

# Magnetic Fluctuations Associated with Electrostatic Drift-Wave Turbulence

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***Helimak***

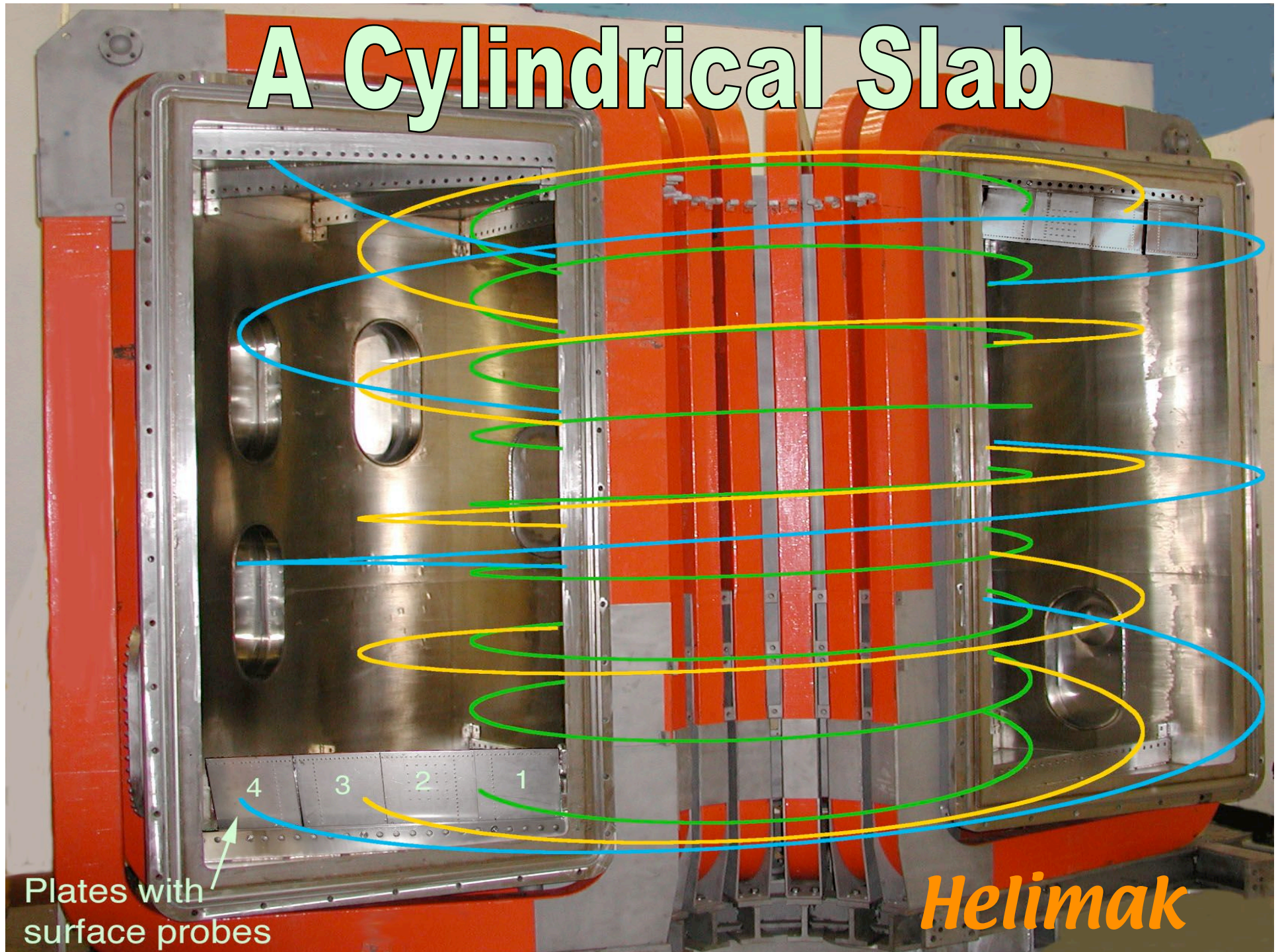


# Outline

- The Helimak exhibits classic drift-wave turbulence in the region of density gradient with unfavorable magnetic curvature,  $\beta < 10^{-4}$
- Despite electrostatic physics, magnetic fluctuations are associated with the drift-wave turbulence
- These (weak) fluctuations should be a good test of  $j_{\parallel}$  in the drift-wave model



# A Cylindrical Slab



Plates with  
surface probes

*Helimak*



# Helimak Dimensions and Parameters

## A Sheared Cylindrical Slab

$$\langle R \rangle = 1.1 \text{ m}$$

$$\Delta R = 1 \text{ m}$$

$$h = 2 \text{ m}$$

$$B_T = 0.1 \text{ T}$$

$$B_v \leq 0.01 \text{ T}$$

$$\text{Pulse} \leq 60 \text{ s}$$

Plasma source and heating: 6 kW ECH @ 2.45 GHz

$$n \leq 10^{11} \text{ cm}^{-3} \quad T_e \sim 10 \text{ eV} \quad \beta \sim 3 \times 10^{-5}$$

Helium, neon, argon, xenon

$$c_s = 3 \times 10^4 \text{ m/s (Argon)} \quad V_{\text{drift}} = 100 \text{ m/s} \quad V_{\text{diamagnetic}} = 10^3 \text{ m/s}$$

$$V_{\text{drift-wave}} \sim 1 \text{ kHz}$$

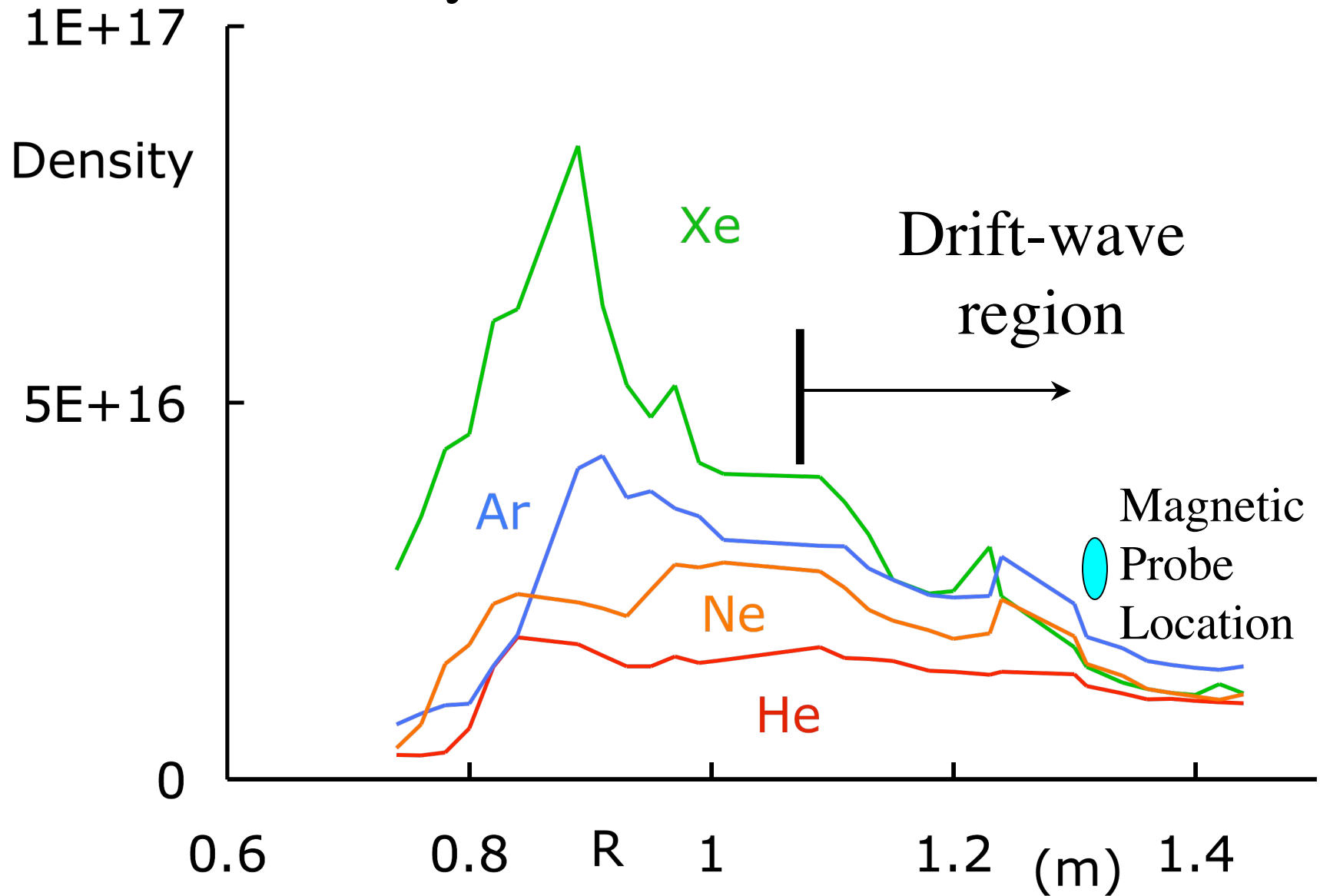
Connection length:  $10 \text{ m} < L < 1000 \text{ m}$   $\tau_p$  (parallel loss)  $> 1 \text{ ms}$

Probe arrays in end plates provide vertical and full radial profiles

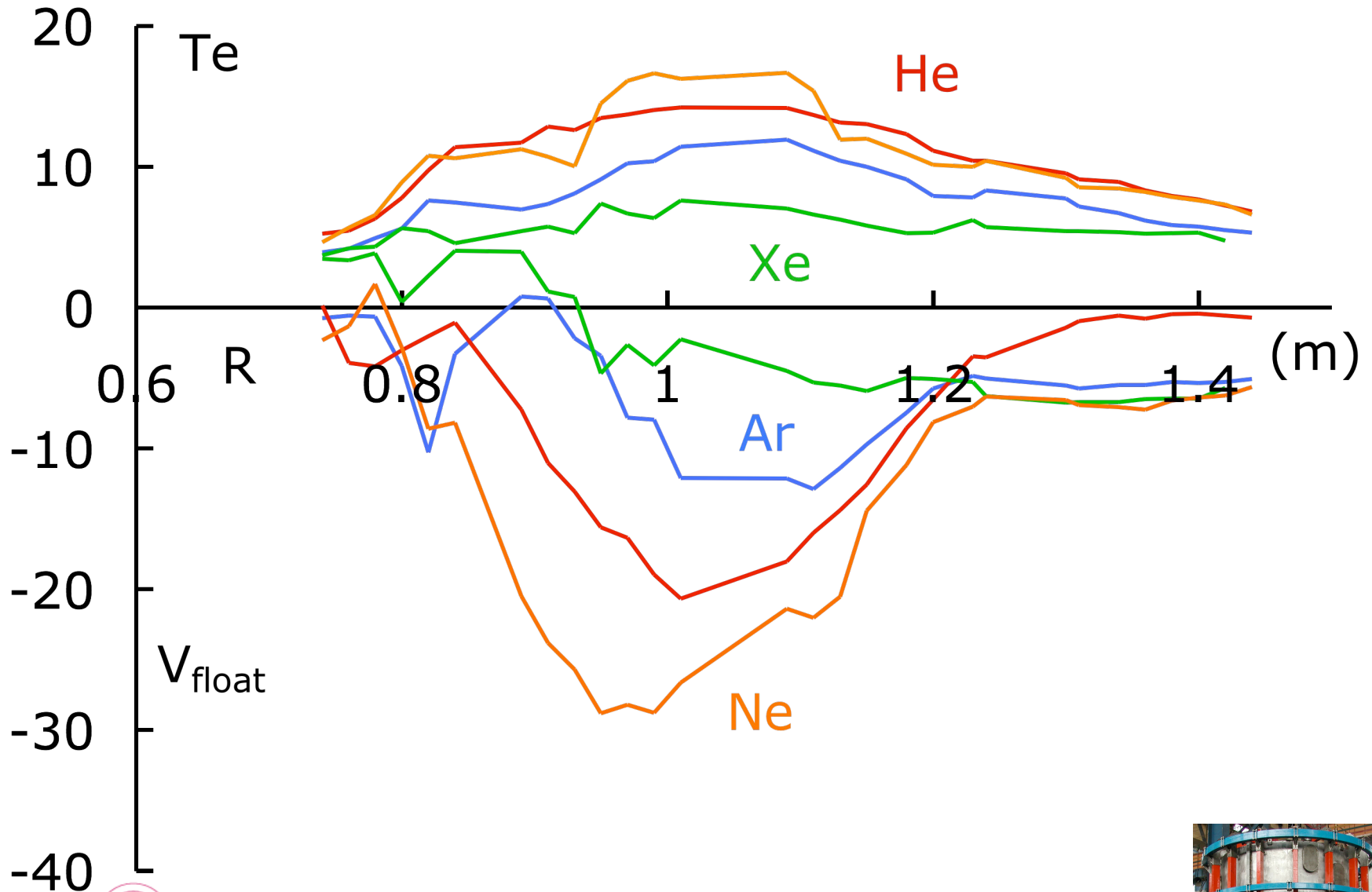
Isolated end plates may apply radial electric fields:  $V_p \leq \pm 100 \text{ Volts}$

# Helimak Plasma

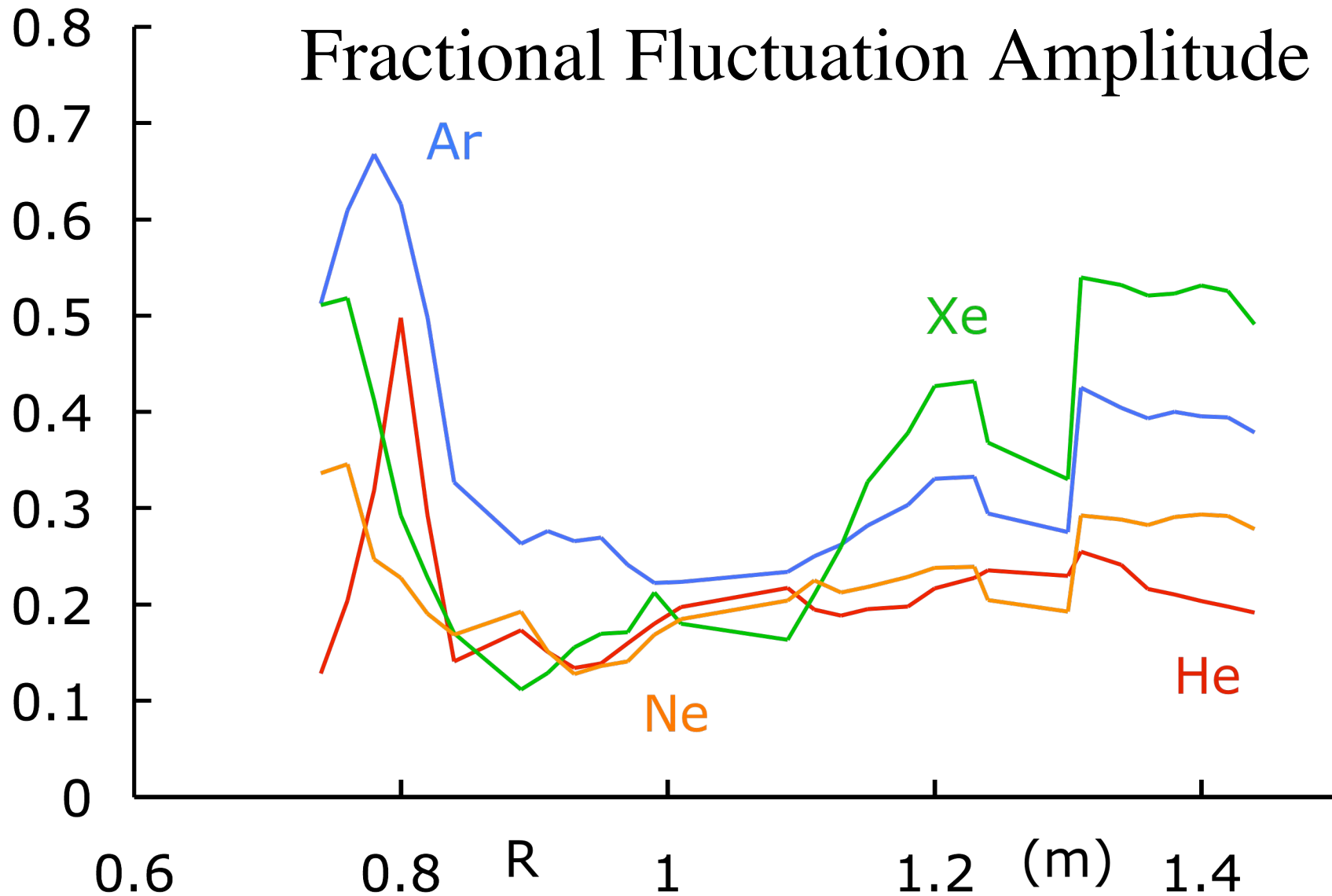
# Density Profiles for various Gases



# Typical Temperature and Floating Potential Profiles

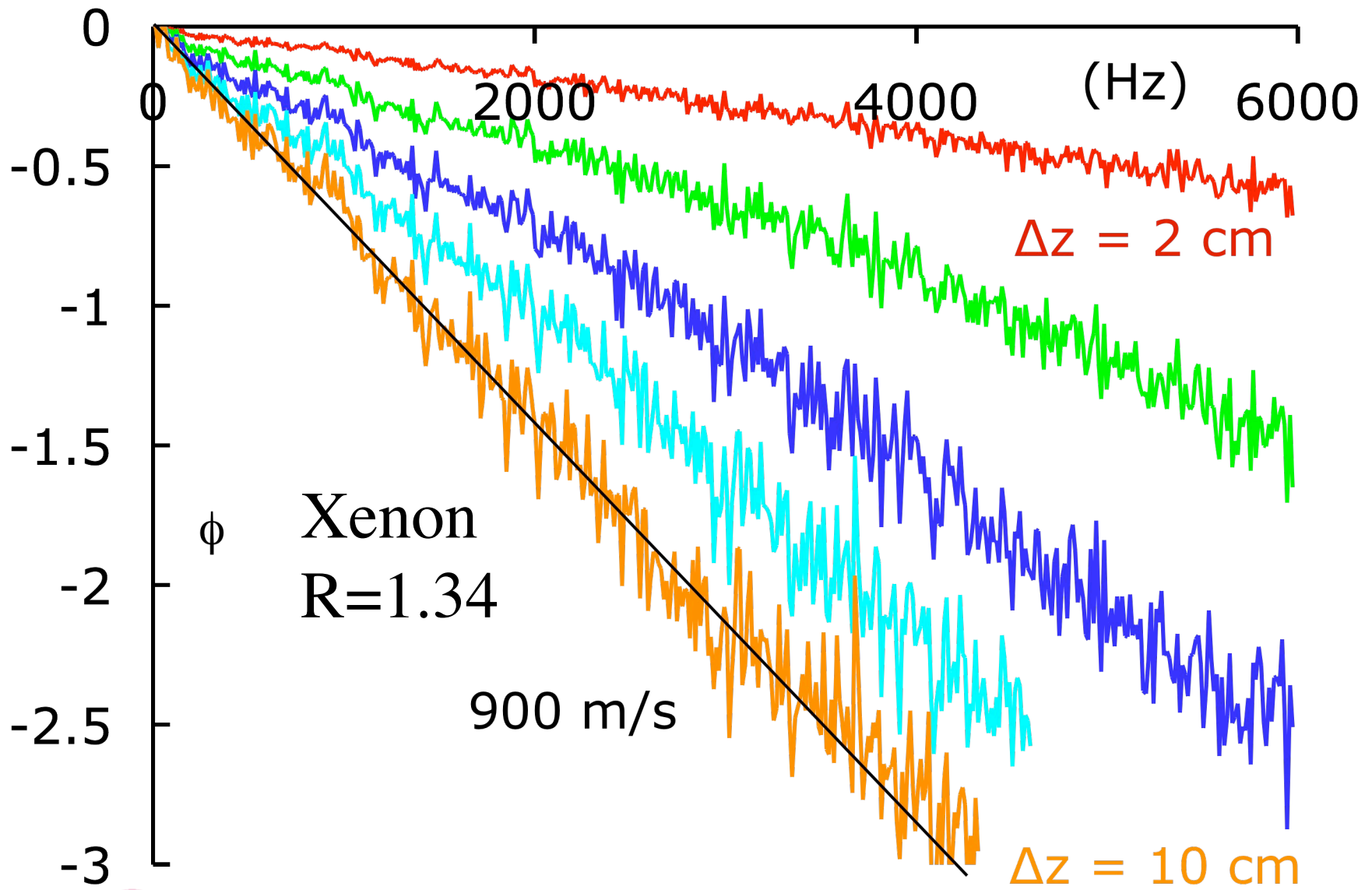


# Radial Profiles of Fractional Fluctuation Amplitude





# Cross-Phase between probes with various $\Delta z$



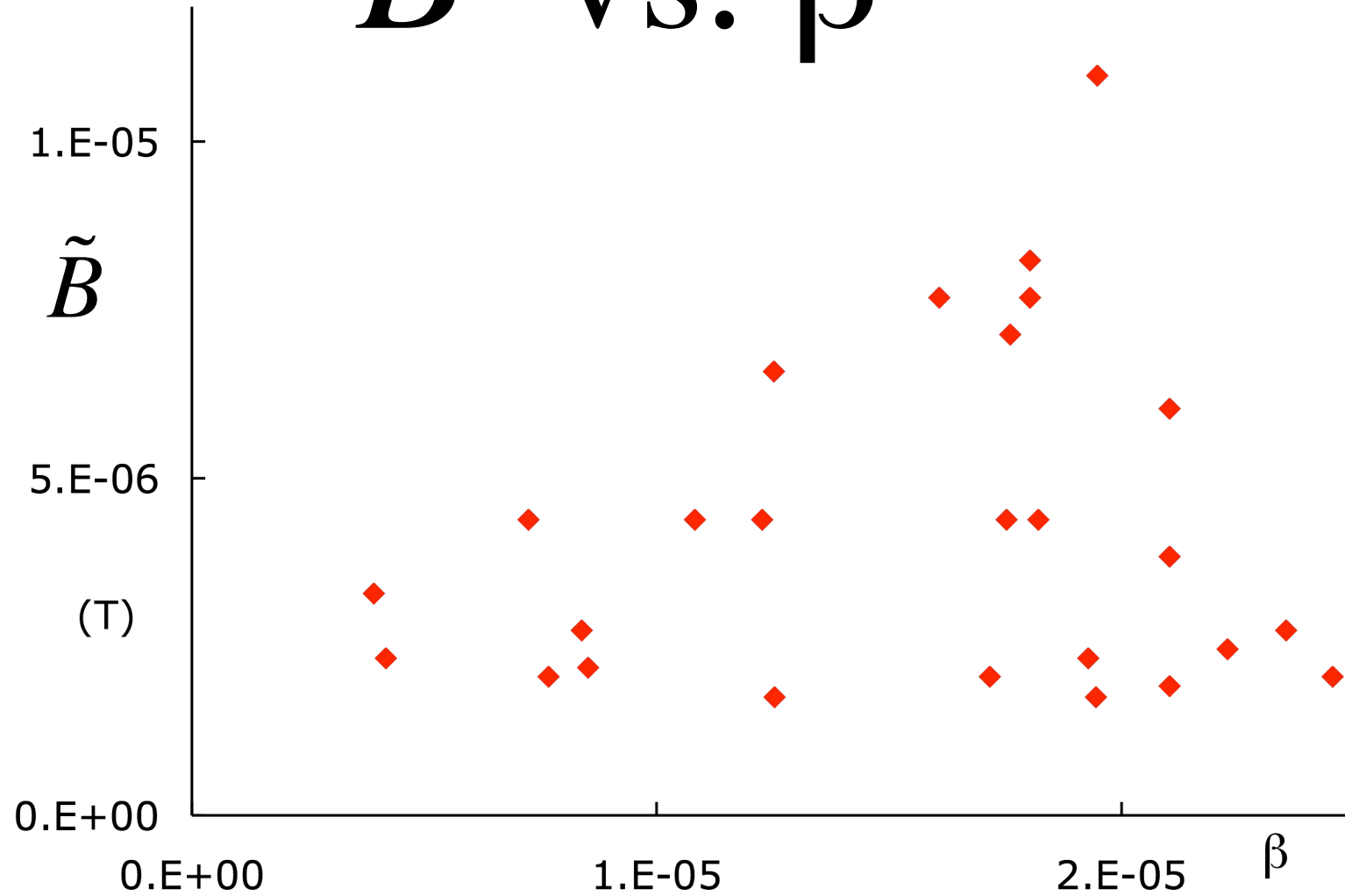
# Magnetic Fluctuations

# Magnetic Fluctuations

- Small:  $\tilde{B} < 10 \mu\text{T}$ ;  $\tilde{B}/B < 10^{-4}$
- Highly non-Gaussian -- intermittent
- Correlated with drift wave  $\tilde{n}$

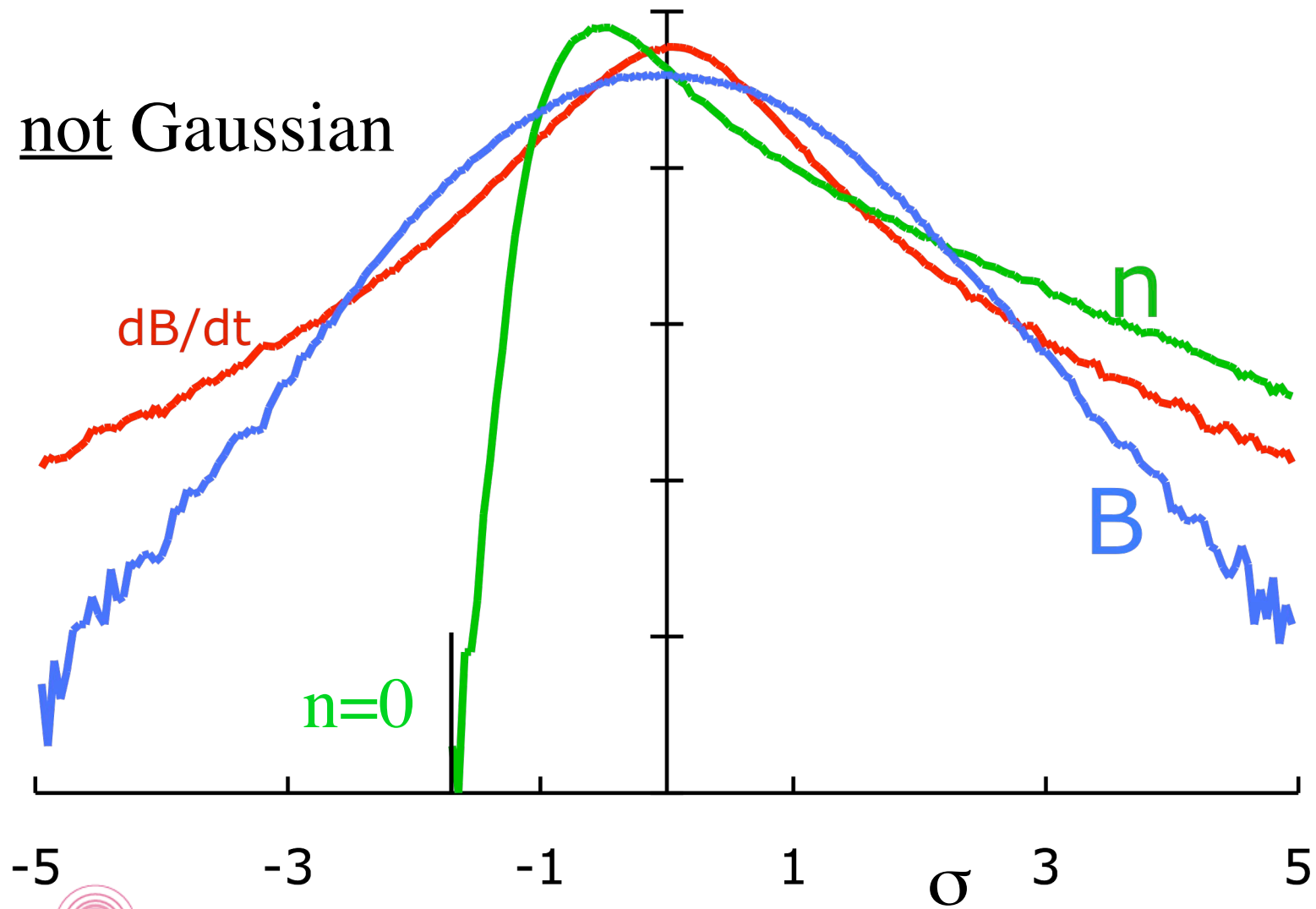


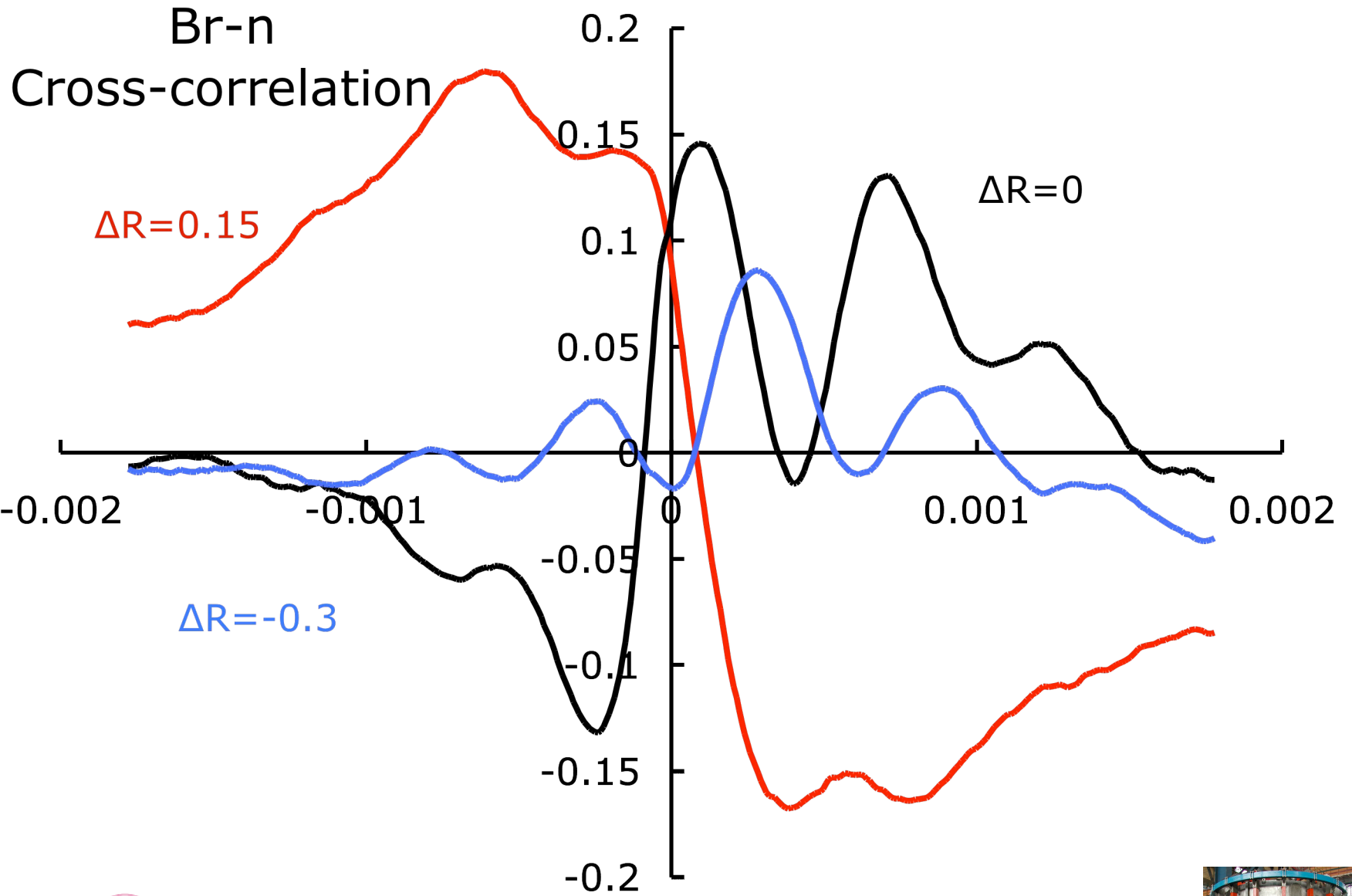
# $\tilde{B}$ vs. $\beta$



# PDF (log)

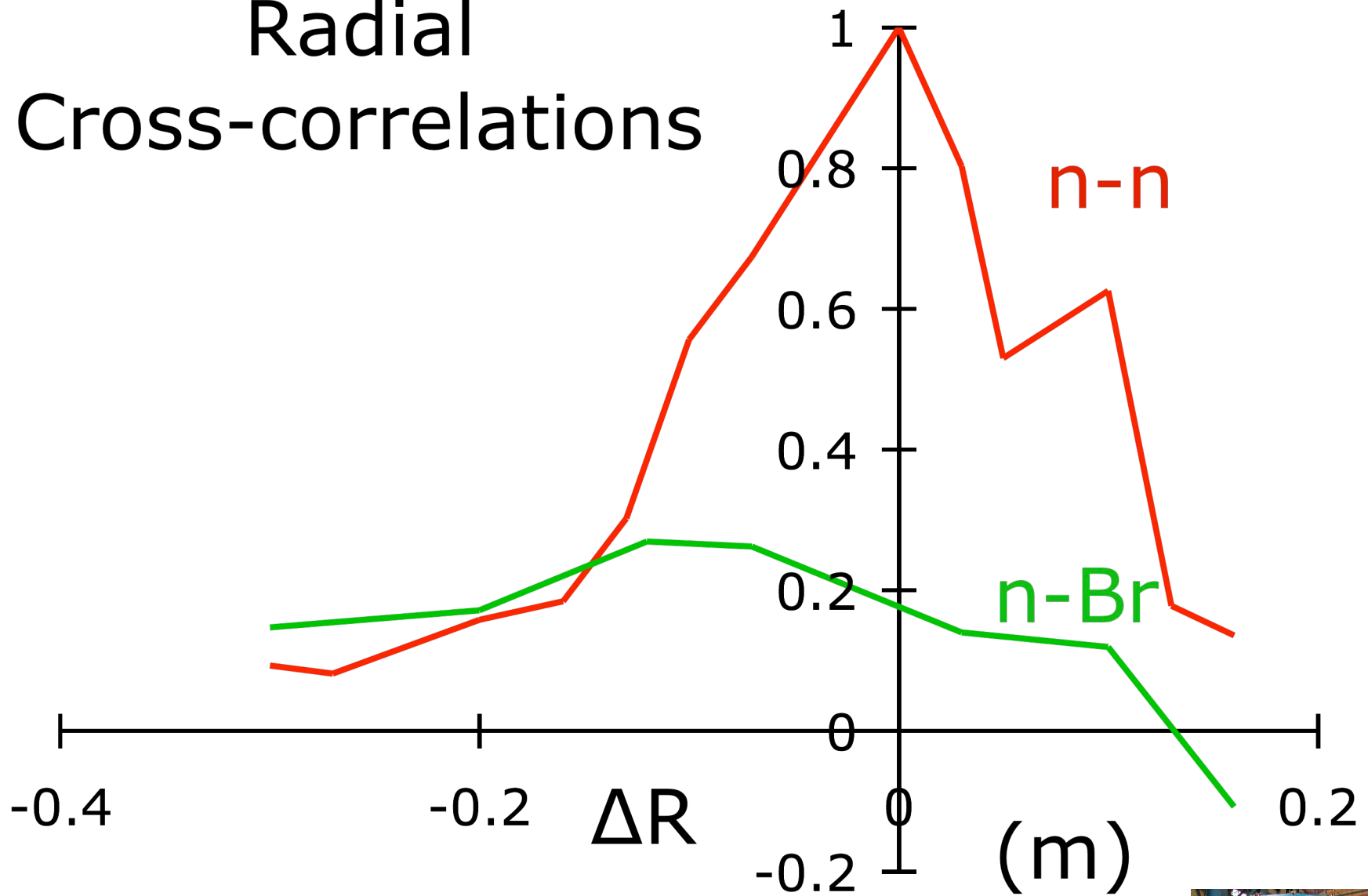
B not Gaussian



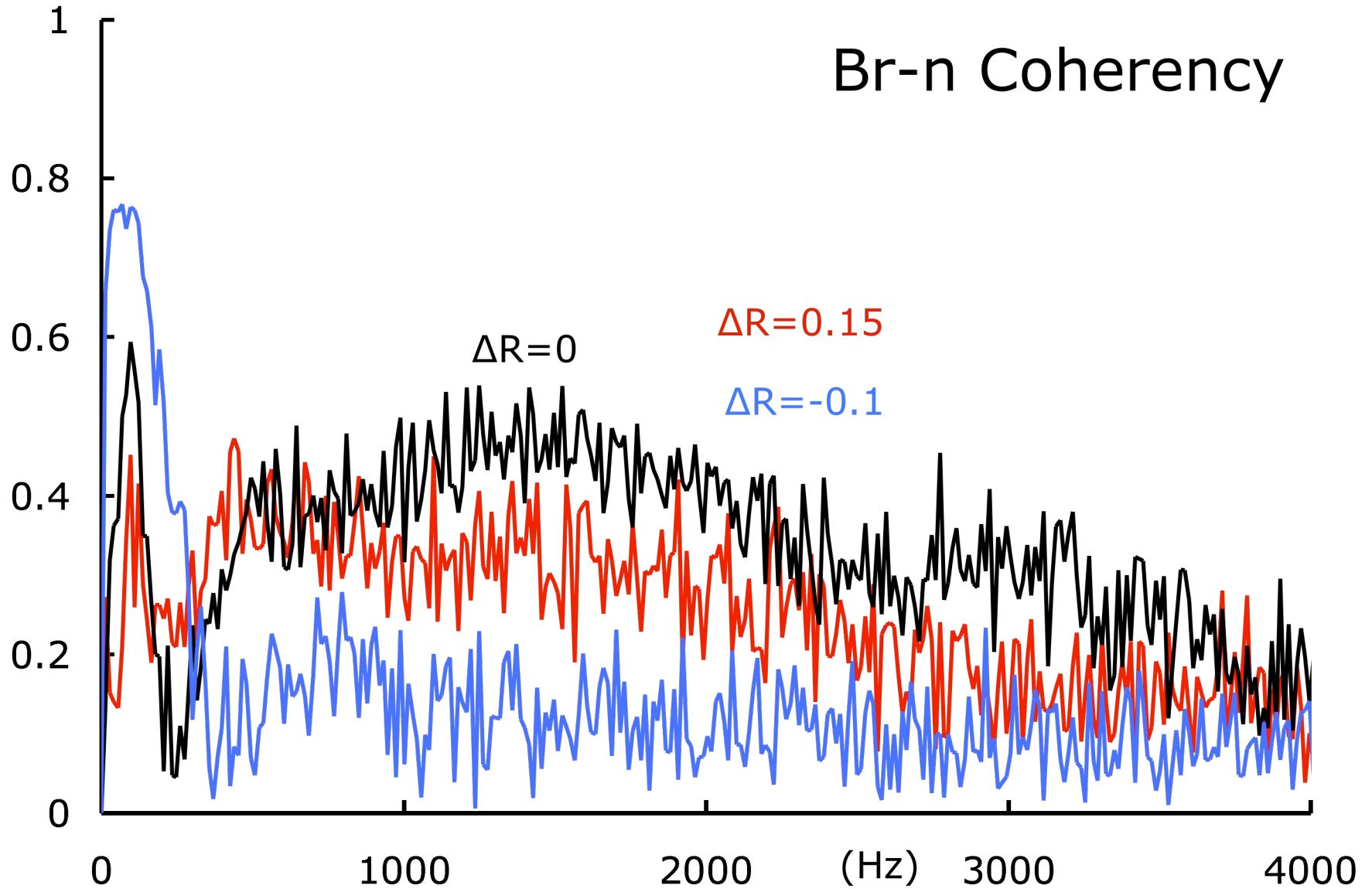




# Radial Cross-correlations



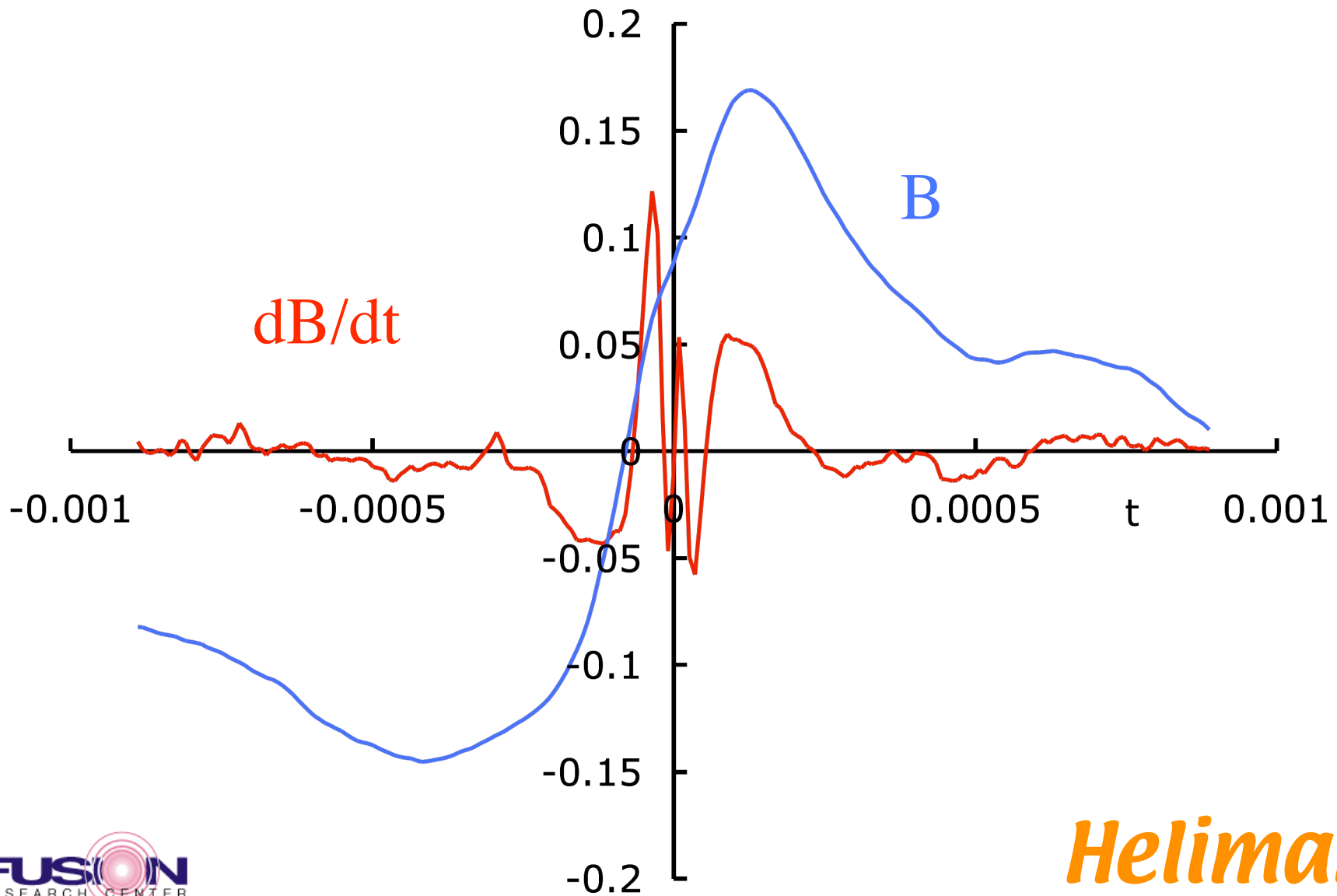
# Br-n Coherency



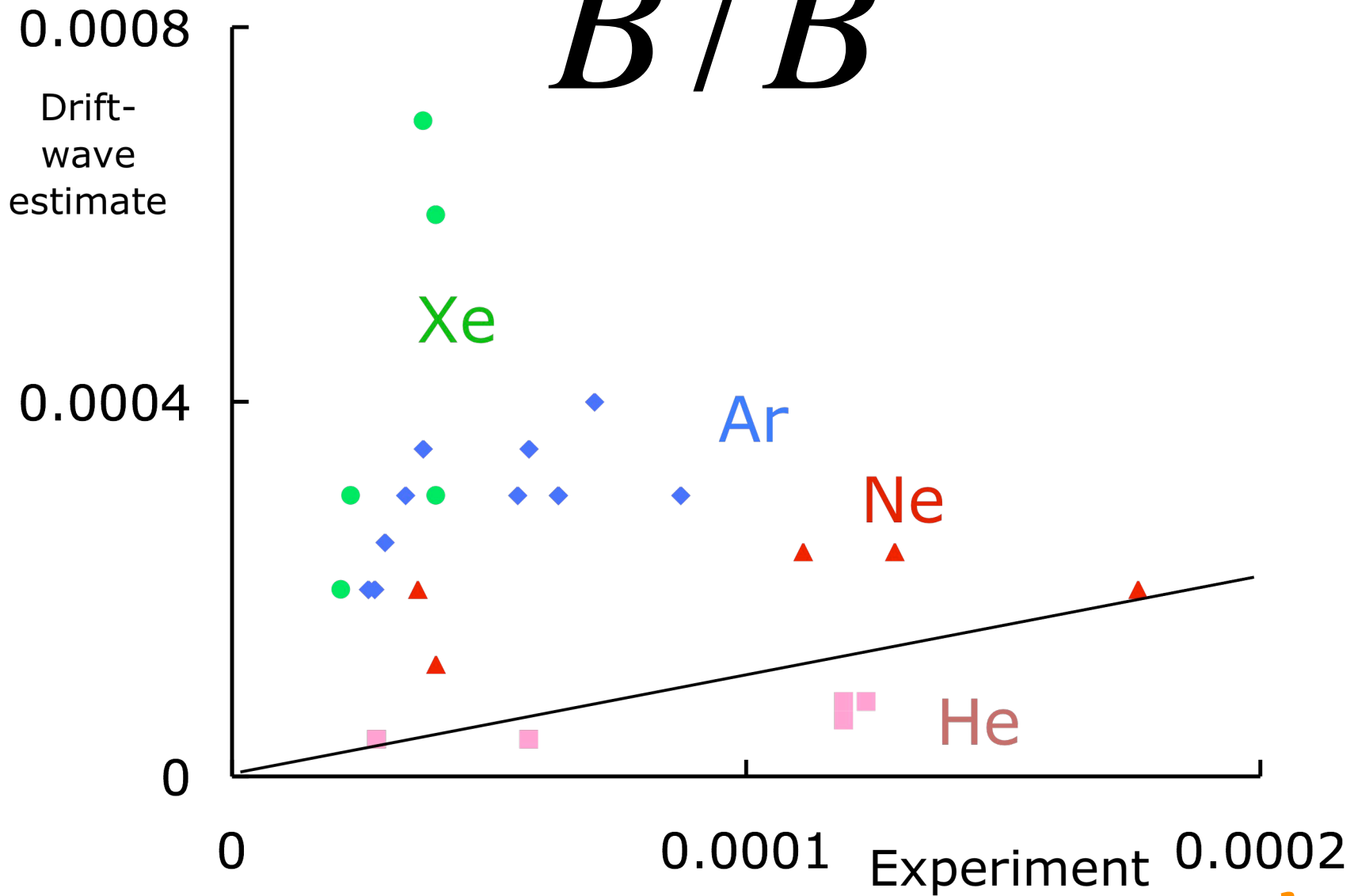
# Magnetic Structure and Sealings



# $B_r$ - $B_z$ Cross-Correlation



$$\tilde{B} / B$$



# Conclusions

- Drift waves have associated magnetic fluctuations
- The  $j_{\parallel}$  seems “more turbulent” than  $n$
- Magnetic fluctuations open a new “window” on drift-wave dynamics