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Development of State-Space Model-Based Kalman Filter for $n \ge 1$ Resistive Wall Mode (RWM),* Y. In, J.S. Kim, J. Kim, FAR-TECH. Inc., D.A. Humphreys, G.L. Jackson, R.D. Johnson, R.J. La Haye, E.J. Strait, M.L. Walker, GA; A.M. Garofalo, H. Reimerdes, Columbia U., M. Okabayashi, PPPL; E. Schuster, Lehigh U. – While significant progress has been made for n=1 RWM identification and control, it is now predicted that n>1 RWMs could appear even after the n=1 RWM is suppressed. Algorithm development, as well as diagnostic capability enhancement, is being done in order to identify the n=2 or 3 RWMs in the presence of a stabilized n=1 RWM for DIII-D. Specifically, taking advantage of the successful development of Kalman filter to discriminate ELM noise from an n=1 RWM [1], a more advanced Kalman filter is being developed to detect both n=1 and n>1 RWMs. Noise characterization and modeling is deemed critical to determine the optimized Kalman gain. This multi-mode state-space model will also serve as a basis to design a model-based RWM feedback controller.

[1] Y. In et al., Phys. Plasmas 13, 062512 (2006).

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