

Aspects and Applications of Non-Axisymmetric Coils on KSTAR

Y.M. Jeon

On behalf of

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Columbia University, USA (S.A. Sabbagh, Y.S. Park)

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General Atomics, San Diego, USA

16th Workshop on MHD Stability Control



1. Overview of 3D Field Coils in KSTAR

2. Applications

2-1. Axisymmetric Applications

2-2. 3D (Non-axisymmetric) Applications

- ELM suppression by $n=1$ RMP

3. Summary

1. Overview of 3D Field Coils in KSTAR

2. Applications

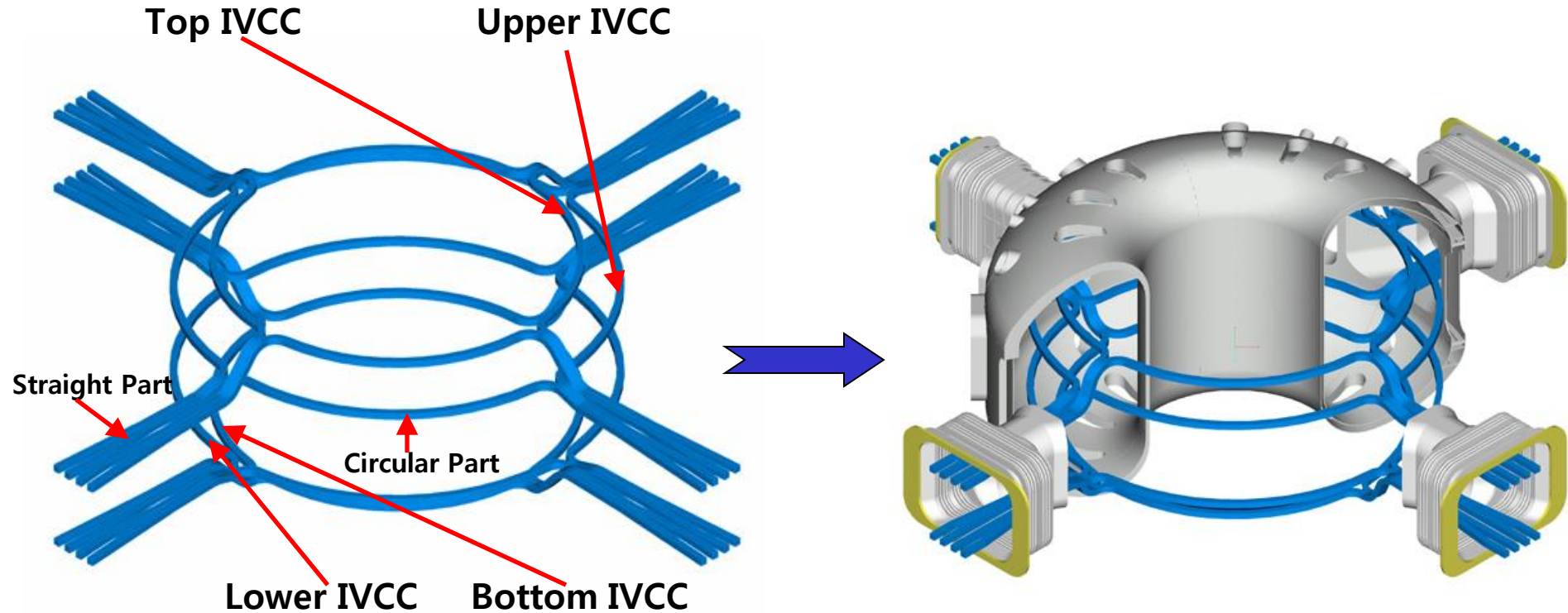
2-1. Axisymmetric Applications

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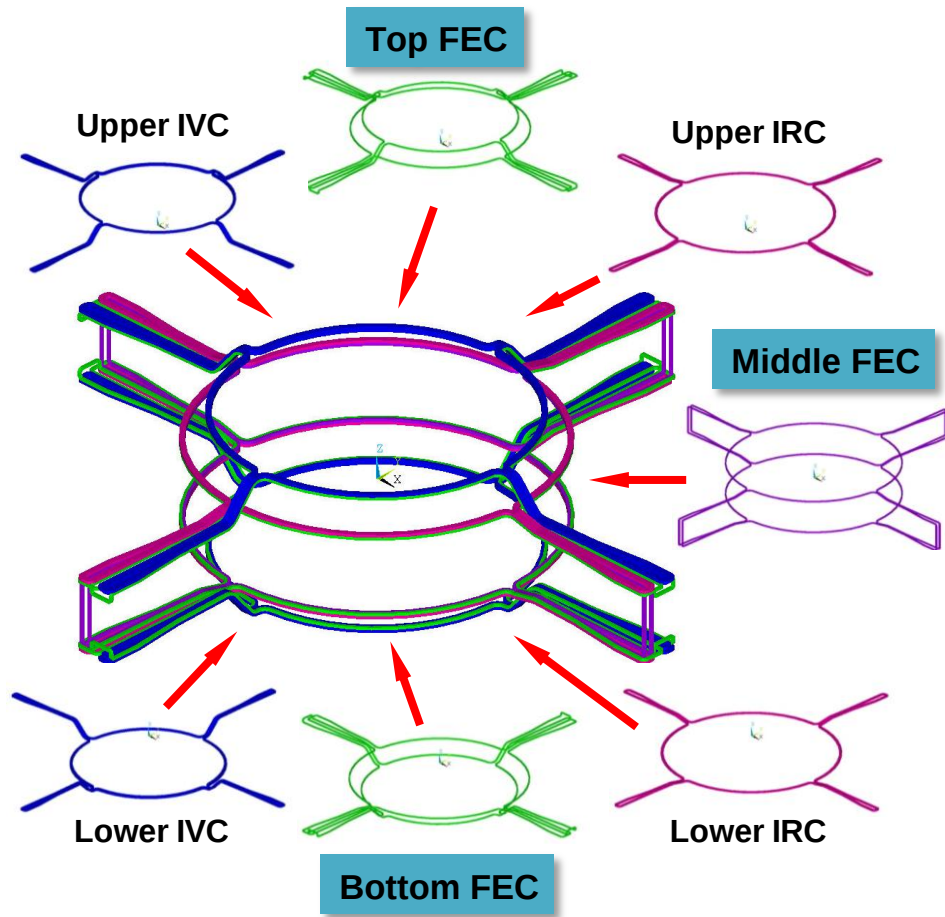
KSTAR Has A Versatile In-Vessel Control Coil (IVCC) System Inside Vacuum Vessel

* H.K. Kim, H.L. Yang, et al., Fus. Eng. Design 84 (2009)

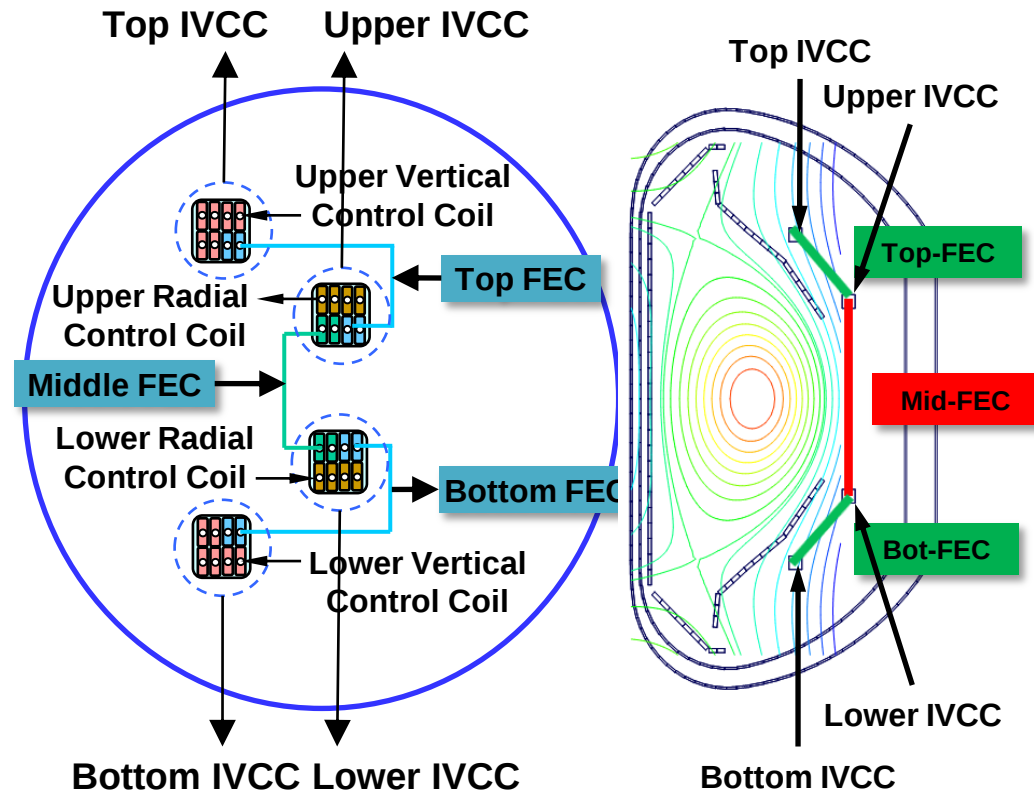


- Toroidally segmented 3D shaped coil system
 - (1) Combining axisymmetric and non-axisymmetric field coils
 - (2) Easier installation and maintenance

Applicable to Axisymmetric and Non-Axisymmetric Magnetic Applications

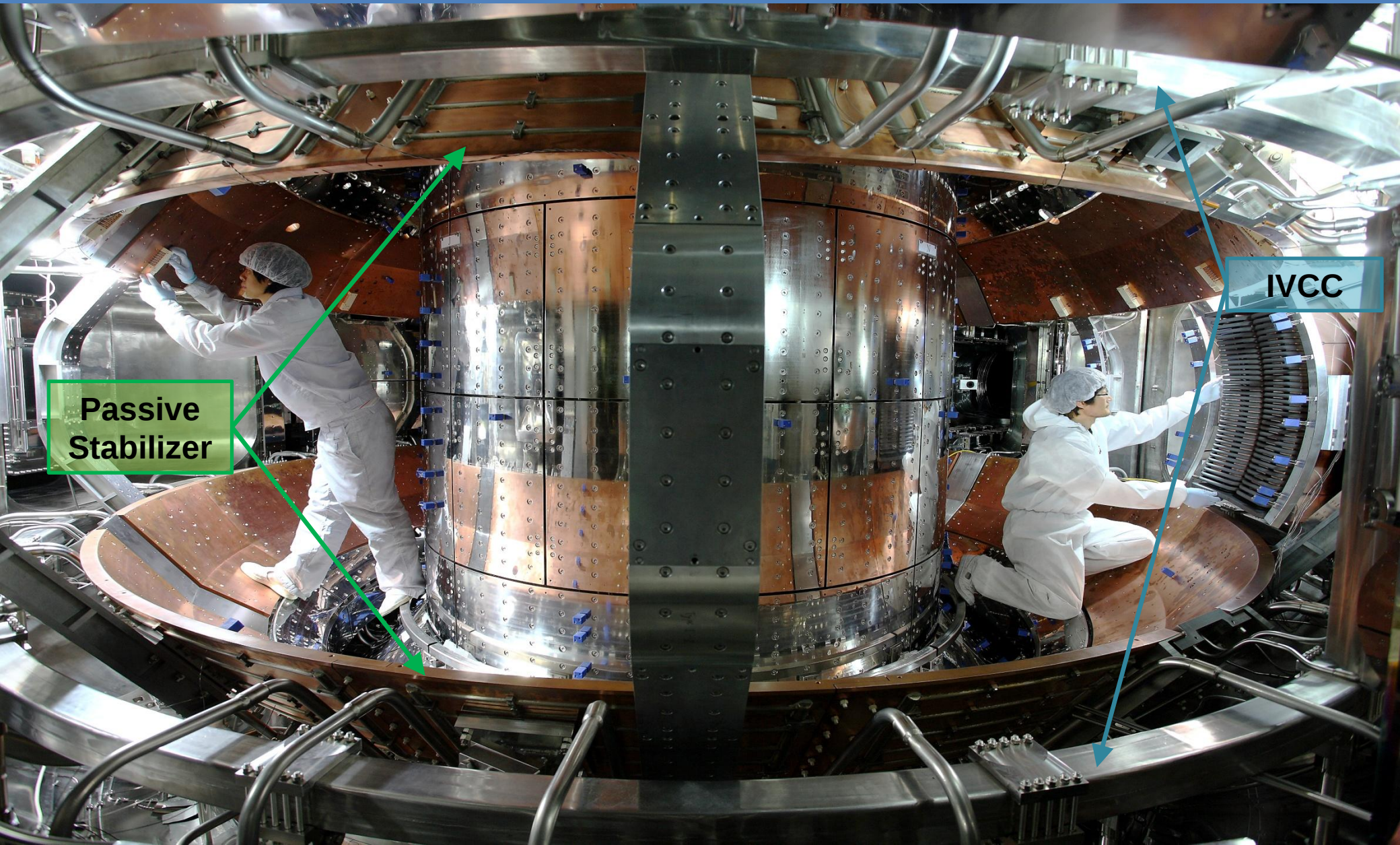


Schematic Diagram



- Axisymmetric applications
 - Vertical stability control (IVC), fast radial control (IRC)
- Non-axisymmetric (3D) applications
 - Field error corrections (FEC), RWM, RMP etc

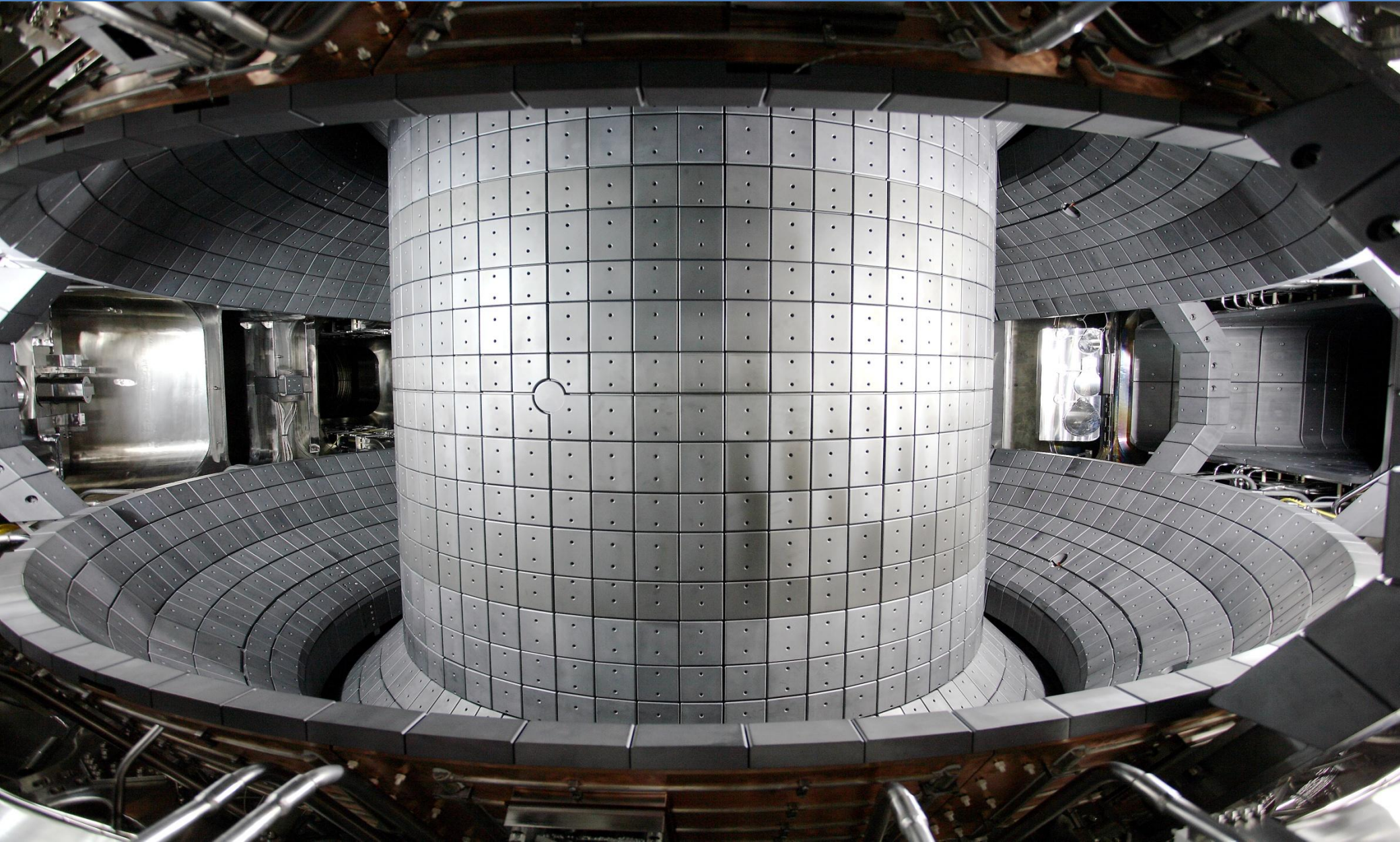
Full IVCC System Installed in 2010



Passive
Stabilizer

IVCC

Full IVCC System Installed in 2010



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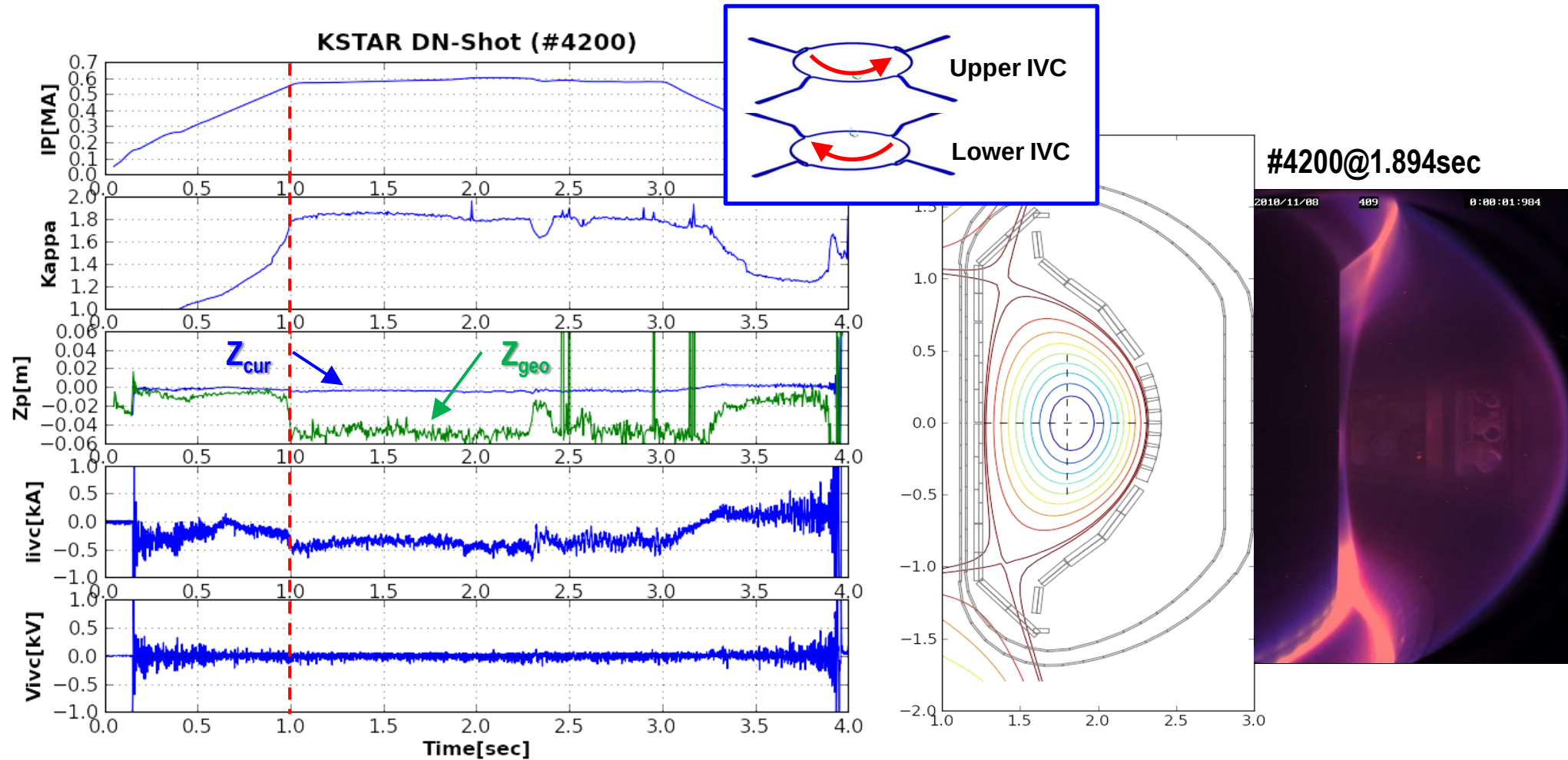
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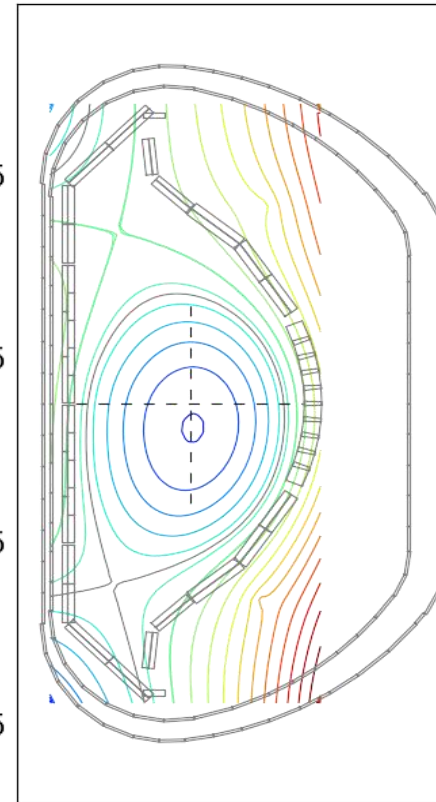
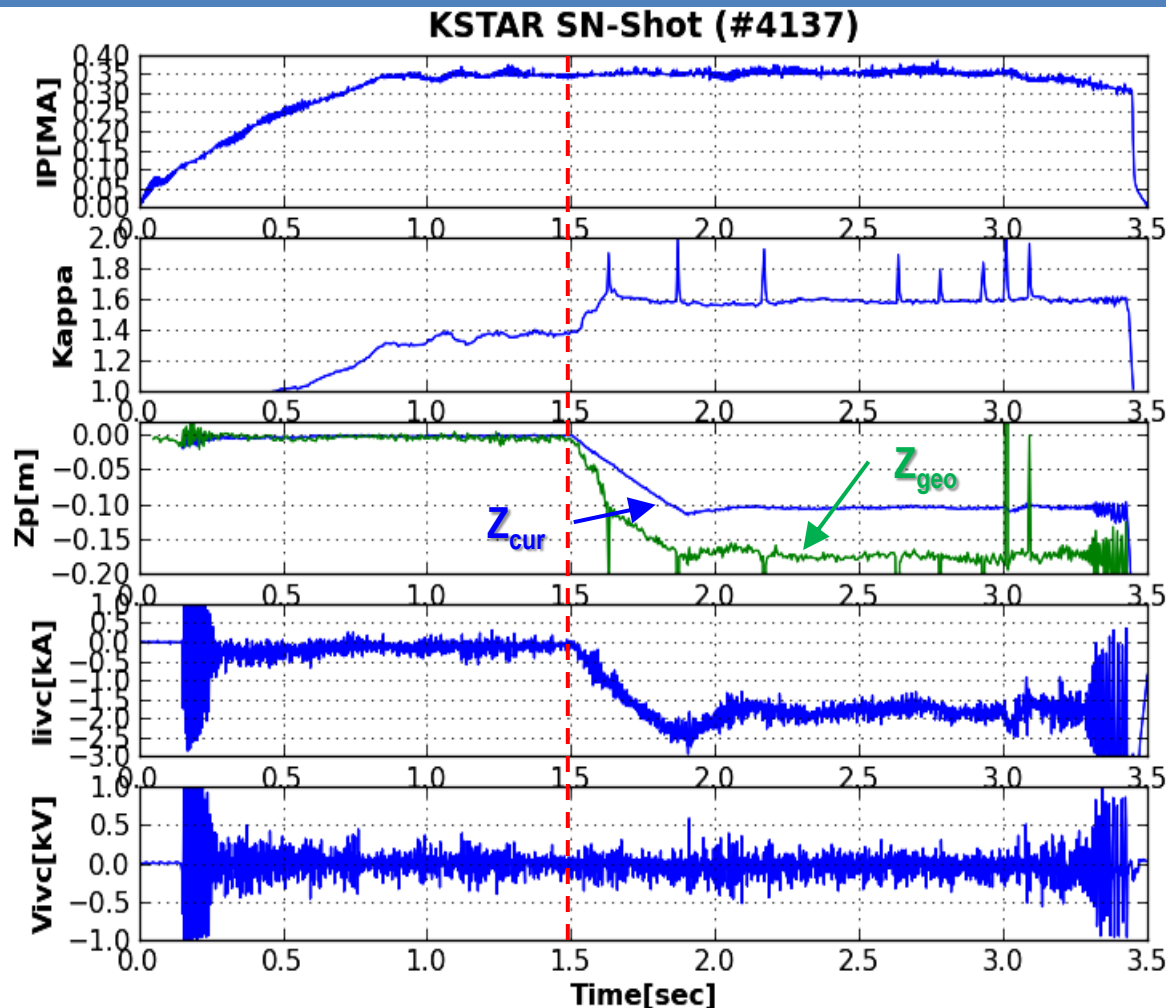
3. Summary

Successful Vertical Stabilizations of Highly Shaped Plasmas by IVC ($\kappa \sim 1.85$ and $\delta \sim 1.0$)

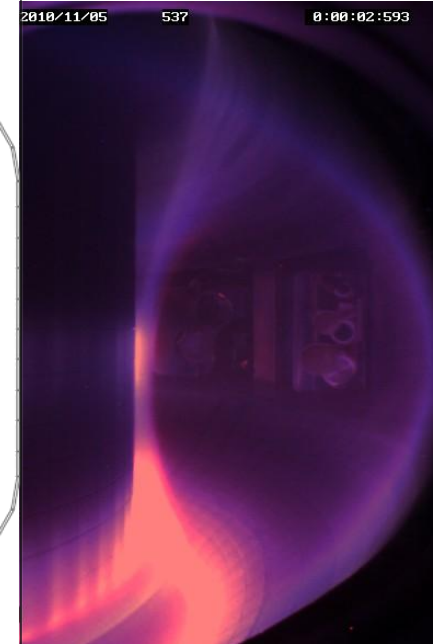


- $\kappa \sim 1.85$ & $\delta \sim 1.0$ achieved successfully
- Led to early achievement of first H-mode (2010)

Even LSN Plasmas Enforced by IVC Were Well Controlled

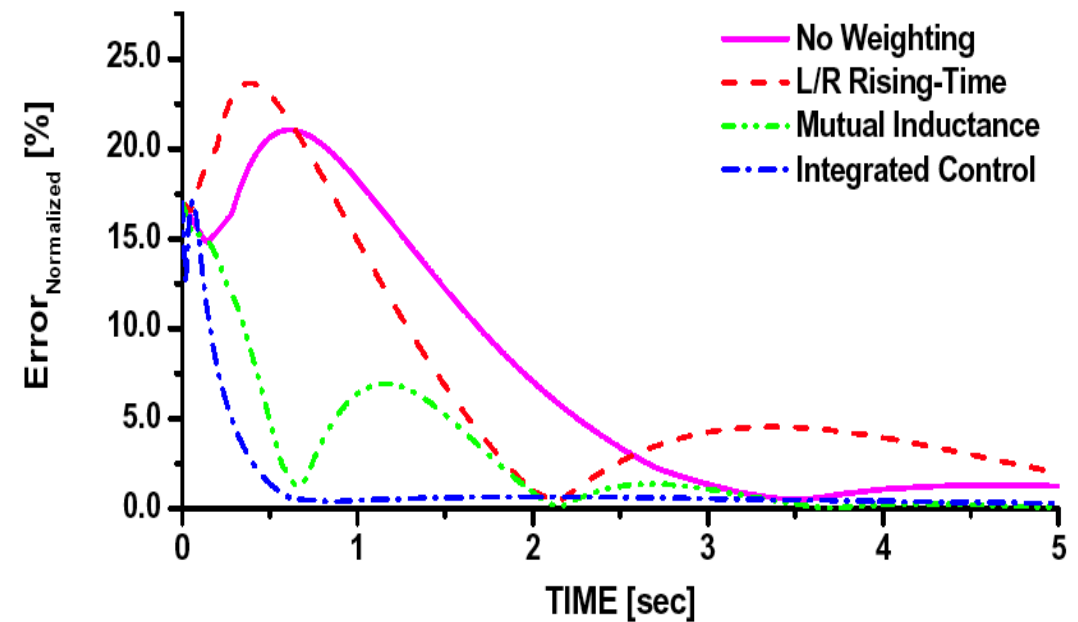
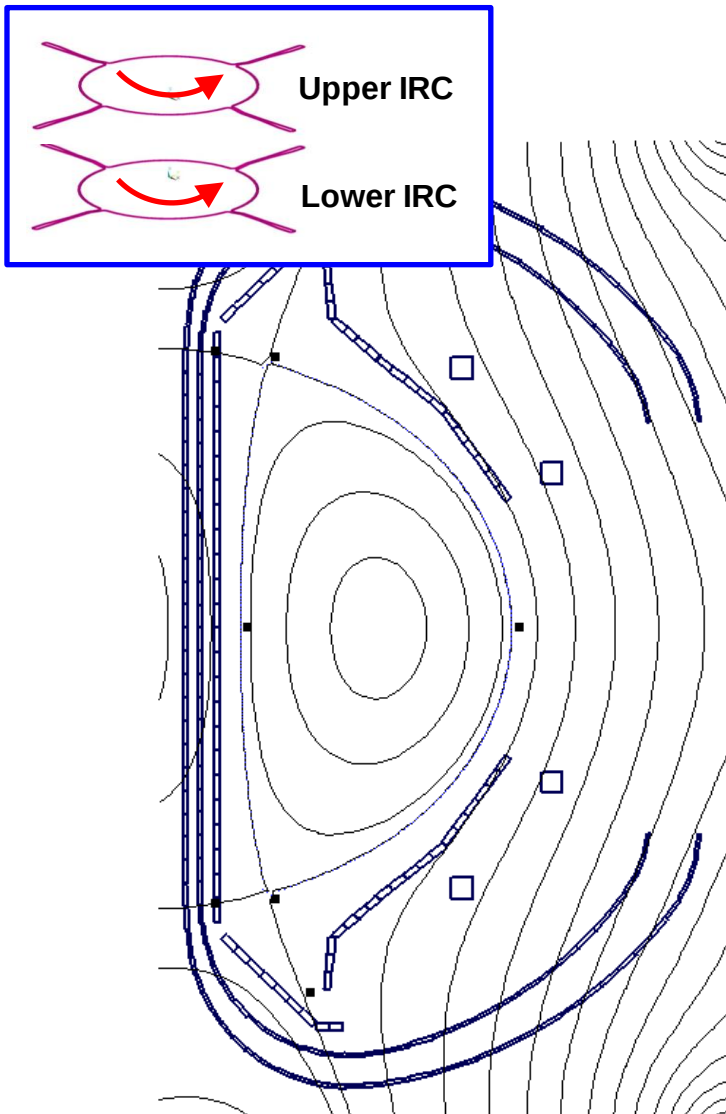


#4137@2.500sec



- For LSN shaping, plasma pushed down by ~10cm using IVC
 - $I_{IVC} \sim 2.0 \text{ kA/t}$ applied to hold it
- Well controlled even though its worse field curvature

Integrated Shape Control Combined with IRC Can Enhance Control Performance Significantly



- **IRC** is not essential component, but ...
- Can **enhance shape control performance significantly**
- **Improved shape control=**
 “Fast R_p control by IRC”
 + “isoflux control with M_{ij} -decoupling”
- **Example:** All volume shifted by $\Delta R=+2\text{cm}$

→ IRC is on preparation for use in 2012

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2-1. Axisymmetric Applications

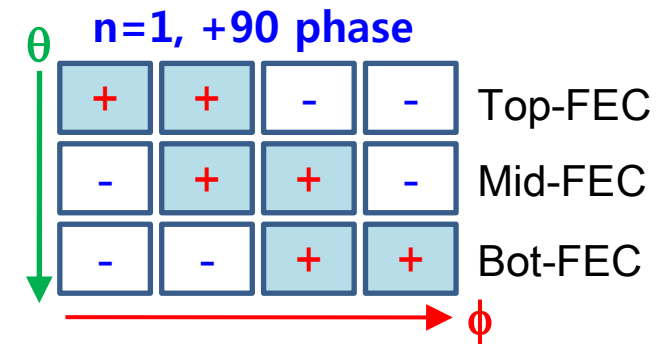
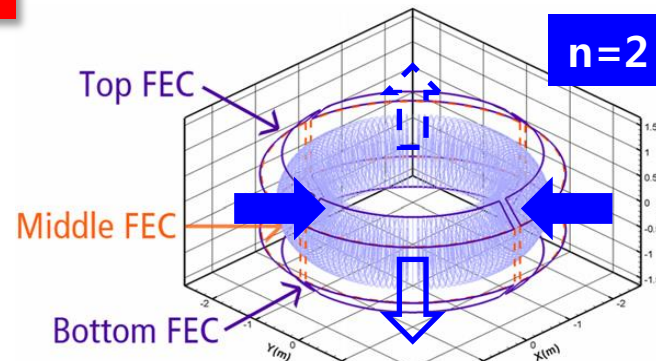
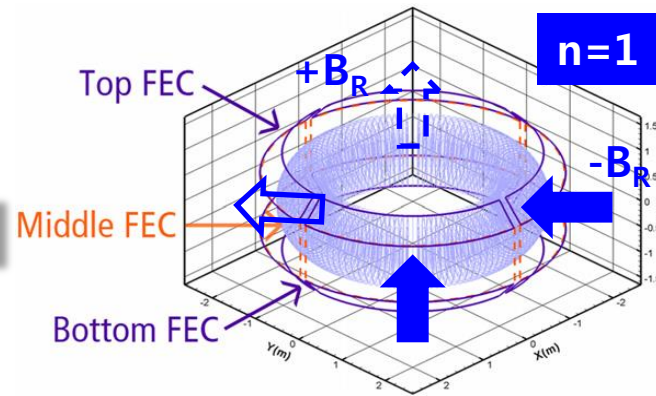
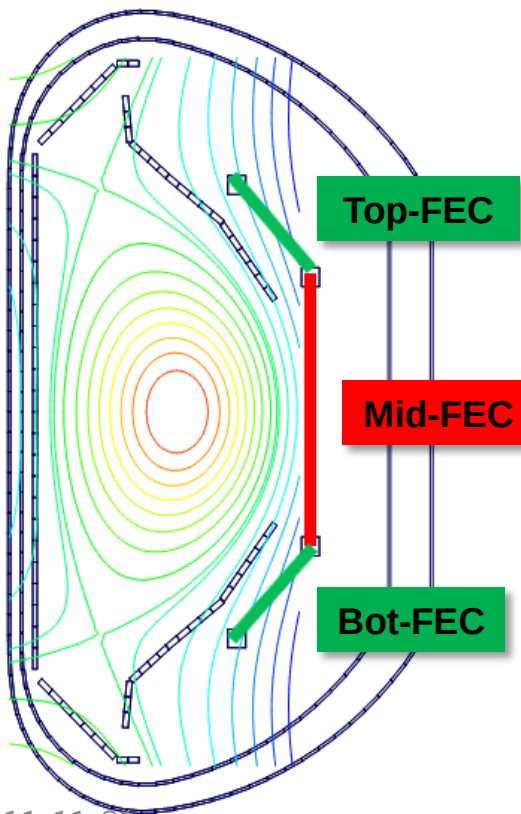
2-2. 3D (Non-axisymmetric) Applications

- ELM suppression by $n=1$ RMP

3. Summary

KSTAR Can Provide Wide Spectra of 3D Magnetic Perturbations

- **3-by-4 3D field coils available having 2 turns for each**
 - all internal and segmented with saddle loop configurations
 - $n=1$ and 2 applicable
- **Wide spectra of magnetic perturbations are possible**
 - Poloidal helicity change for $n=1$
 - Even/odd parity change for $n=2$



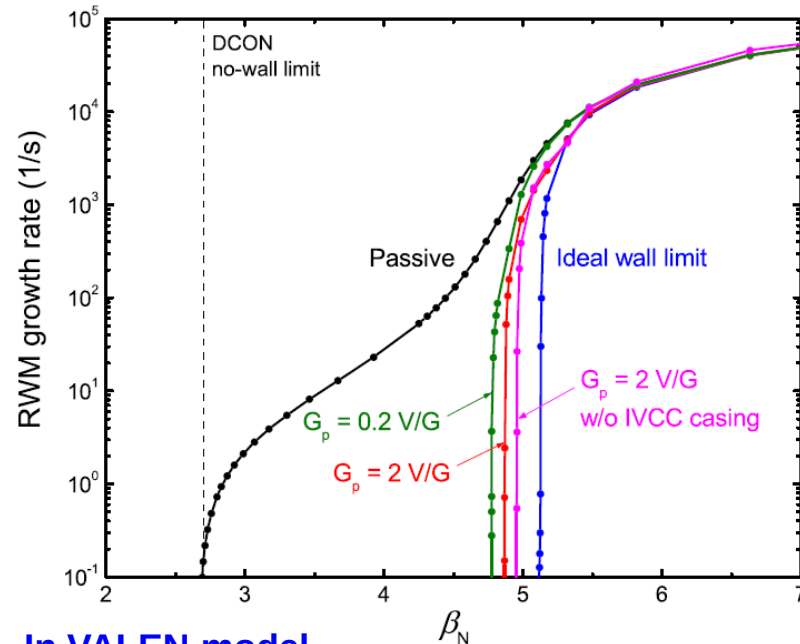
Main applications of 3D fields

1. Resistive Wall Mode Control
2. Error Field Correction
3. **RMP/NRMP Physics Study**

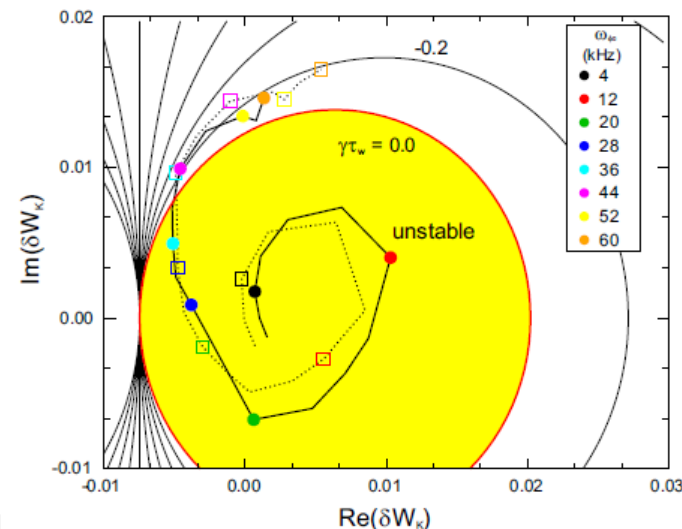
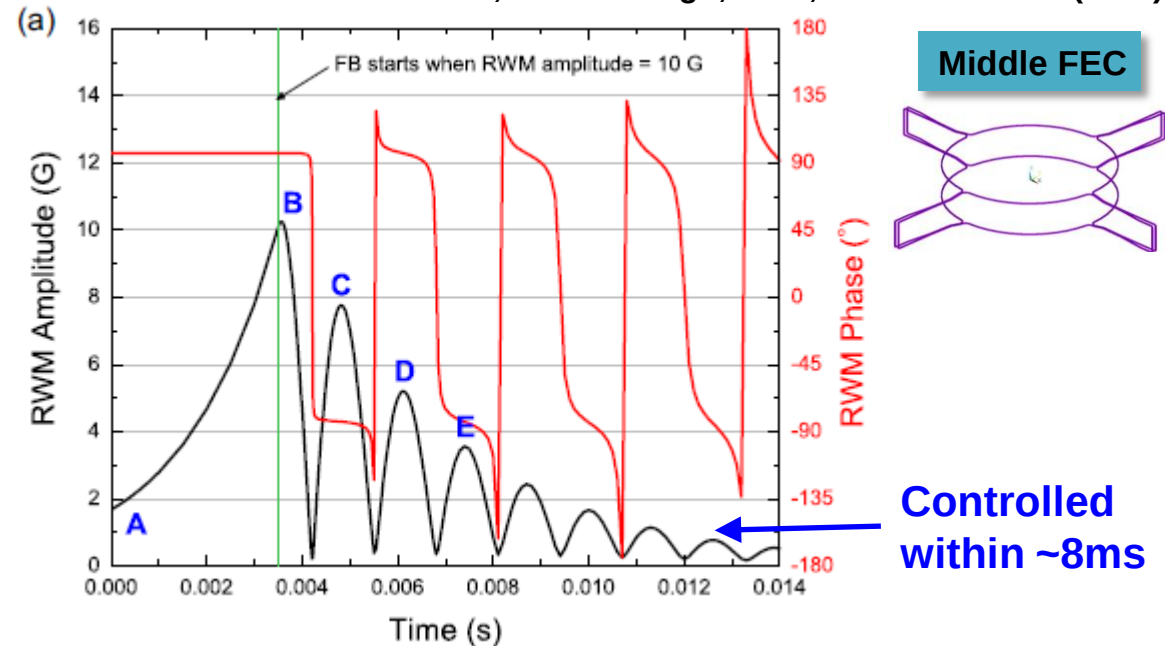
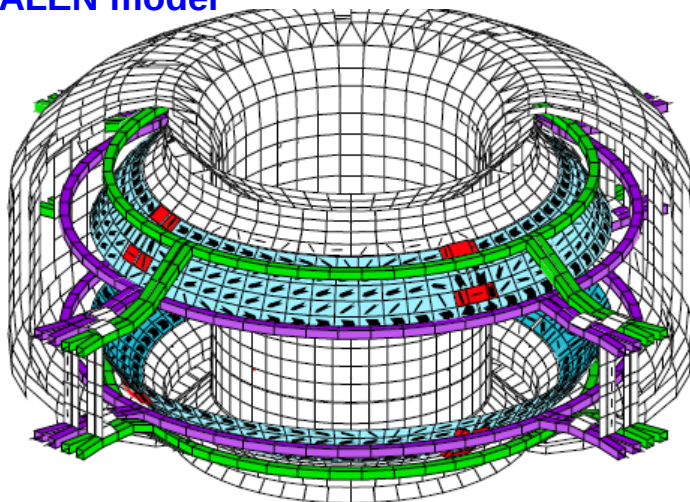
RWM Controls Are Under Design and Study

: Cu-Passive Stabilizer + RWM coils $\rightarrow \beta_{N,wall}(\sim 5.0)$

* Y.S. Park, S.A. Sabbagh, et al., Nucl. Fusion 51 (2011)

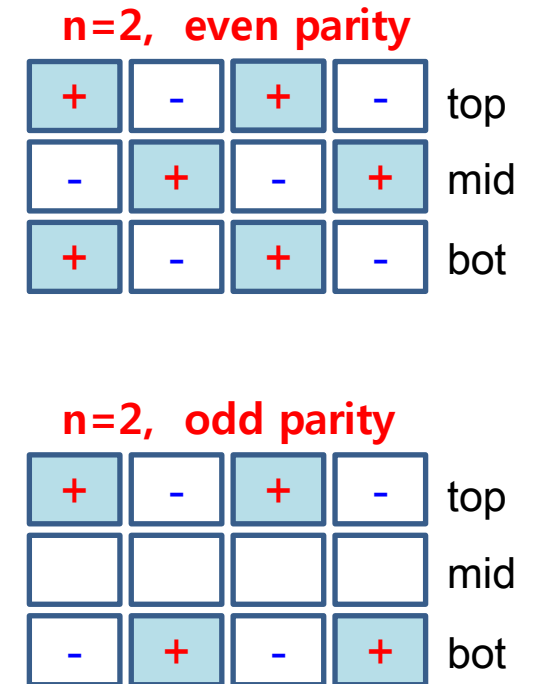
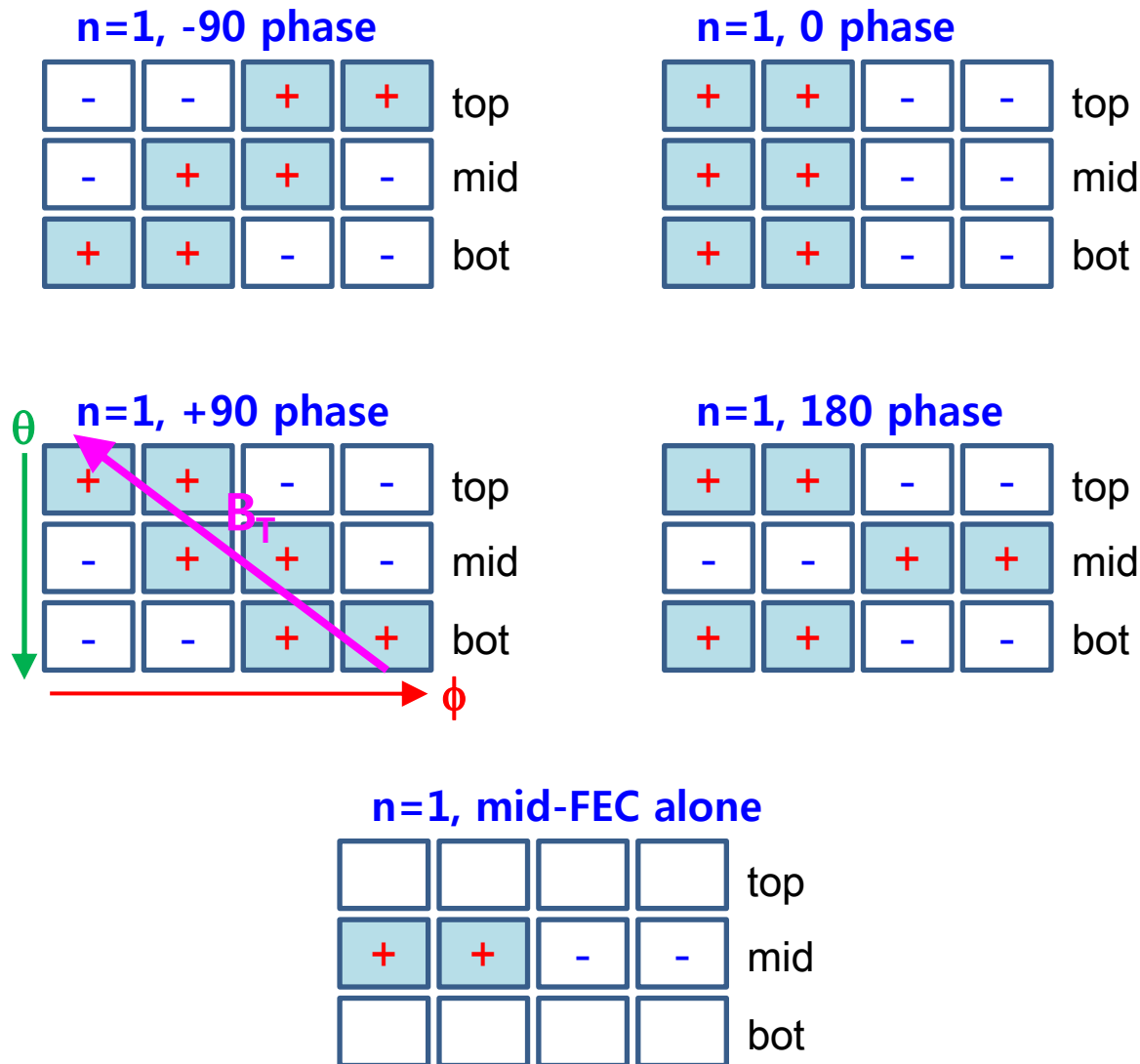


In VALEN model



MISK predicts relatively large rotations are required for RWM stability

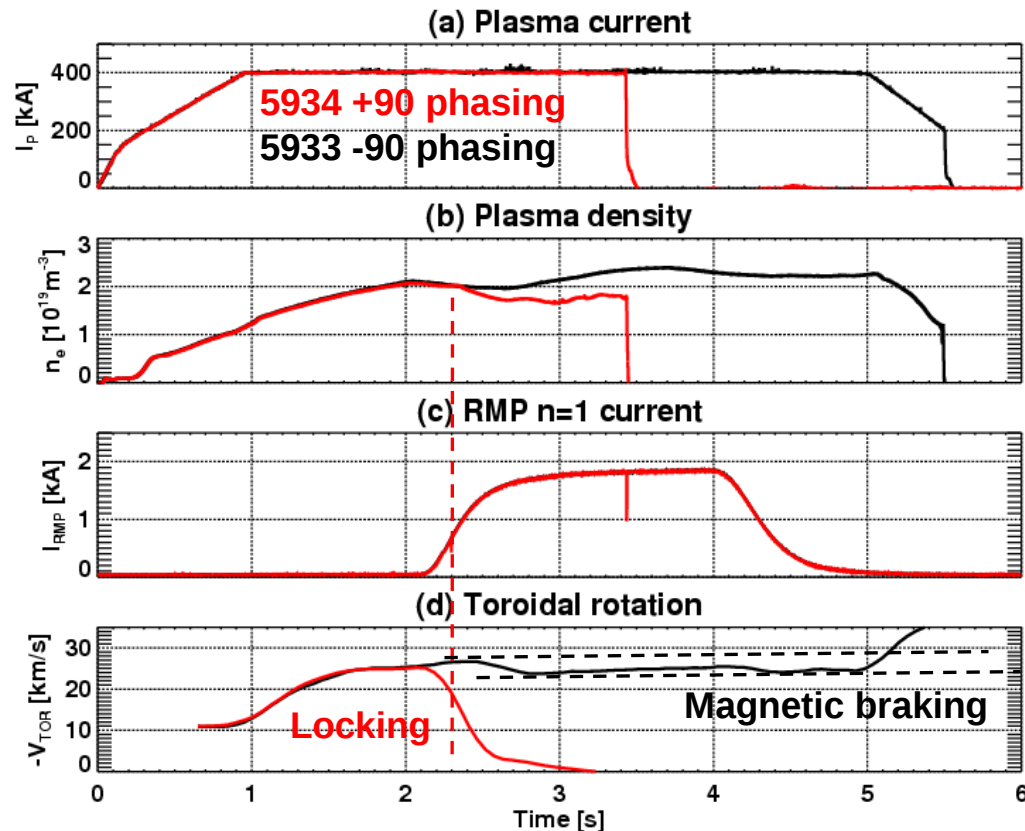
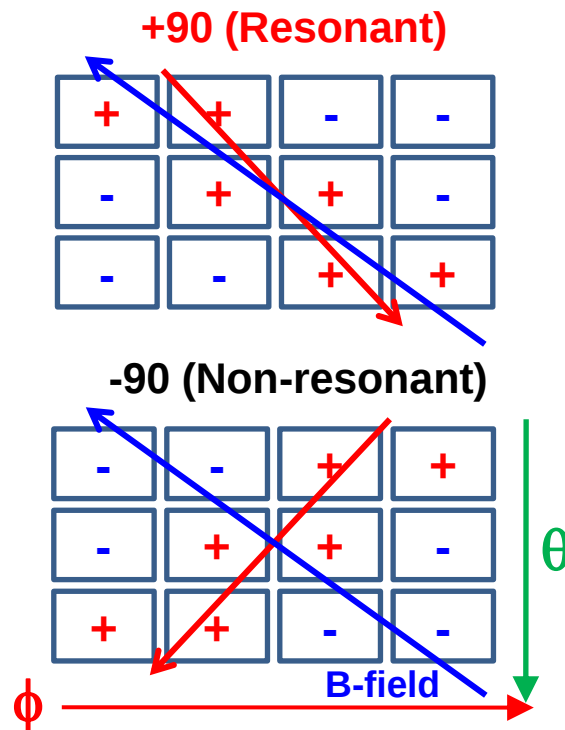
Applicable Spectra of $n=1$ and $n=2$ MP



Non-Axisymmetric Plasma Responses Were Investigated Using Two Different Phasings

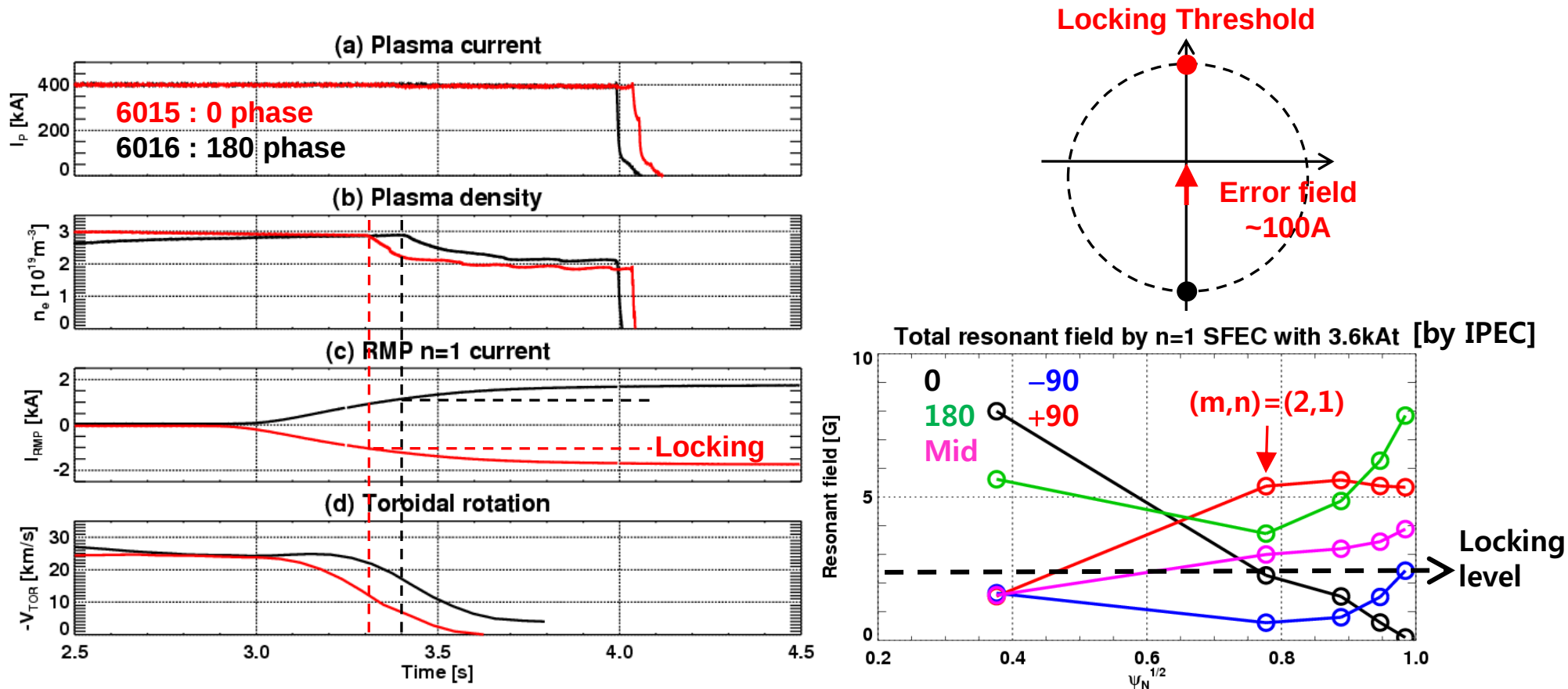
* J.-K. Park, Y.M. Jeon, et al., in preparation for publication

- Two different phasings (+90 and -90) of the $n=1$ fields were applied to Ohmic discharges ($I_p=400\text{kA}$, $B_T=2.0\text{T}$)
 - The +90 phasing induced a locking and disruption with $I_{\text{FEC}} \sim 600\text{A/turn}$
 - The -90 phasing caused only a slight braking of rotation



Non-Axisymmetric Plasma Responses Were Found In +90 Phasing By Locking

- A small non-axisymmetry was found in +90 phasing, by applying two different toroidal phases
 - Locking threshold $I_{FEC} \sim 1\text{kA/turn}$ for 0 phase, $I_{FEC} \sim 1.2\text{kA/turn}$ for 180 phase



➔ A small intrinsic error-field ($\sim 100\text{A}$) found in KSTAR

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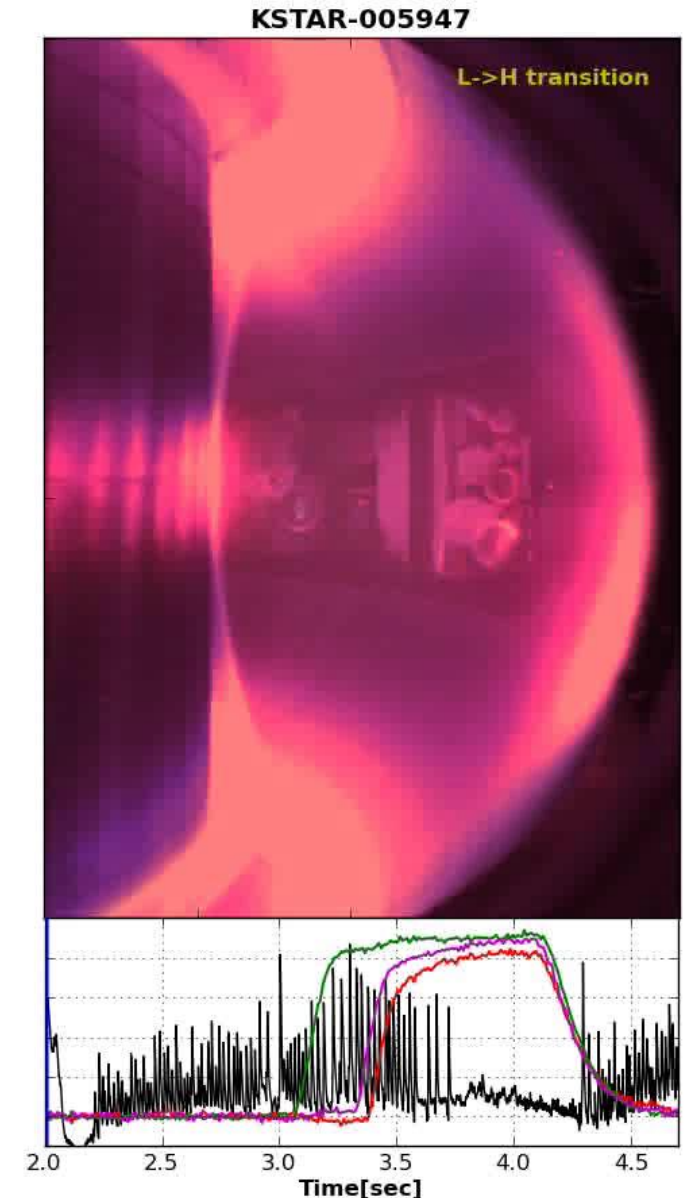
ELMs Suppressed by n=1 MPs in KSTAR 2011

- | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| • COMPASS-D (n=1) | triggered (2001) |
| • DIII-D (n=3) | suppressed (2004) |
| • JET (n=1, 2) | mitigated (2007) |
| • NSTX (n=3) | triggered (2010) |
| • MAST (n=3) | mitigated (2011) |
| • ASDEX-U (n=2) | mitigated (2011) |

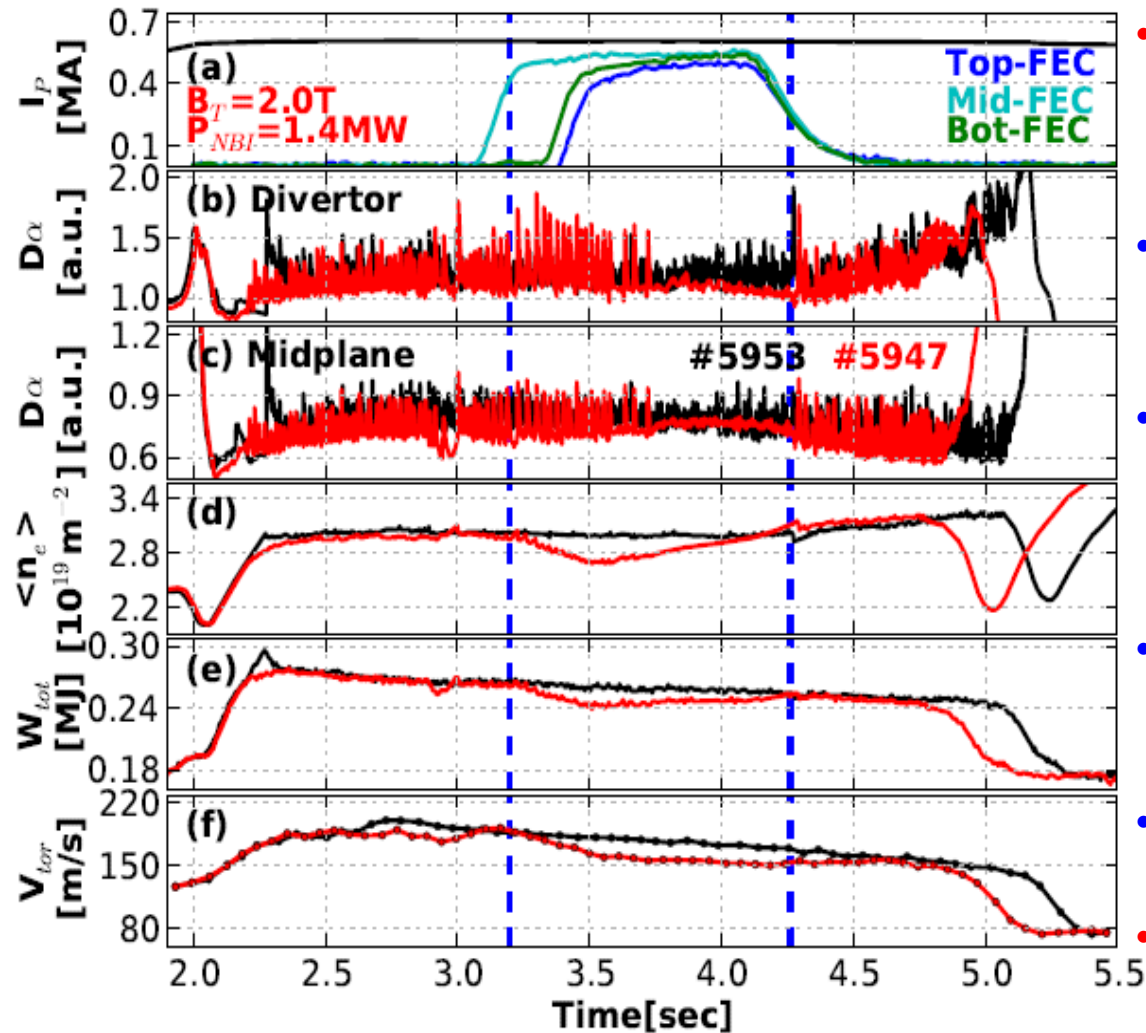
We are adding ...

- **KSTAR (n=1) Suppressed (2011)**

* Y.M. Jeon, J.-K. Park, et al., submitted to PRL (Nov 05, 2011)

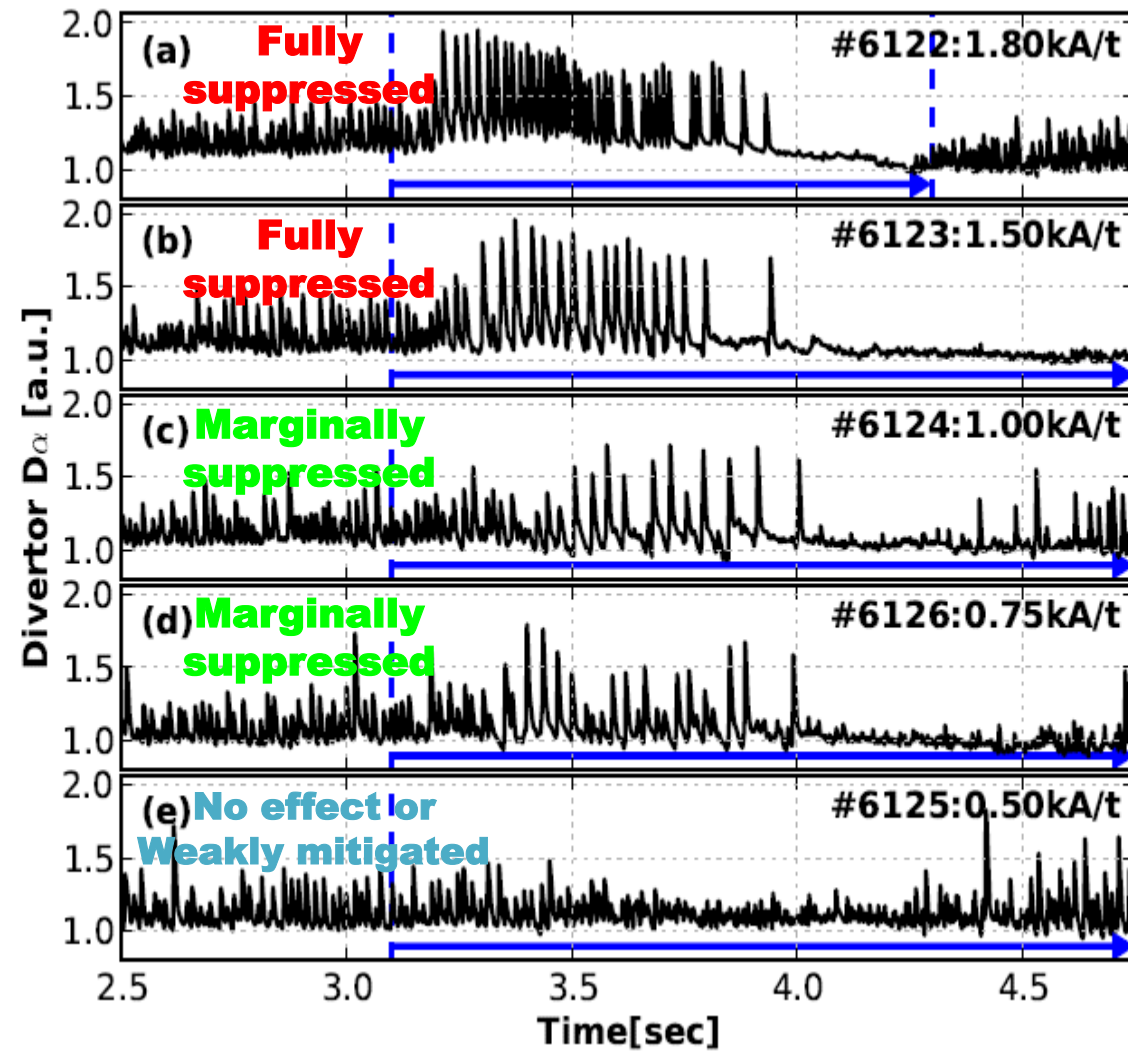


ELMs Suppressed For the First Time by n=1 MP (+90)



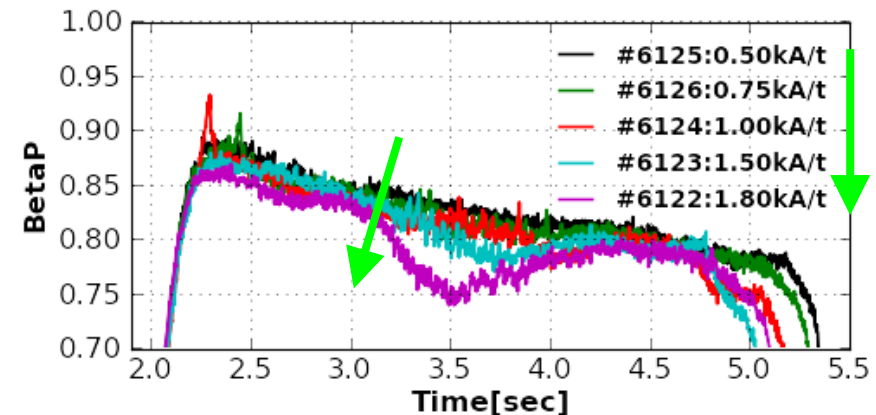
- **+90 phased n=1 MP suppressed ELMs**
- In JET, ELM mitigated by n=1 (Y.Liang, PRL, 2007)
- **Density** ($\sim 10\%$) pumping out initially. Then, increased when ELM suppressed
- **Stored energy** drop by $\sim 8\%$ initially. Then slightly increased or sustained when ELM suppressed
- **Rotation** decreased ($\sim 10\%$) initially. Then sustained when ELM suppressed
- **Te/Ti** changes were relatively small
- **Two distinctive phases** observed
(1)ELM excitation phase
(2)ELM suppression phase

Threshold FEC Current for ELM Suppression



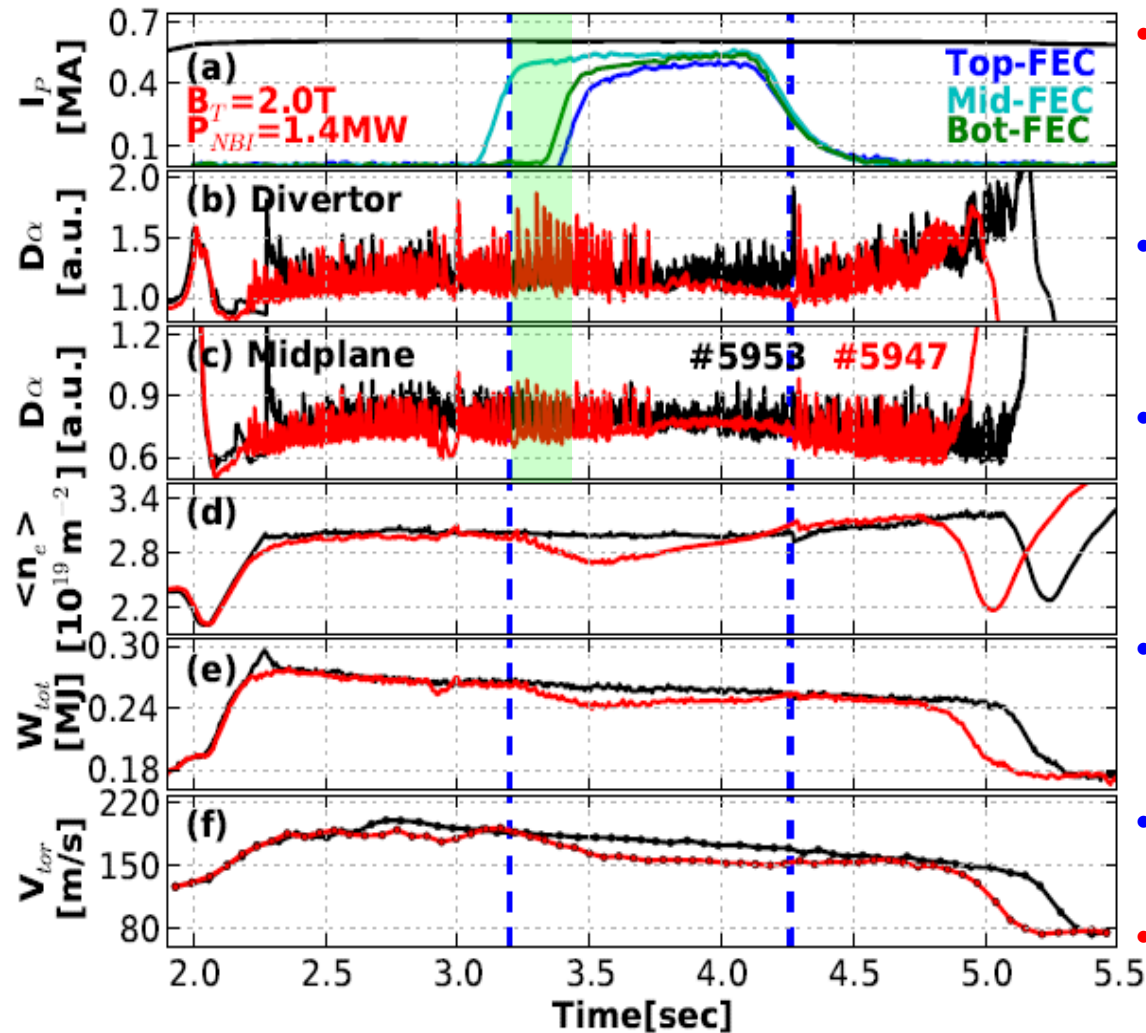
- $I_{FEC,threshold} \geq 0.75 \text{ kA/t}$: marginal suppression
 $> 1.00 \text{ kA/t}$: full suppression
 (vacuum analysis predicted $\geq 1.00 \text{ kA/t}$)

- $\Delta\beta_p$ is dependent on I_{FEC}
 (similar Δn_e , ΔW_{tot} , ΔV_ϕ , ...)



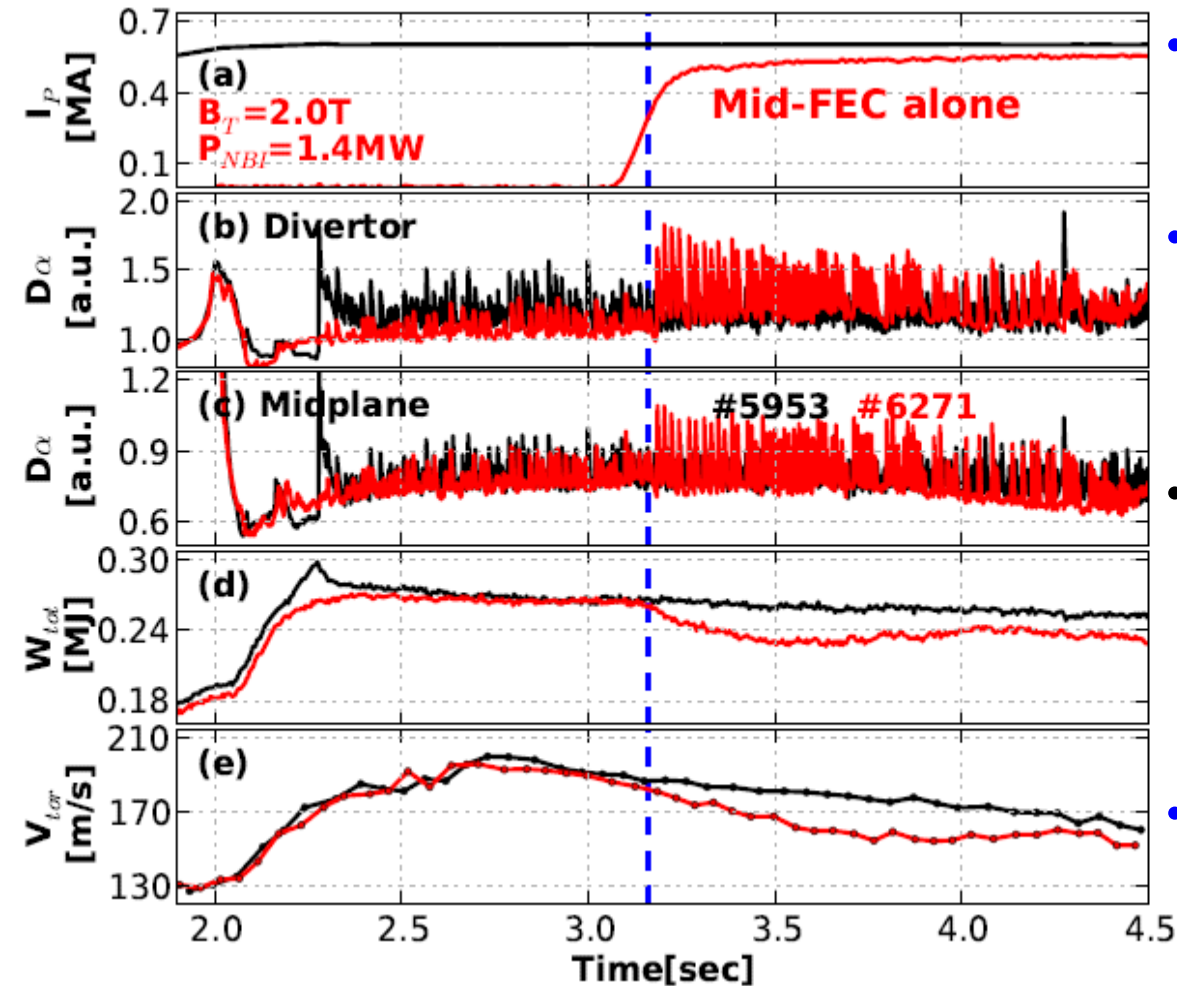
- Note that there was **no clear change of ELM size on transition**
 (excitation $\rightarrow$ suppression), while the ELM frequency decreased dramatically

ELMs Suppressed For the First Time by n=1 MP (+90)



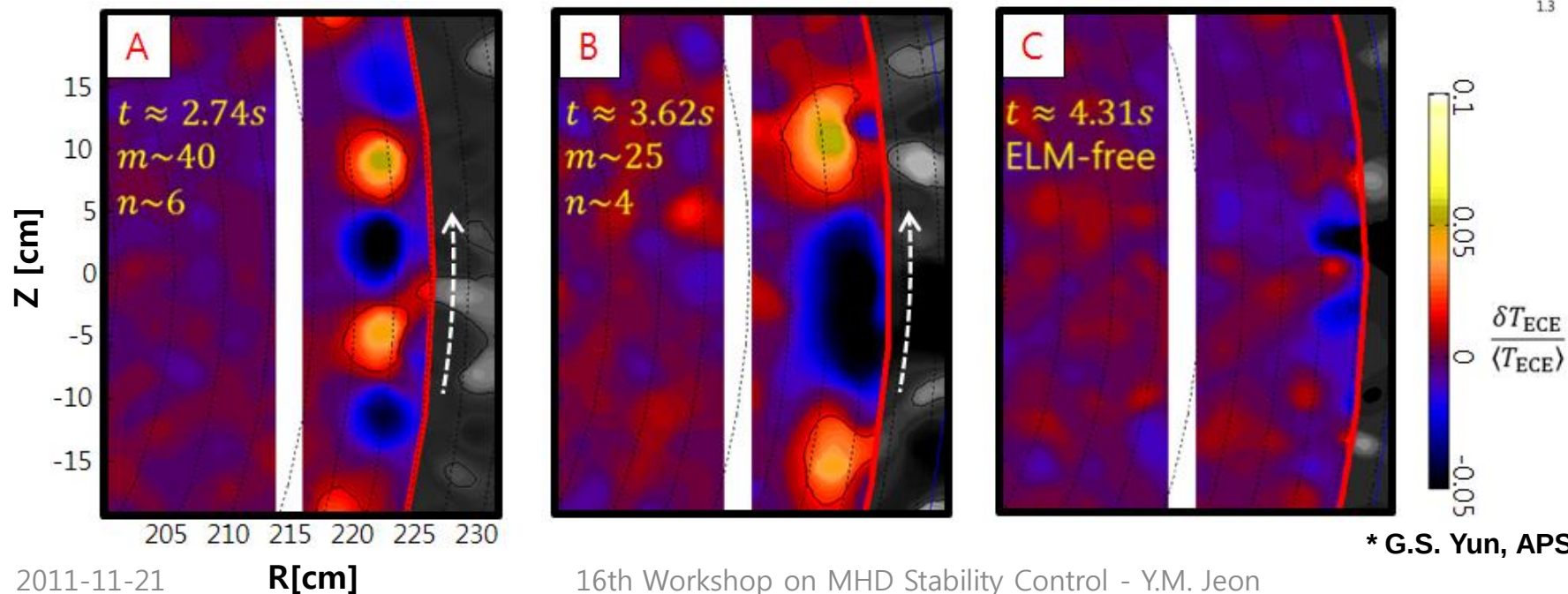
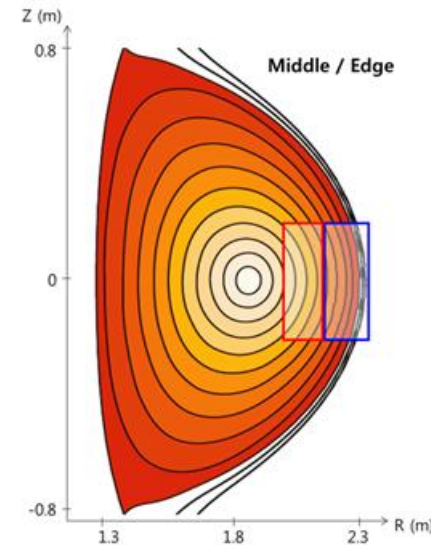
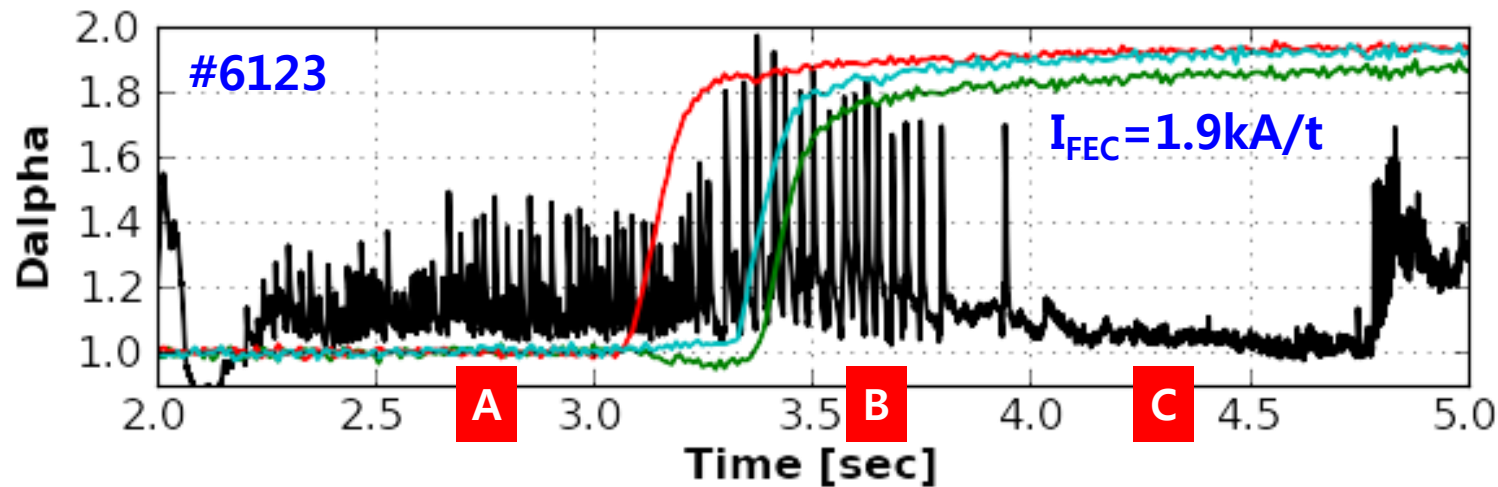
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Mid-FEC May Responsible for ELM-Excitation



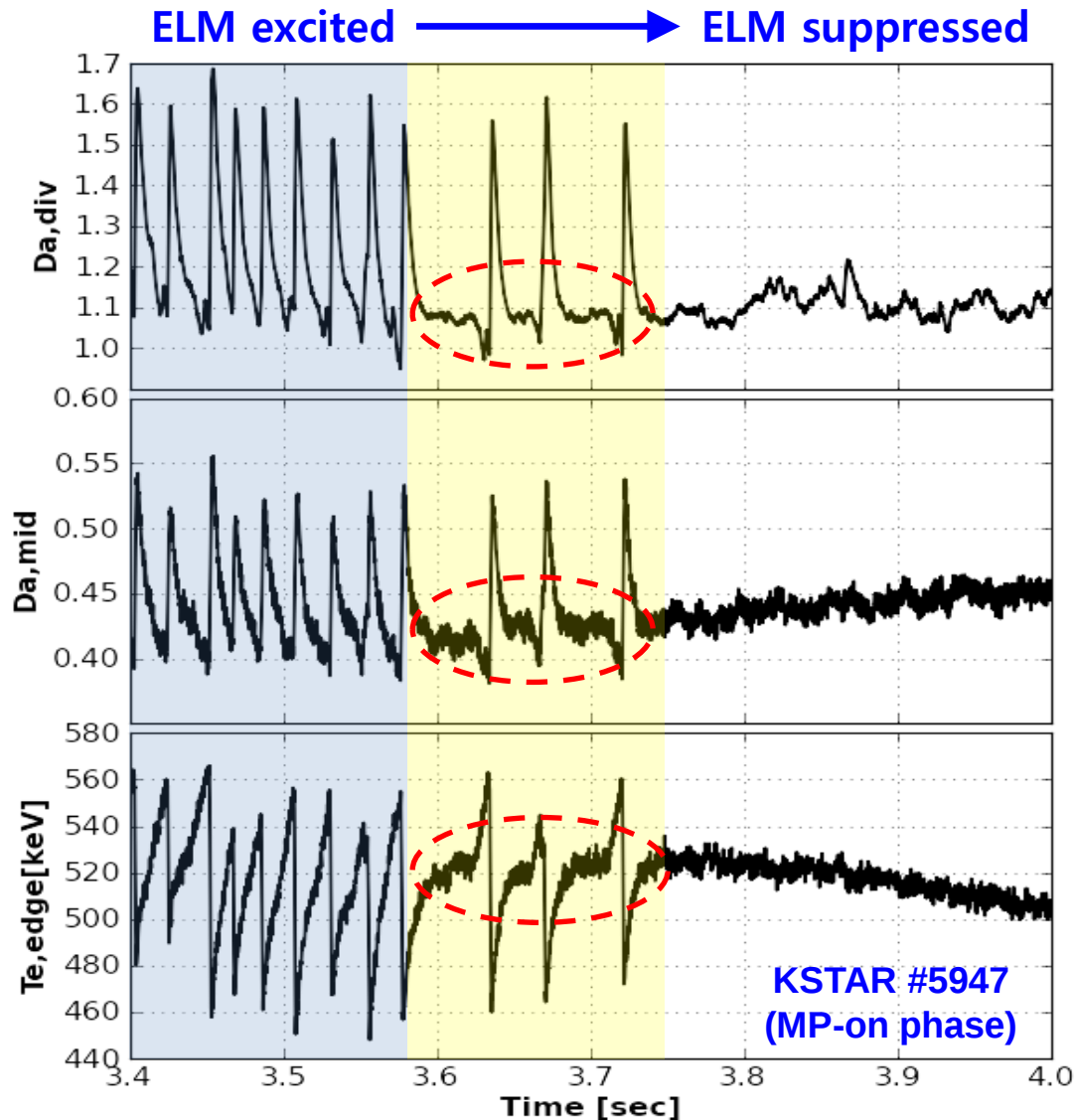
- ELMs excitation observed as expected
- Similar evolutions of global parameters with those on the initial ELM-excited phase
- Note that ELM-excitation should be distinguished from ELM-triggering
- Therefore, mixed MPs made two phases ELMs
i.e. 'mid-FEC alone' + 'n=1, +90'

ELMs Were Suppressed Rather Than Mitigated



* G.S. Yun, APS invited, YI2 (2011)

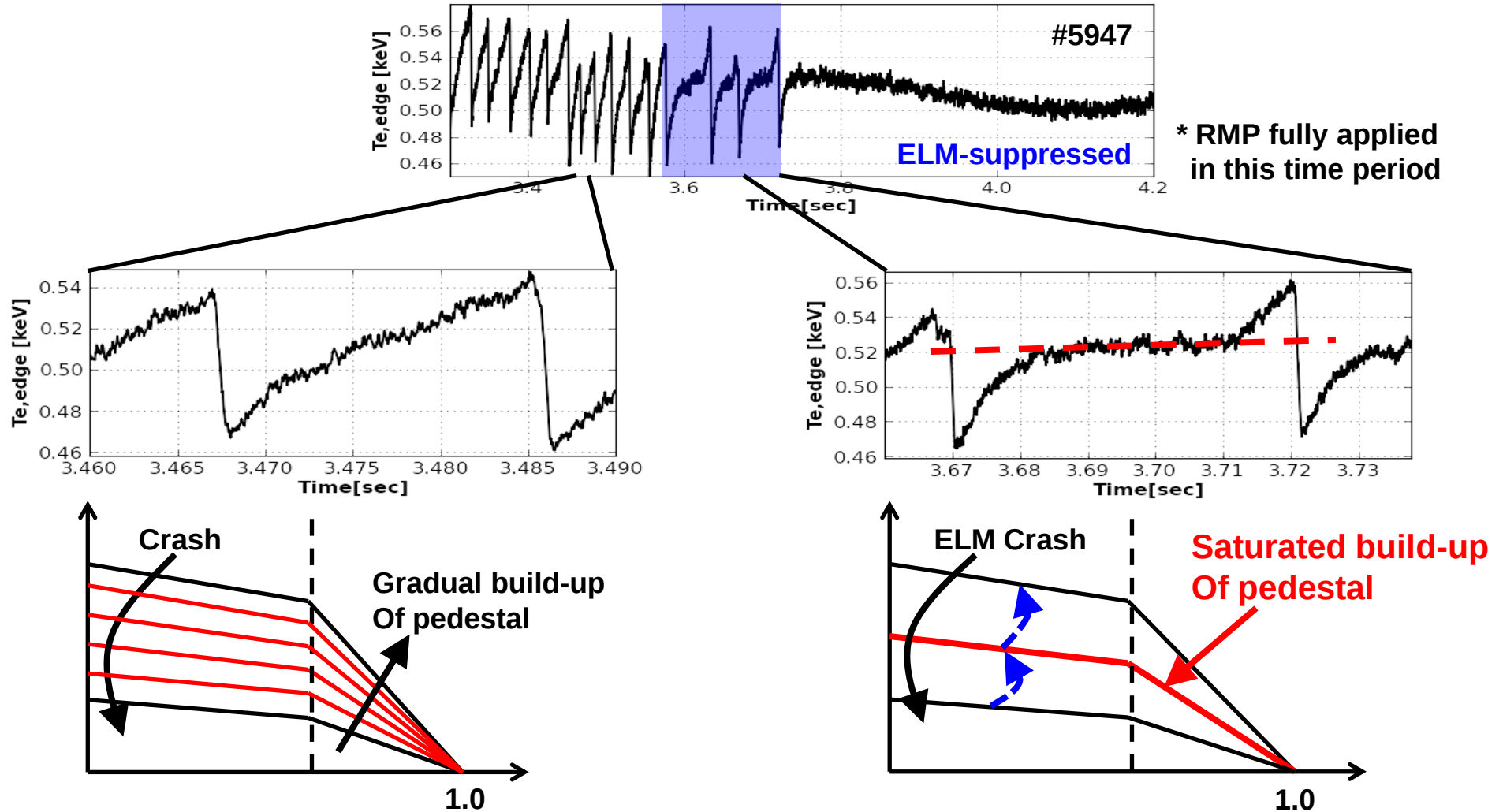
Unusual Pedestal Evolutions Observed Suggesting Edge Transport Change by MP



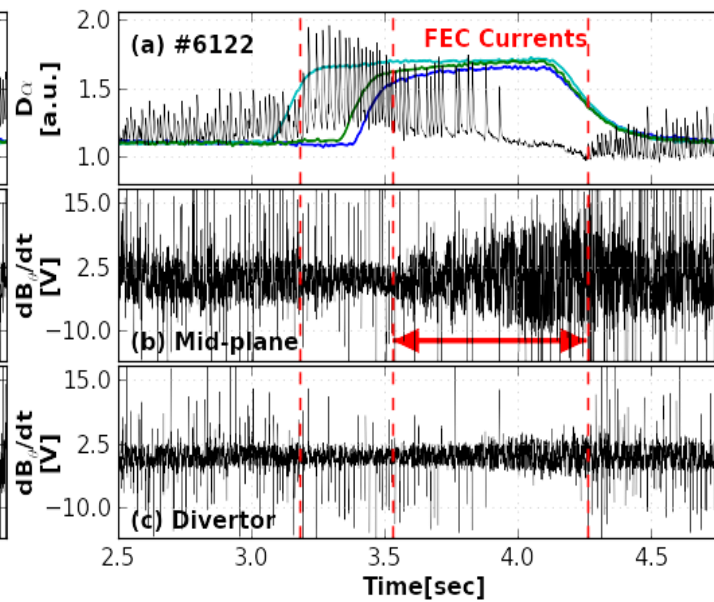
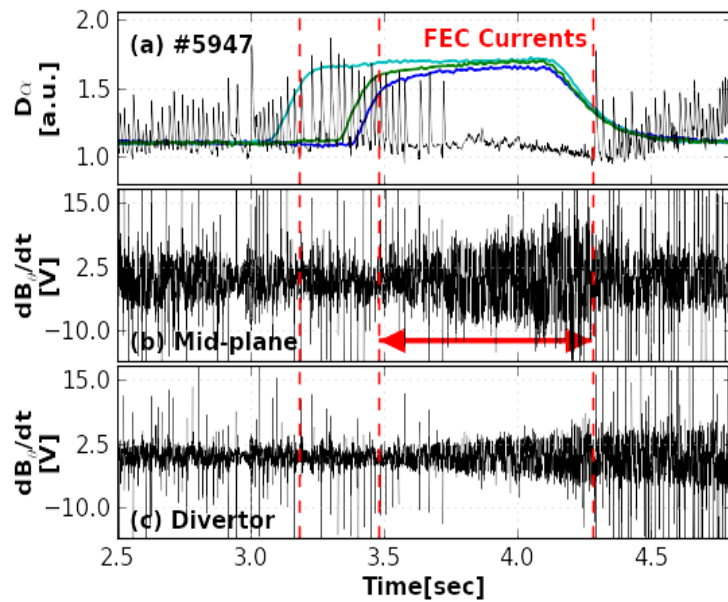
• Observations are ...

- Pedestal buildup saturated in the intermediate level
- When destabilized, it resume pedestal build-up until the original threshold level.
- After crash, it became back to the original crashed level
- Edge stability seems to be not much changed

Experimental Evidence for Edge Transport Change by MPs → **Saturation of Pedestal Evolution**

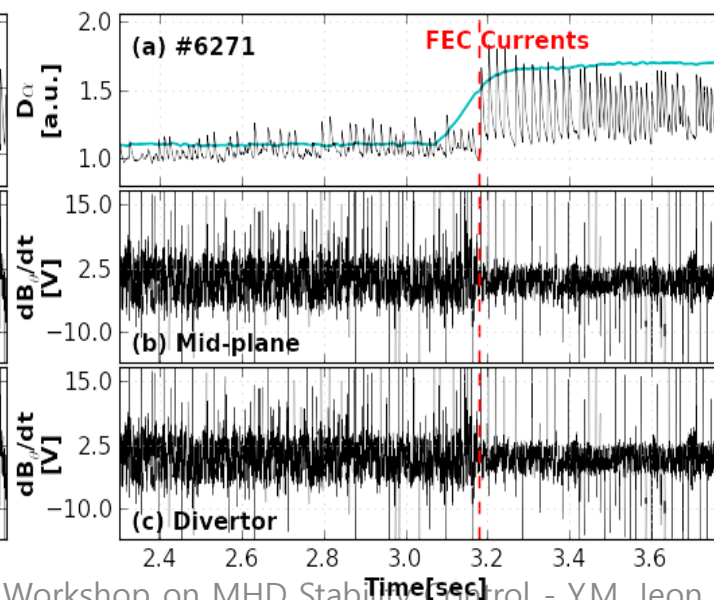
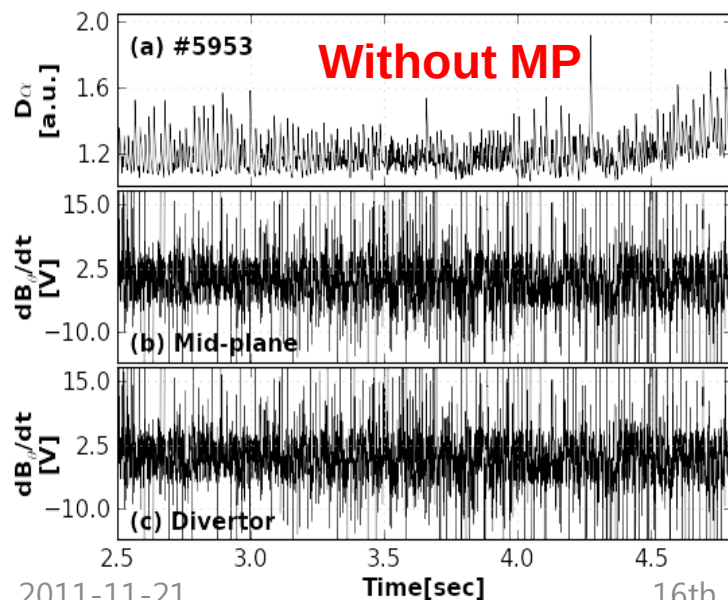


Specific Changes of Magnetic Fluctuation May Be A Clue Or Evidence for Edge Transport Change



ELM-suppressed

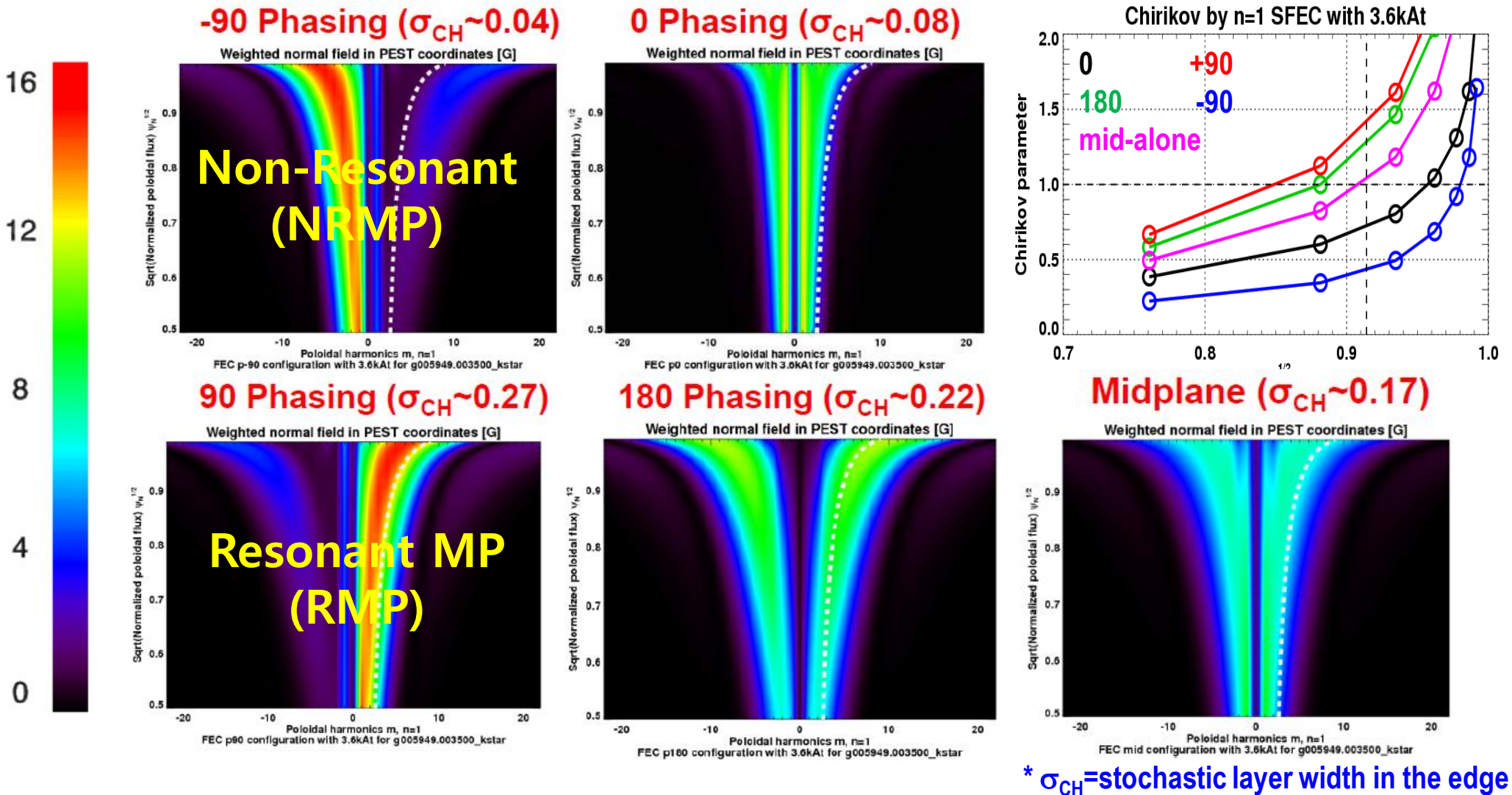
- Fluctuation rising
- Mid-plane dominant
- Broad (not specific) spectrum



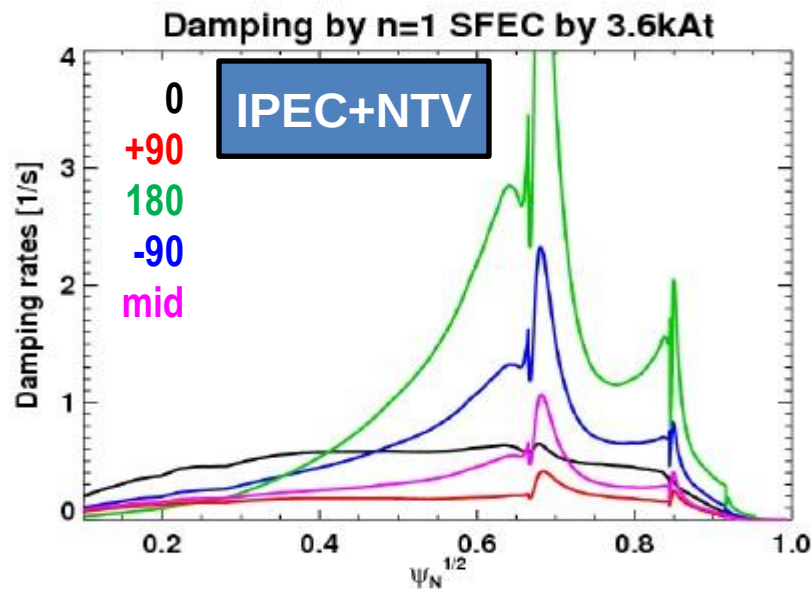
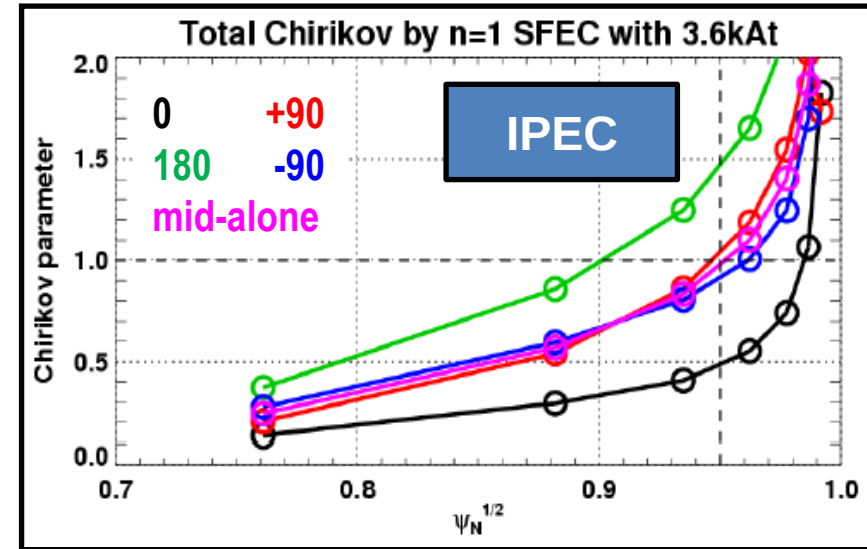
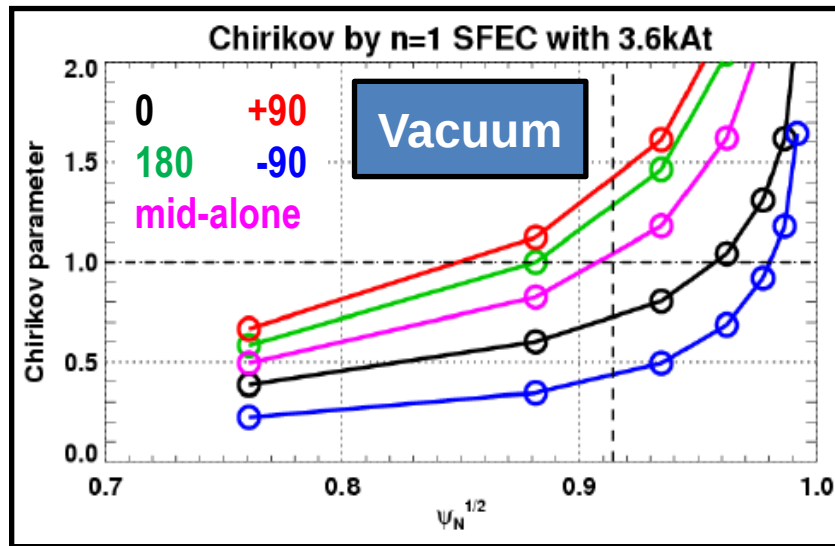
ELM-excited

- Fluctuation reduced
- both midplane and divertor

Vacuum Analysis for n=1 Magnetic Perturbations

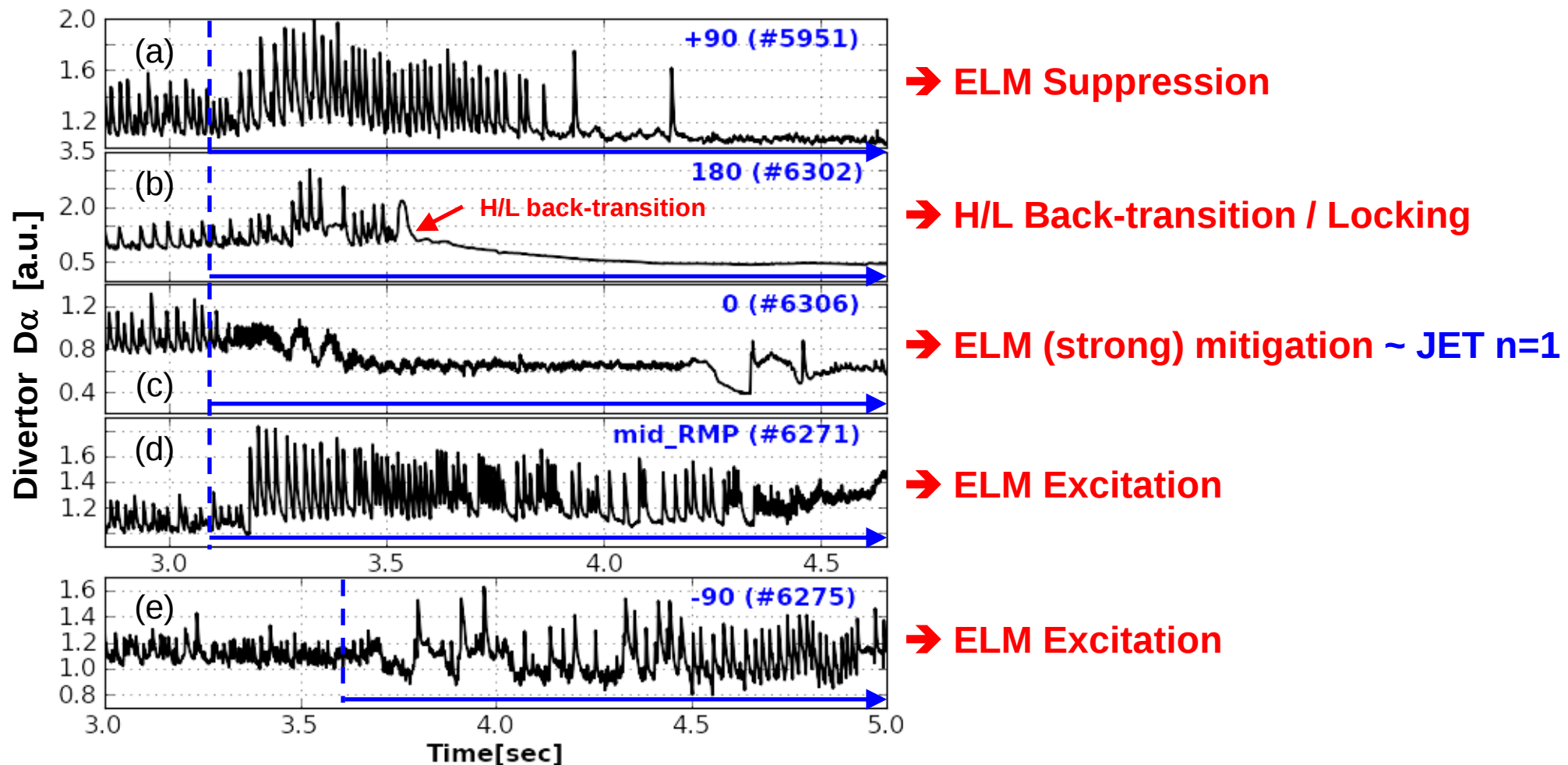


IPEC With Plasma Responses Predicts Somewhat Differently



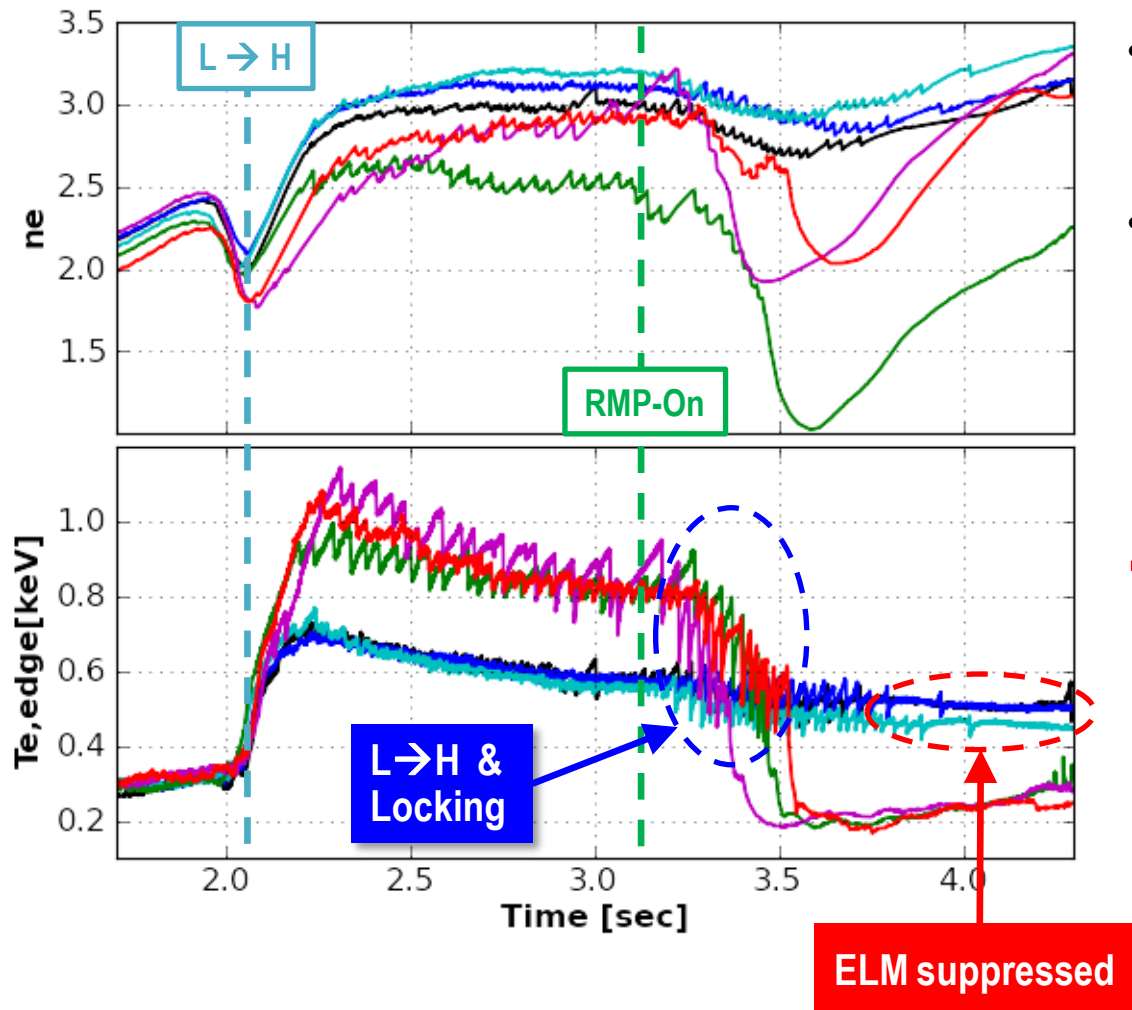
- 180 phase is the best for Chirikov
- 180 phase may have strongest rotation damping

Experimental Observations for Wide MP Spectra



- Variety of ELM responses to different MP spectra
- Various ELM controllability of MPs

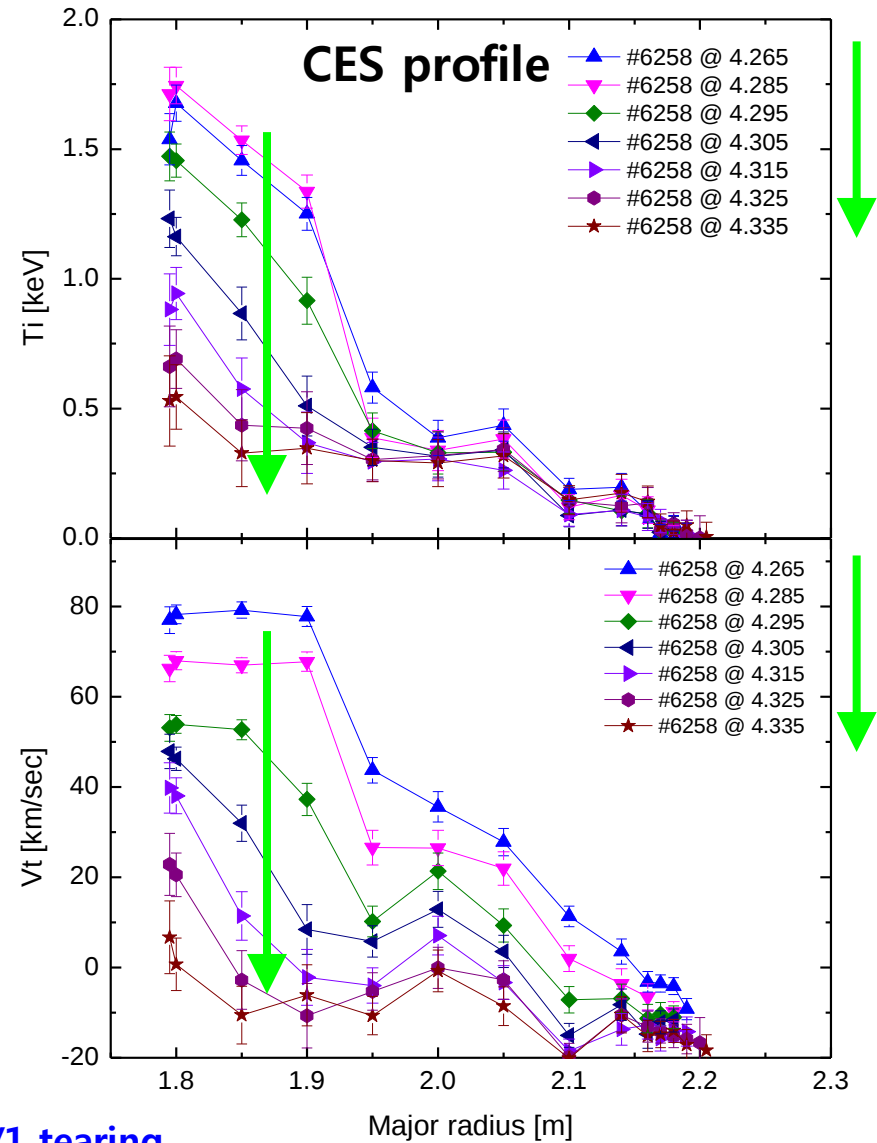
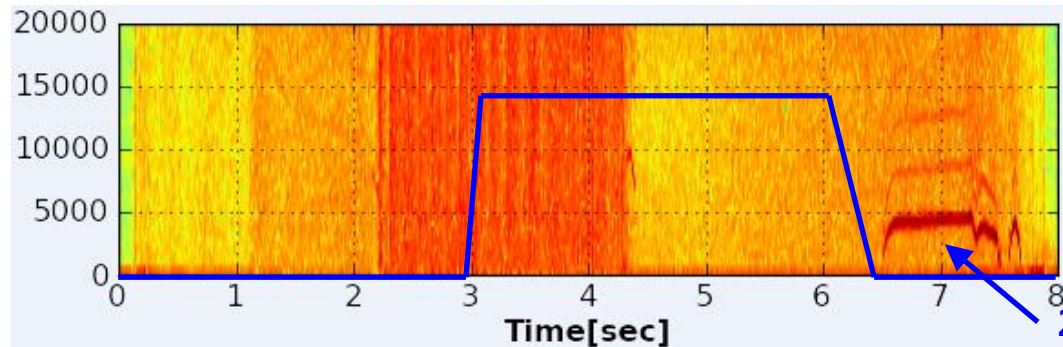
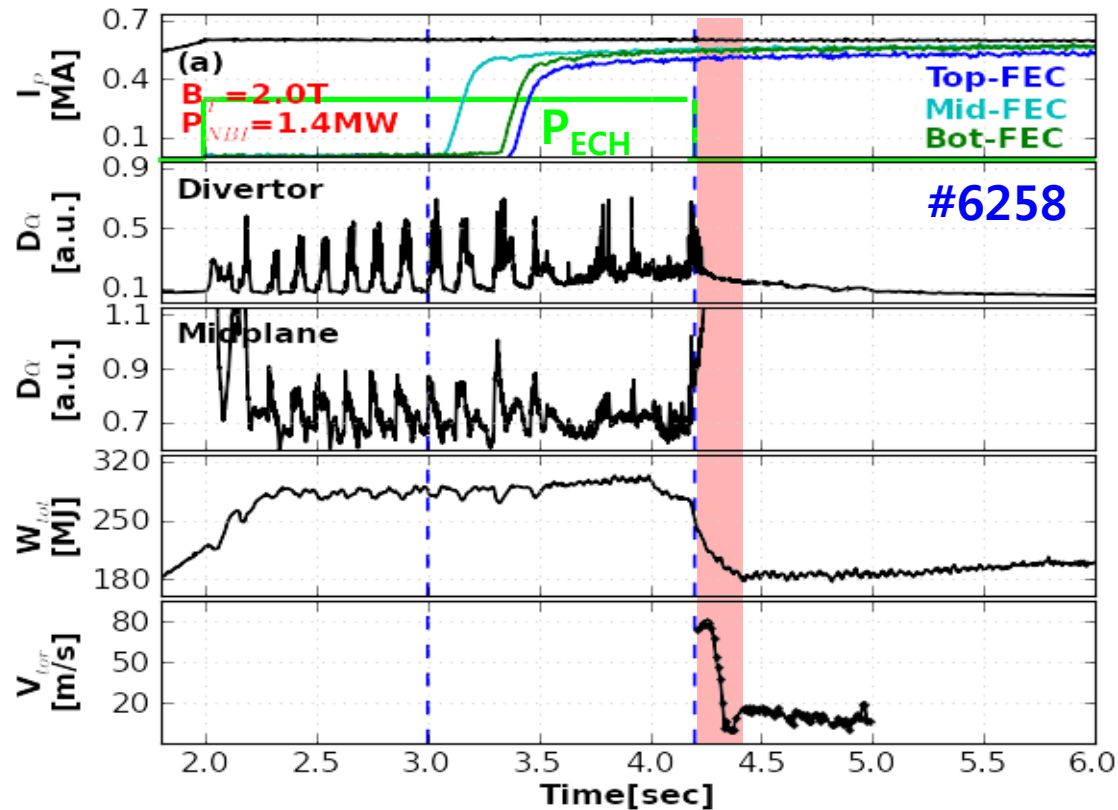
Occasionally, $H \rightarrow L$ Transition and Locking Observed Instead of ELM-Suppression, Responding to $n=1$ MPs



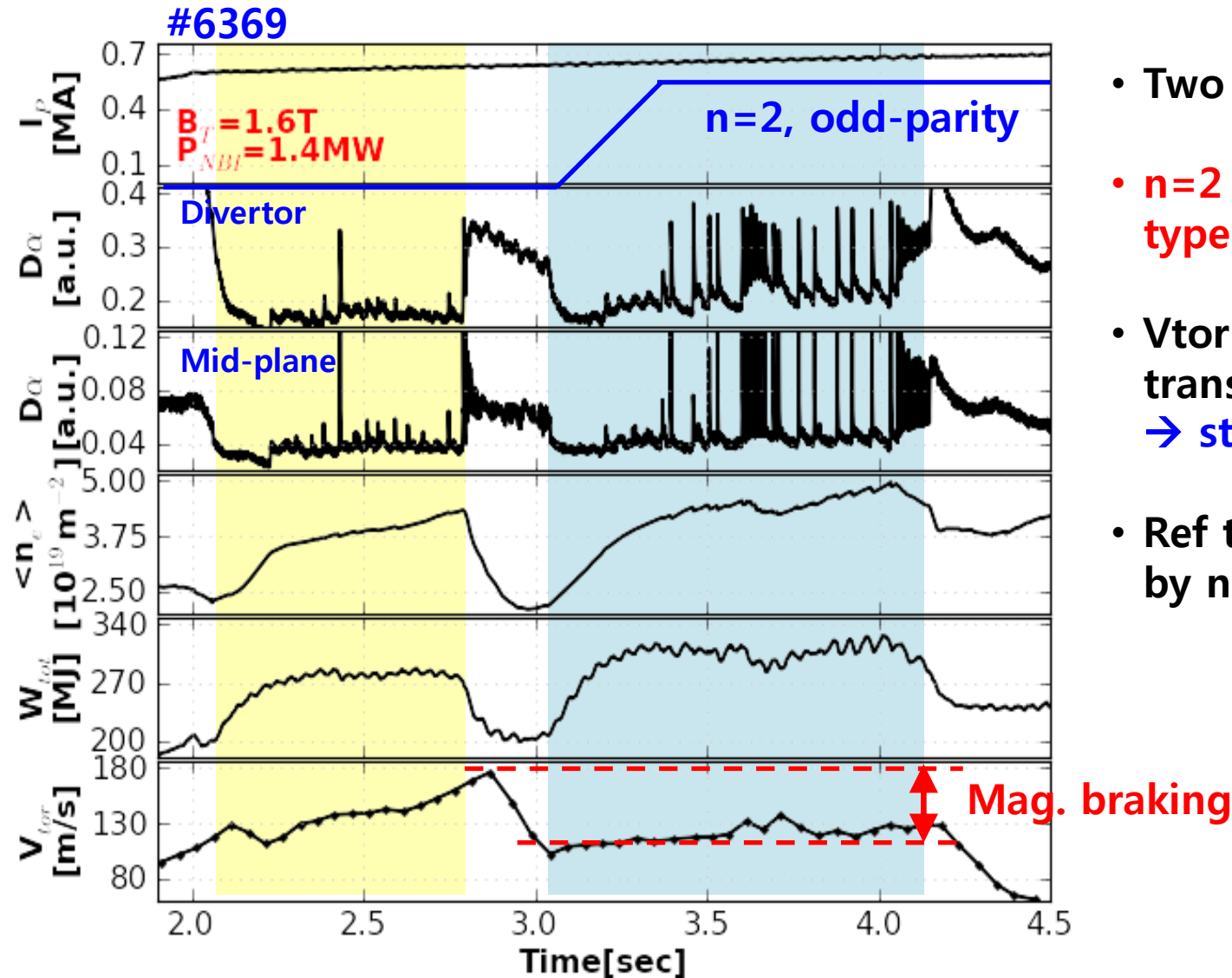
- Mode locking was one of expected plasma responses to $n=1$ MP
- A key difference in $H \rightarrow L$ /Locked discharges compared with ELM-suppressed ones is the **larger increase of edge T_e in H-mode by a factor of ~ 2 .**

→ May correlated with edge collisionality

Strong Magnetic Braking by n=1 MP Observed : Complete Locking Without Killing Plasmas



ELMs Triggered by n=2 With Odd Parity



- Two ELM-free H-mode periods
- **n=2 with odd-parity triggered type-I ELMs**
- Vtor didn't changed by L/H transition
→ **strong mag. braking**
- Ref to ELM triggering on NSTX by n=3 MP

Summary And Discussion

1. Versatile IVCC system in KSTAR

- Axisymmetric + non-axisymmetric ($n=1, 2$)
- Three poloidal coils $\rightarrow$ wide spectra of MPs
- Various applications: IVC, IRC + FEC, RWM, RMP

2. ELM control by applying non-axisymmetric MPs

- ELMs suppressed completely by $n=1$ MP
- Various ELM responses
 - : suppression, excitation, mitigation, locking, triggering
- Saturated pedestal evolutions with specific change of mag. fluctuations
- Strong mag. braking by $n=1$ MPs

3. Worth to note that ...

- Variety of ELM responses to different mag. spectra
- Wide controllability of ELMs by applying MPs
- Important to understand what made different responses such as

mitigation	$\leftrightarrow$	excitation
suppression	$\leftrightarrow$	triggering