## Comparison of ELM Control Using One versus Two Rows of RMP Coils in DIII-D

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# Controlling ELMs is a critical issue for ITER Due to Divertor Erosion



 Type-I ELMs in ITER > 0.5 MJ/m<sup>2</sup> could potentially limit the divertor and first wall lifetime

- Requires 20x reduction in ELM size with minimum pedestal degradation



#### ELM Suppression Achieved With Two Rows of Off-Midplane I-Coils and With a Single I-coil Row at Higher Coil Current



- ELM suppression achieved with similar pedestal perturbation strength using n=3 RMPs from one or two toroidal I-coil rows
  - Required coil current ~50% higher in single row case
  - Consistent with coil geometry effect on the RMP spectrum
- No suppression with n=3 C-coil at similar pedestal perturbation
- ELM suppression with DIII-D RMP coils supports ITER design

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## ELM Suppression With Two Coil Rows Optimized For Pitch Resonance of RMP With Field Lines --> q<sub>95</sub> Window



- Multiple resonance windows consistent with pitch alignment
- Suppression window
  increased with I-coil current
  - Suppression for ∆q<sub>95</sub>
    = 0.30 at 3 kAt
  - Suppression for ∆q<sub>95</sub>
    = 0.50 at 4 kAt

Suppression window also increased with n=1 C-coil current plus n=3 I-coils



#### For Resonant q95, Vacuum Island Calculations Suggest Remnant Islands Adjacent to Stochastic Region



- Stochastic region from q~3 surface outward
- Remnant islands at q=8/3, 5/2, 7/3 surfaces may be weakly coupled
- Interface region  $0.80 < \Psi_N < 0.85$



## Current Scan With Both I-coils Provides Variation in Width Of Stochastic Region in ELMing and ELM Suppressed Periods



- Database of ELM size vs stochastic region width,  $\Delta_{Chir>1}$ 
  - Vacuum ∆<sub>Chir>1</sub>
    from kinetic EFITs
  - I-coil current scan
    provides
    Δ<sub>Chir>1</sub>scan
  - Multi-ELM sampling during pedestal evolution after I-coil turn-on



## Correlation of Maximum ELM Size With D<sub>Chir>1</sub>Provided Guidance For Scaling Up DIII-D Results to ITER Design



- Maximum ELM size decreases with overlap region width to  $\Delta_{Chir>1} = 0.16$
- 10x decrease in maximum ELM size at q<sub>95</sub>=3.6 for Δ<sub>Chir>1</sub> > 0.165
- No detectable ELMs for ∆<sub>Chir>1</sub> > 0.2
- ITER coil design at 60 kAt achieves

∆<sub>Chir>1</sub> ≥ 0.165



M.E Fenstermacher et al., PoP, 15, 056122 (2008)

#### Set of Discharges From Comparison of One vs Two Coil Rows Provides Dataset To Test Overlap Width Guidance



- ELM suppression with single I-coil row required ~50% more coil current
- New database of island overlap widths includes
  - Upper I-coil row alone at two coil currents
  - Lower I-coil row alone
  - Both I-coil rows at two coil currents
  - C-coil n=3 RMP
    - Not much change in ELMs



#### ELMs During n=3 C-coil RMP Consistent With Stochastic Region Width Ordering





M.E Fenstermacher *et al.*, J. Nucl. Mater, 2008 in press (May 2009)

## Key Differences in Spectra of Resonant and Non-Resonant Components Point To Optimum For ITER



- Two internal, off-midplane, small aperture rows give localized edge resonance
- Single internal row at higher current gives resonance deeper into core
- External, large aperture row at same pedestal perturbation gives very large non-resonant components



M.E Fenstermacher et al., Nuc. Fus. 48, 122001 (2008)

## Power Step Timing Experiment Shows RMP ELM Suppression Sensitive to Beta



- Identical I-coil current
- Power step delay changes timing of ELM suppression
  - n<sub>e</sub><sup>ped</sup> and D<sub>Chir>1</sub>
    nearly constant at
    ELM suppression
    time
- Suppression and return of ELMs correlated with beta threshold
  - P<sub>inj</sub> and T<sub>inj</sub> do not correlate with ELM behavior

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## Conclusions: DIII-D RMP ELM Suppression Results Support Multi-Row, Internal, Off-Midplane ITER Coil Design Choices

- ELM suppression using a single-row of internal, small aperture, off-midplane RMP coils
  - Correlated with stochastic region width
  - Requires ~ 50% more current per coil consistent with coil geometry
  - Requires more NBI power and/or co-torque - beta dependence
  - Appears to be less robust to core fueling pellets and reduced input torque
- No suppression with RMP from an external, large aperture, on-midplane coil at the same pedestal perturbation strength
  - Locked modes before any ELM change







## Some of the Other RMP ELM Control Presentations At This Meeting

- Weds pm Oral Contributed: Moyer PO3.00002 Particle Transport in RMP H-modes
- Tues pm Poster Session JP6: Related papers
  - Baylor JP6.00077 : ELMs Triggered From Deuterium Pellets Injected into DIII-D
  - Evans JP6.00070 : Spectral Effects on Plasma Performance in ITER Similar DIII-D RMP H-modes
  - Frerichs JP6.00073 : 3D Simulations of Edge Transport for RMP Experiments at DIII-D
  - Mordijck JP6.00074 : Comparisons of ELMing and RMP H-mode Transport Results from a 2D Fluid Code and Theoretical Models
  - Osborne JP6.00070: Edge MHD Stability of Co-injected QH-mode Discharges in DIII-D
  - Schaffer JP6.00076: ELM Control Coils for ITER
  - O. Schmitz JP6.00069 : Resonant Character of Edge Plasma Parameters in Stochastic Boundary Experiments at DIII-D and TEXTOR
  - Z. Unterberg JP6.00071 : Global Particle Balances and Wall Recycling Changes During the RMP Induced Density Pump-out in DIII-D H-mode Plasmas

#### - Watkins JP6.00072 : Target Plate Particle and Power Flux During ELM Suppression Experiments on DIII-D

 Zeng JP6.00075 : Effect of Resonant Magnetic Perturbations (RMPs) on Local Density Decay During Pellet Injection in DIII-D

#### Mon am and Thurs pm Poster Session BP6 and UP6: Related papers

- Strauss BP6.00045 : Extended MHD Effects on RMPs and ELMs
- Kruger BP6.00043: Anisotropic Heat Transport in the Presence of Resonant Magnetic Perturbations
- Joseph UP6.00119 : Control of edge localized modes through toroidally asymmetric scrape-off layer current perturbations

G. Park

UP6.00133 : MHD-consistent Kinetic XGC0 study of 3D RMP effect on edge pedestal transport

