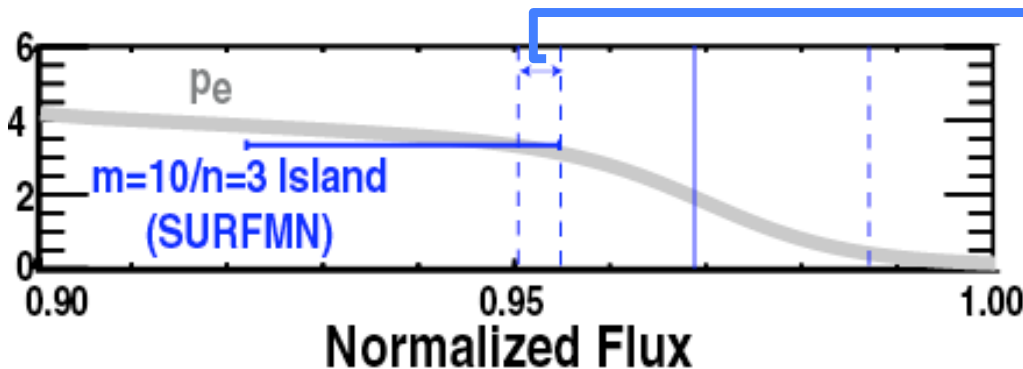
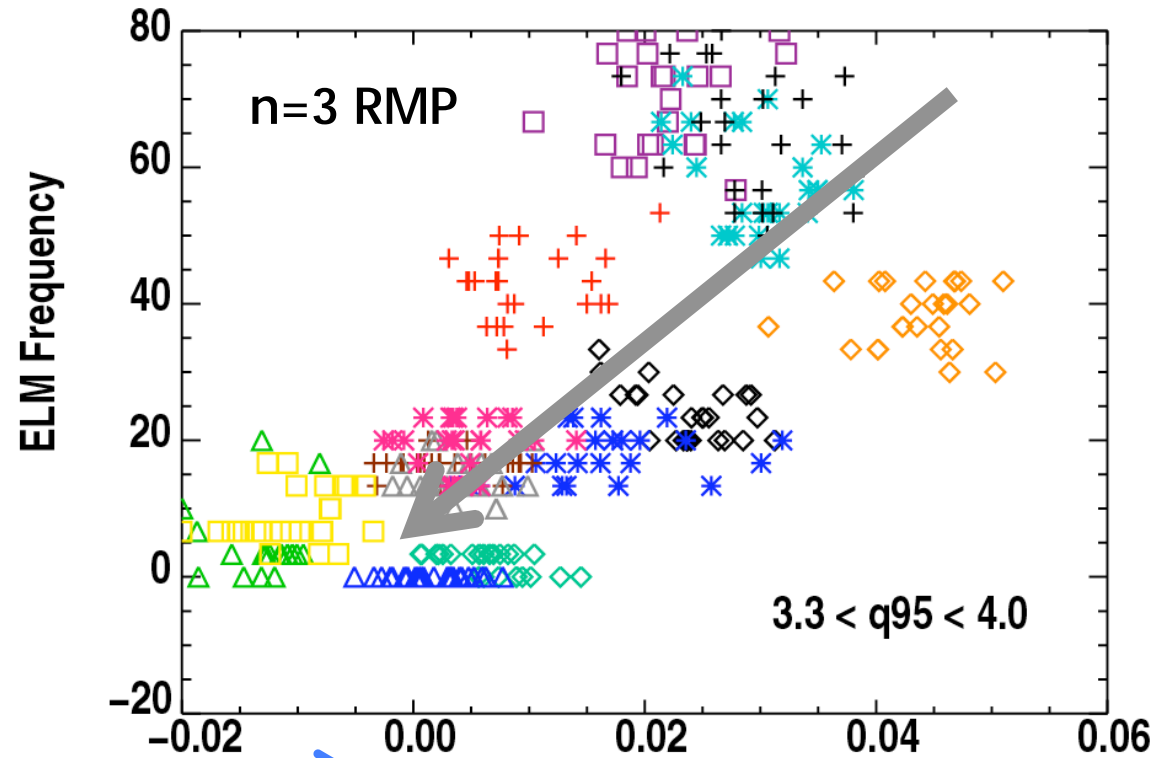
Working Hypothesis:

- 1) RMP induces island just inside top of pedestal
- 2) Island provides sufficient transport to prevent further expansion of pedestal width
→ Peeling-ballooning stability limit not encountered



Degree of ELM Mitigation Correlated with Alignment of Pedestal Top and Outer Extent of $m=10/n=3$ Island

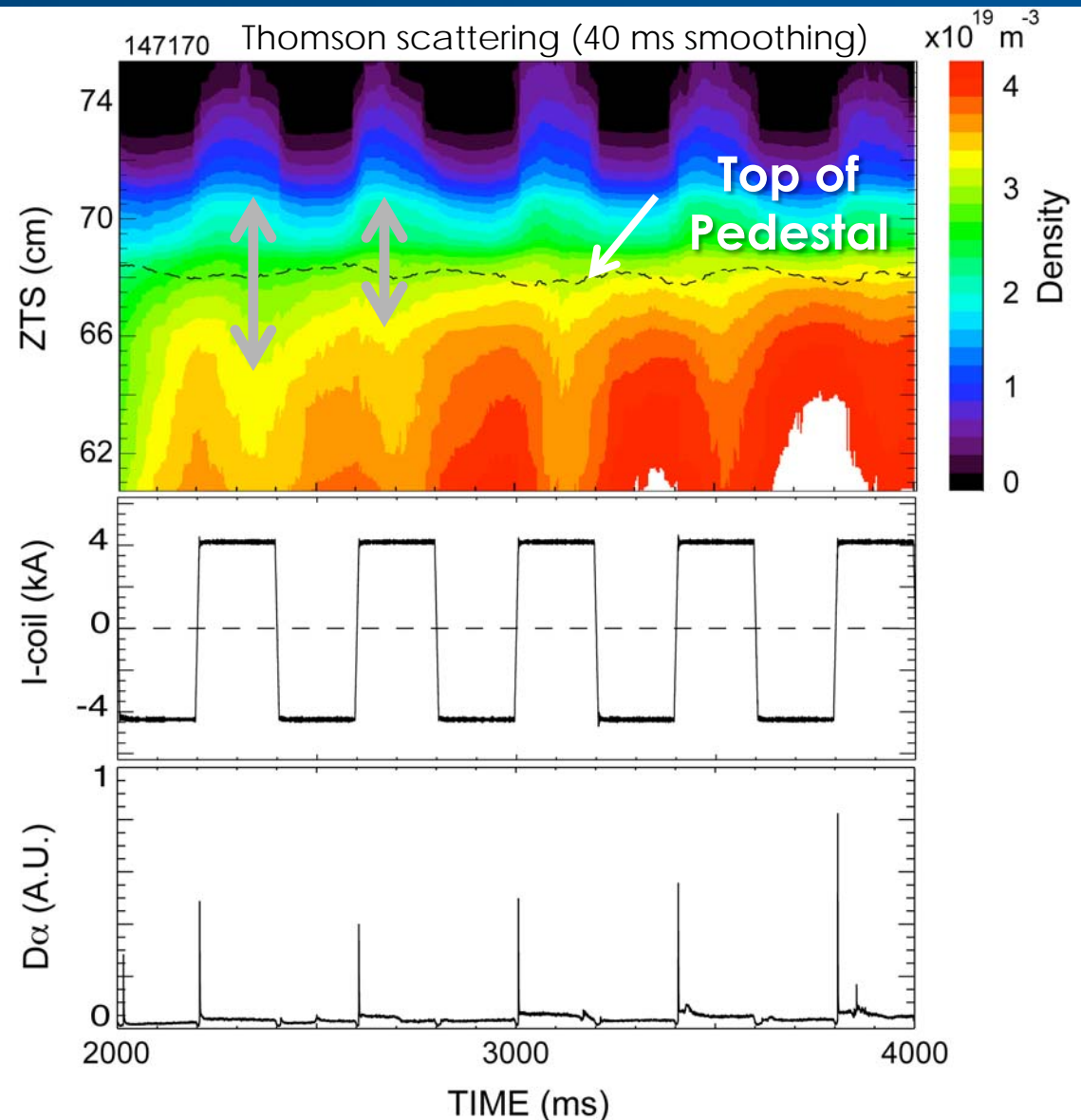
- Island location and widths based on SURFMN vacuum field analysis



$\Delta\psi_N$ from Pedestal Top to Outer Edge of Vacuum $m=10/n=3$ island

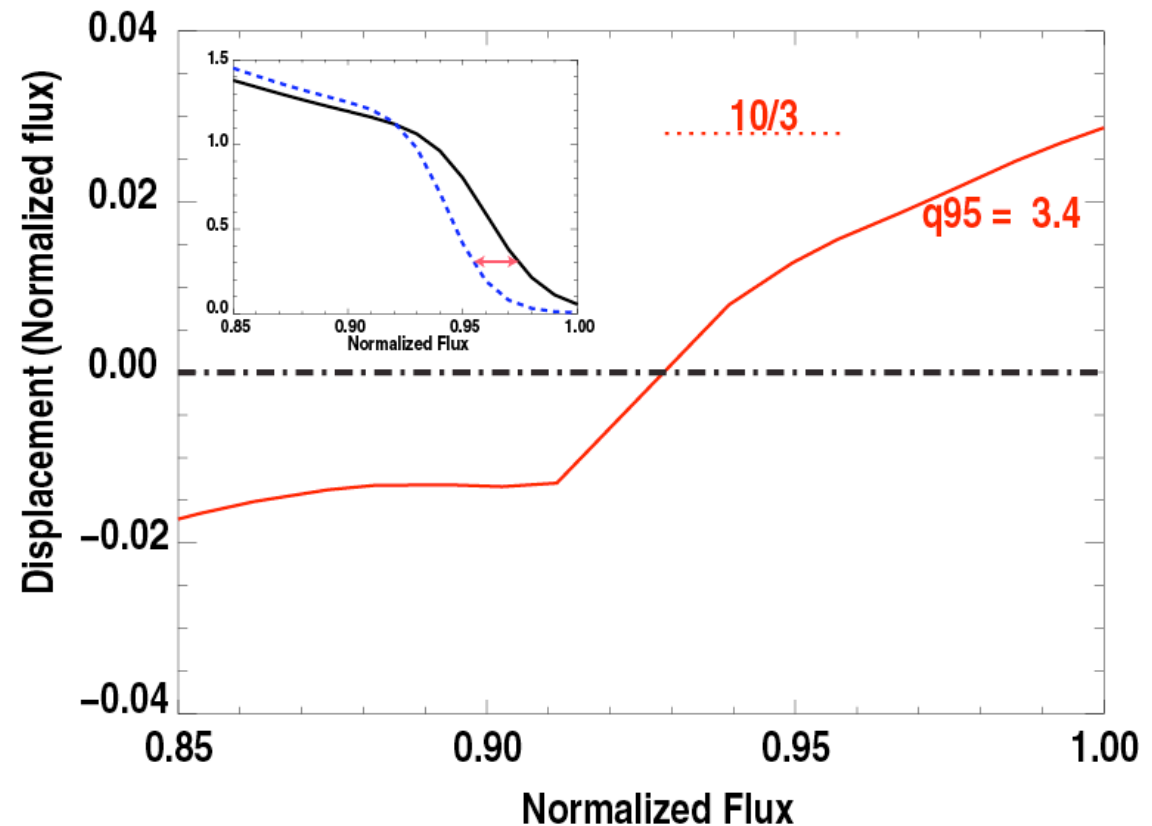
Island-Like Displacements Observed During $n=3$ RMP Toroidal Phase Shifts

- Toroidal phase of $n=3$ RMP switched by 60° every 200 ms
- Thomson scattering density contours separate only in 0° phase
 - Evidence for island formation??
- ELM suppression sustained except during RMP phase shift



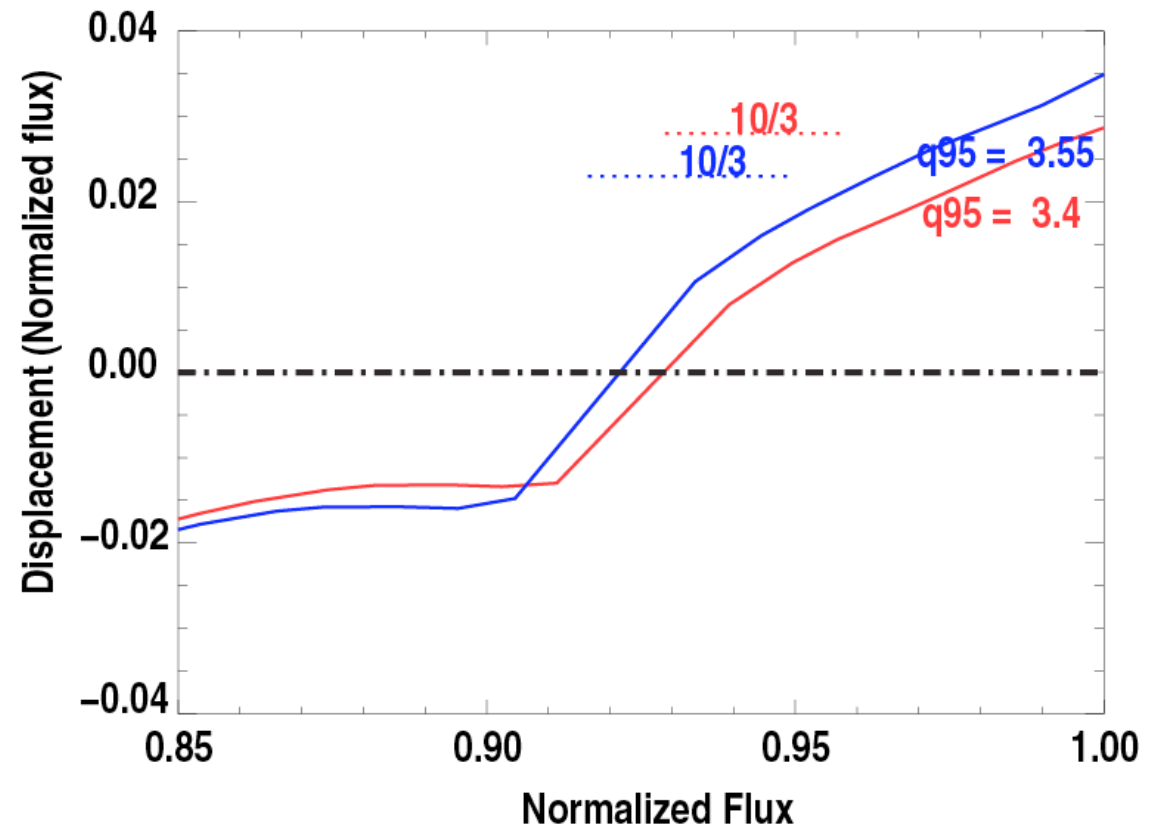
Edge Temperature Phase Inversion Layer Correlated with Computed $m=10/n=3$ Island Location

- Displacement between 0° and 60° phasing of $n=3$ RMP
- Phase inversion occurs near calculated location of $m=10/n=3$ island
- Size of displacement is comparable to computed island size ($\Delta\psi_N \sim 0.02$)



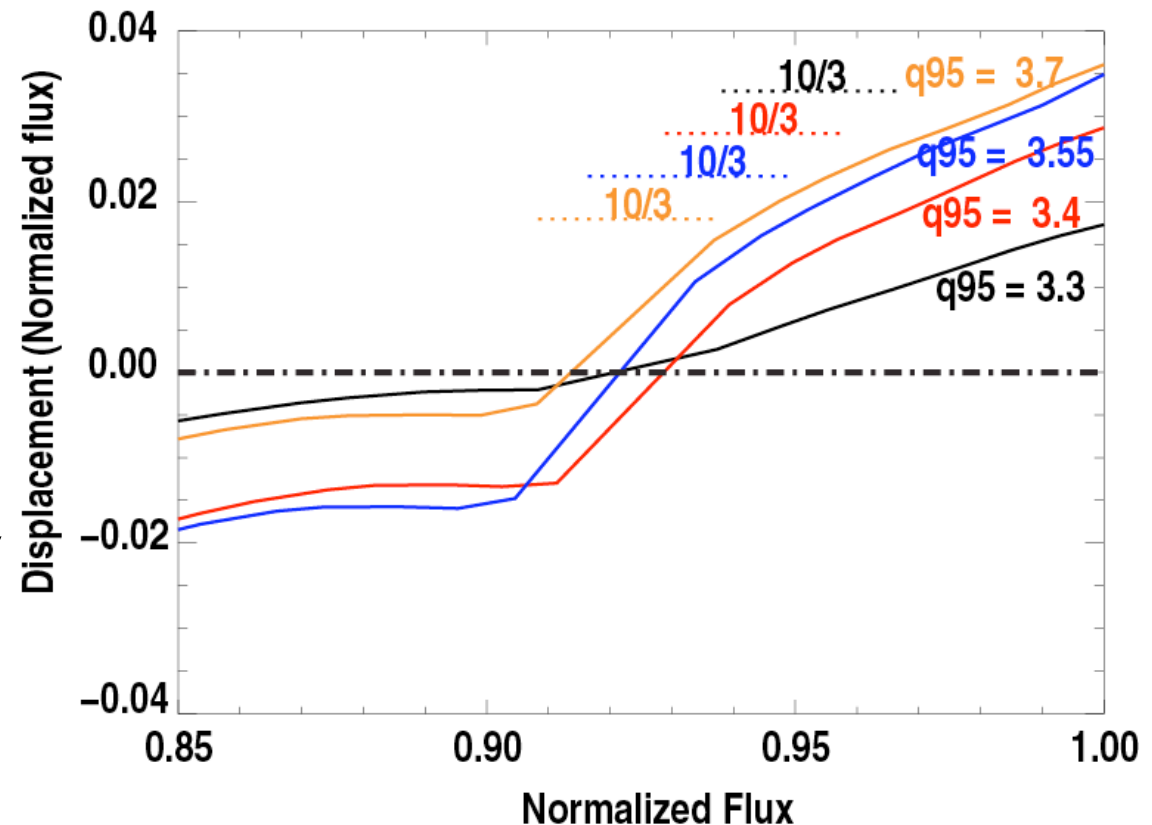
Edge Temperature Phase Inversion Layer Correlated with Computed $m=10/n=3$ Island Location

- Inversion layer moves progressively inward as q_{95} increases
 - Consistent with movement of $m=10/n=3$ island location



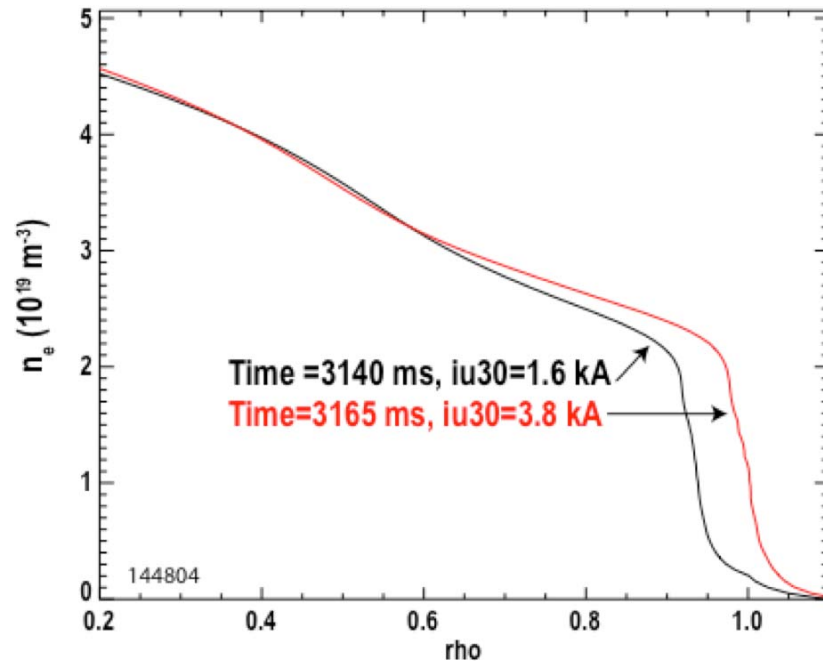
Edge Temperature Phase Inversion Layer Correlated with Computed $m=10/n=3$ Island Location

- Location of phase change moves progressively inward as q_{95} increases
- Outside of suppression window, displacement becomes more “kink-like”

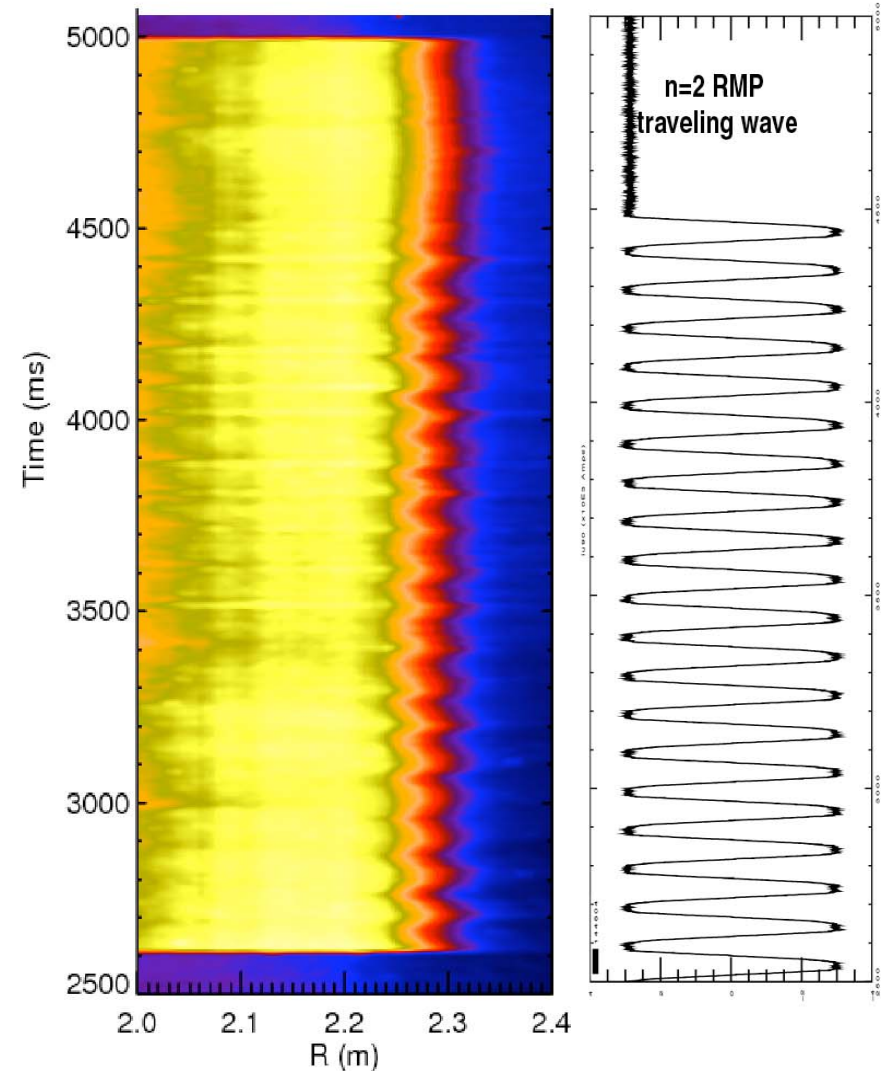


Observed Displacement Is Kink-Like When Applying n=2 Rotating RMP

Reflectometer Density Profile



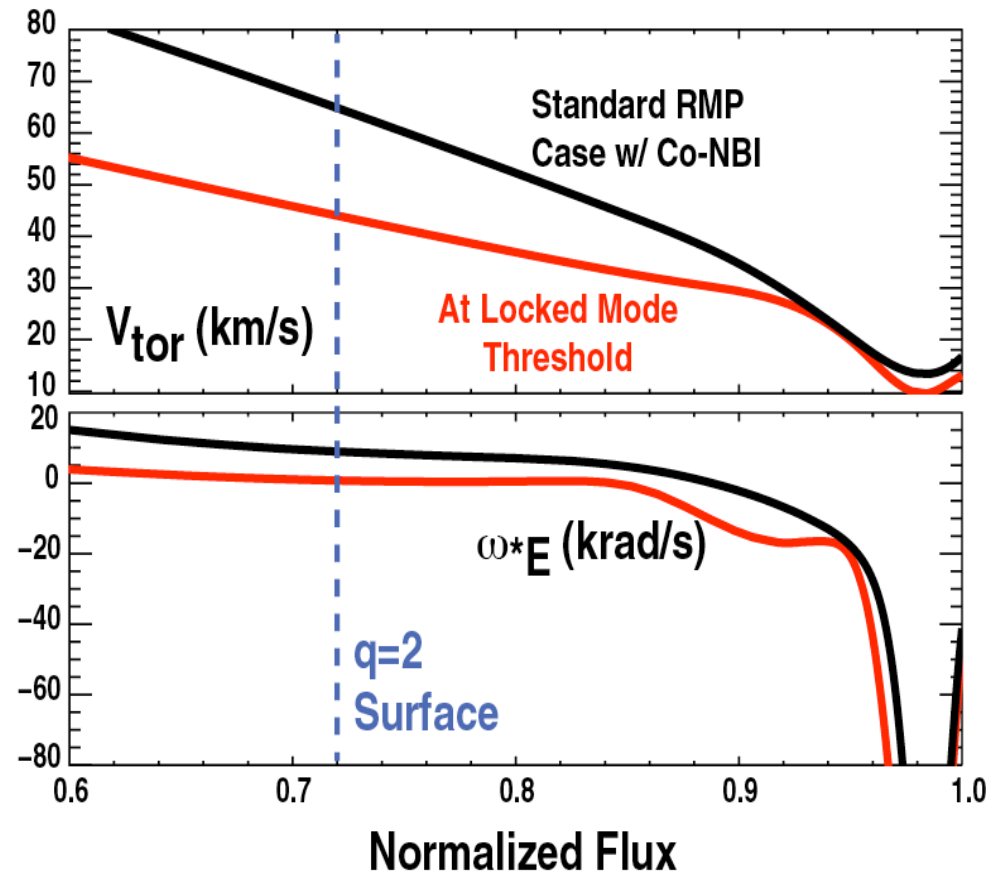
(BES using Fast Camera)



- ELM suppression not obtained with n=2 rotating RMP
 - Further evidence of importance of island-like displacement in n=3 cases

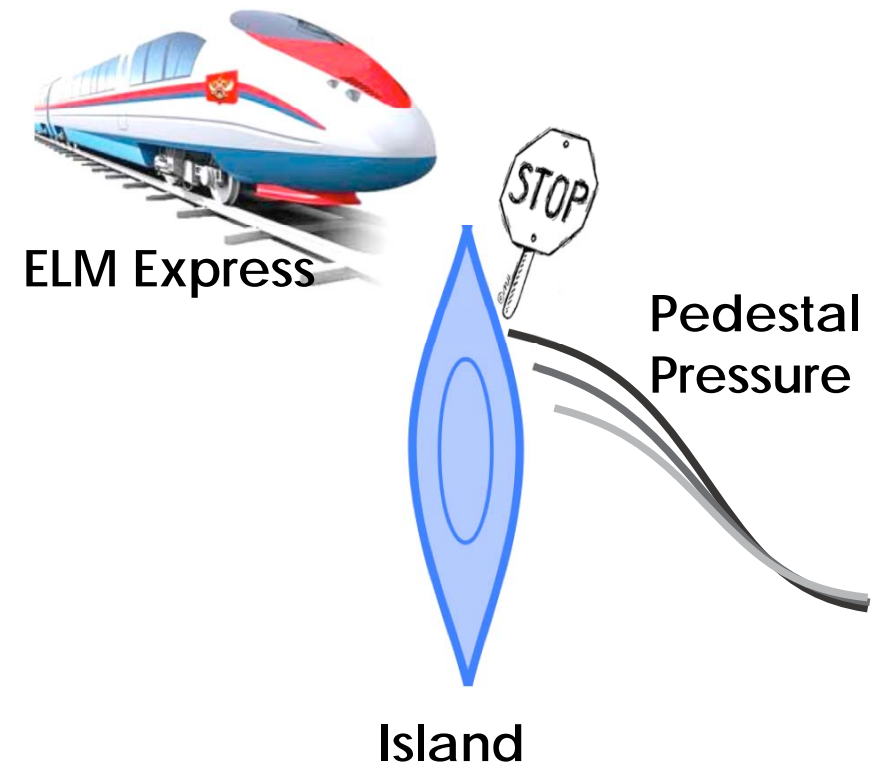
Window Between ELM Suppression and Locked Mode Onset Determined By Details of $\omega_{\text{perp},e}$ Profile

- While low $\omega_{\text{perp},e} \sim 0$ just inside pedestal is desired for ELM suppression, ...
- ... $\omega_{\text{perp},e} \sim 0$ in core increases susceptibility to locked modes due to applied 3D fields
 - May explain locked mode susceptibility in $n=2$ RMP cases
- **RMP localized to pedestal region is highly desired**
 - $n=4$ capability on ITER will reduce impact on core



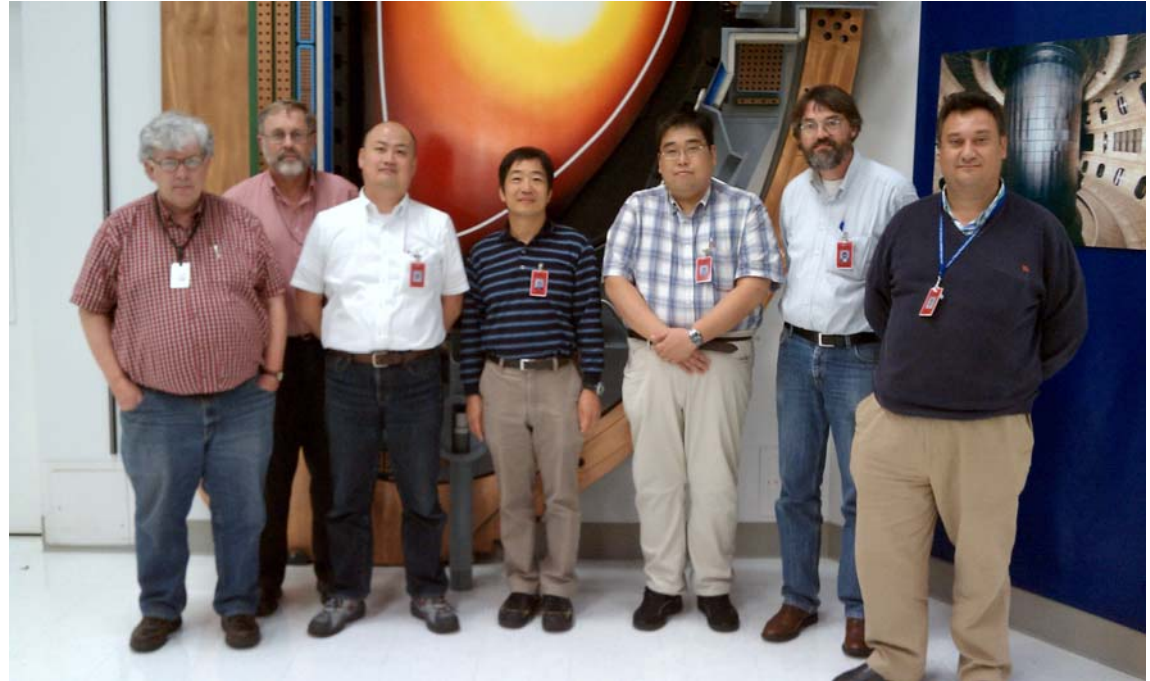
Significant Progress Has Been Made In Improving the Physics Basis for RMP ELM Suppression in ITER

- **Observations consistent with hypothesis that**
 - RMP induces island near top of pedestal
 - Transport from island impedes further widening of the pedestal
 - Peeling-ballooning stability maintained



We Appreciate the Efforts of the ITER IO and Our International Collaborators in this Research

Collaborators from ITER IO, ASDEX-Upgrade, KSTAR, and LHD



- Also see S. Mordjick invited talk CI2.00002 and L. Zeng contributed talk GO4.00007
- More detail on this talk and other work can be found at the DIII-D Poster Session on Thursday afternoon