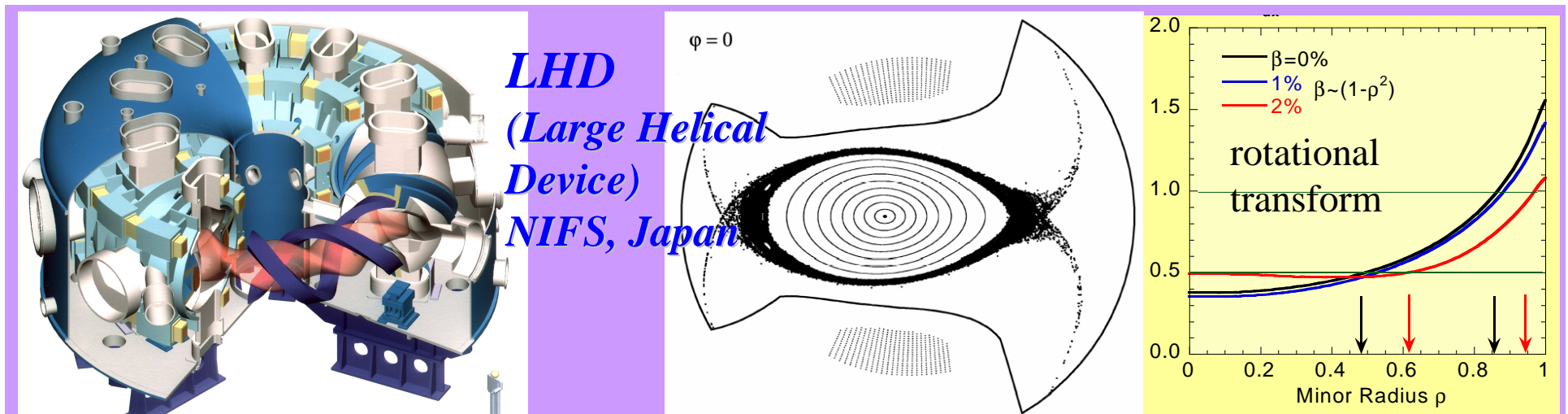


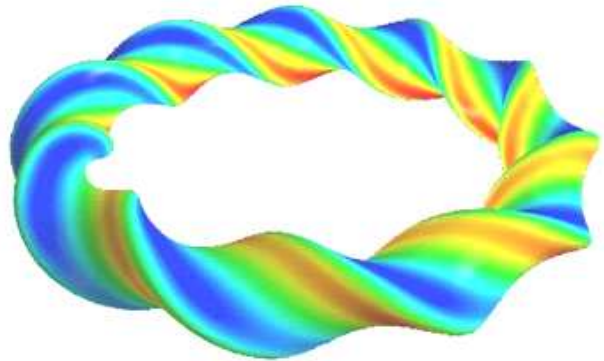
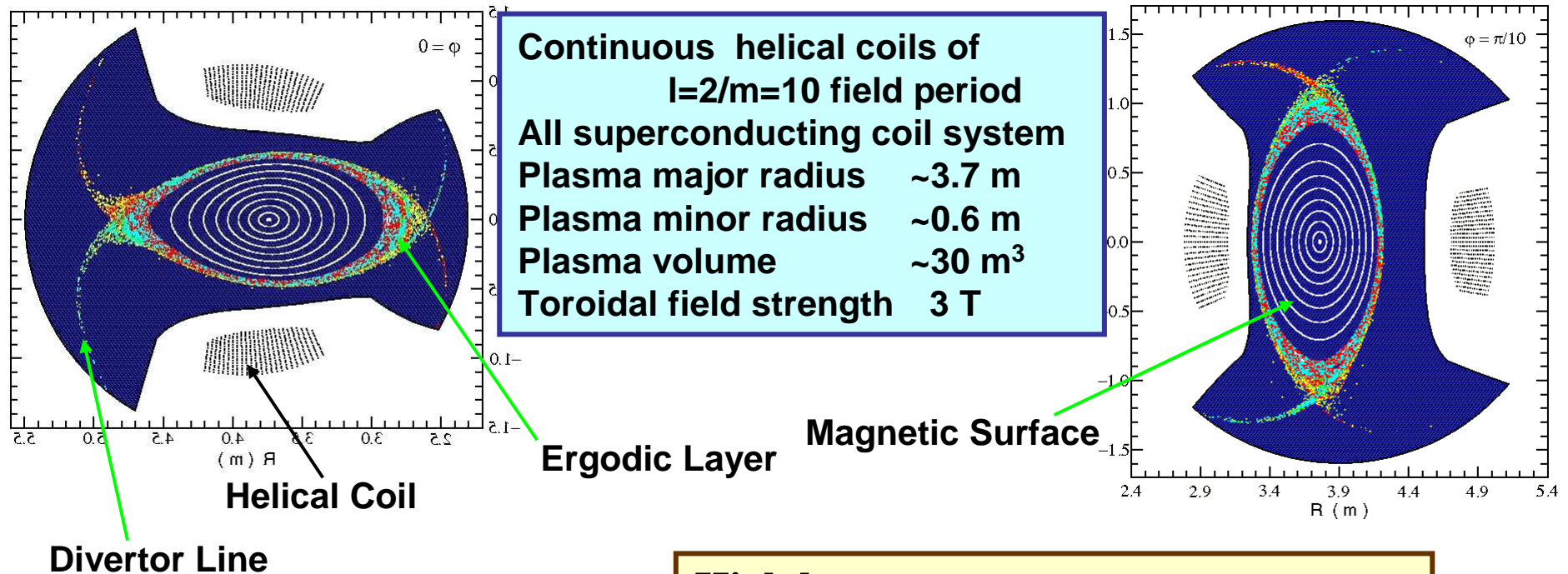
LHD experiments relevant to Tokamak MHD control

- Effect of Stochastic Field and Resonant Magnetic Perturbation on Global MHD Fluctuation -

K.Y.Watanabe, NIFS(Japan)
behalf on high beta-MHD group in LHD experiment



Structure and plasma achievement of LHD



High beta

$\langle \beta \rangle = 5.1$ % at $B = 0.425$ T

High density

$n_e(0) = 1.2 \times 10^{21} \text{ m}^{-3}$ at $B = 2.5$ T

High ion temperature

$T_i = 5.6$ keV at $n_e = 1.6 \times 10^{19} \text{ m}^{-3}$

accompanied by impurity hole

Long pulse : 0.6 MW for 1 hour

$n \tau_E T = 5 \times 10^{19} \text{ m}^{-3} \text{ s keV}$

Introduction

Recently MHD stabilities in tokamaks related with RMP, stochastic fields and the islands are strongly concerned.

RWM control;

Interaction between MHD instability and Resonant Magnetic Perturbations

ELM control;

Suppression/Mitigation of ELM activities due stochasitization of edge magnetic fields

NTM;

Island dynamics through interaction among seed island, NC current, flow and so on.

Mag. Perturb., Stochastic region of Mag. Field and Islands are induced even in Vac. Config. in Stell./Heliotrons

=> Responses of MHD instabilities on them are observed.

Today's talk

The background of the slide is a photograph of the interior of the Large Helical Device (LHD) tokamak. It shows a complex arrangement of metallic structures, including the helical field coils and various diagnostic and support systems, all within a large, industrial-scale vacuum chamber.

Outline

0. Characteristics of MHD insta. in LHD

1. Effect of Mag. Perturb. Field on Global MHD Fluc

(1) Resonant MP

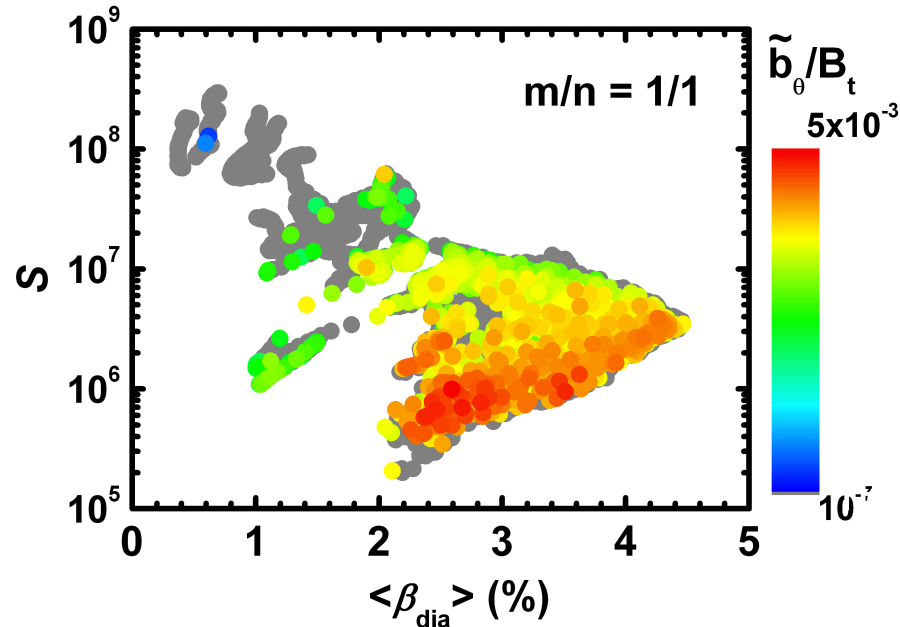
(2) Non-resonant MP

2. Effect of Stochastic on Global MHD Fluc

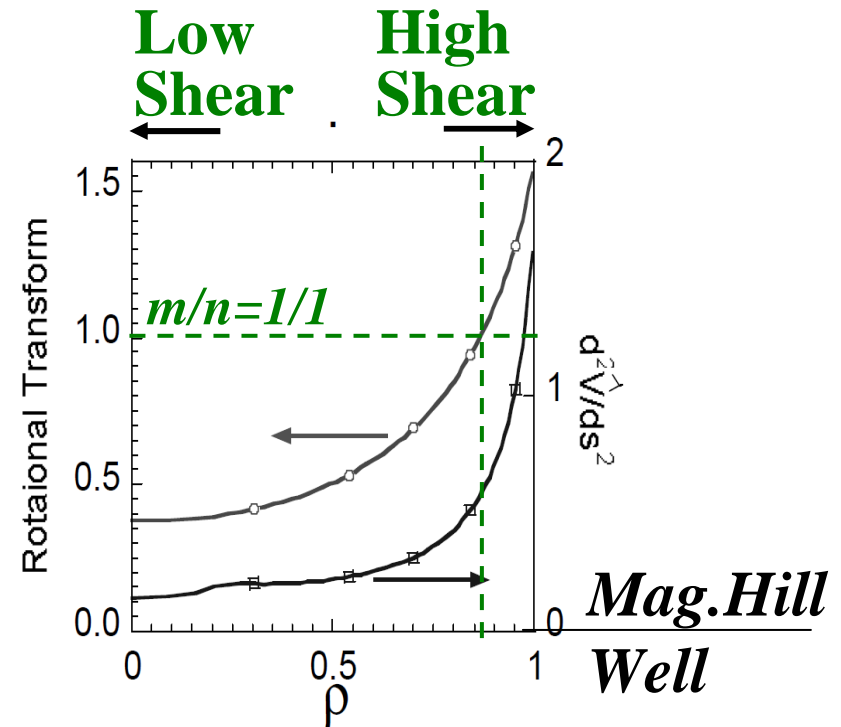
3. Discussion

Characteristics of MHD instability in LHD

Amp. mag. fluc. low-mn



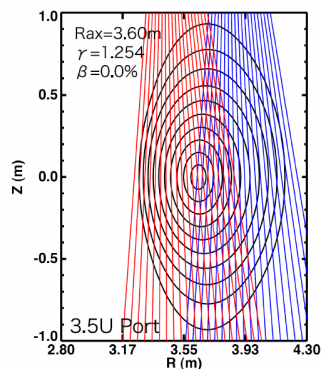
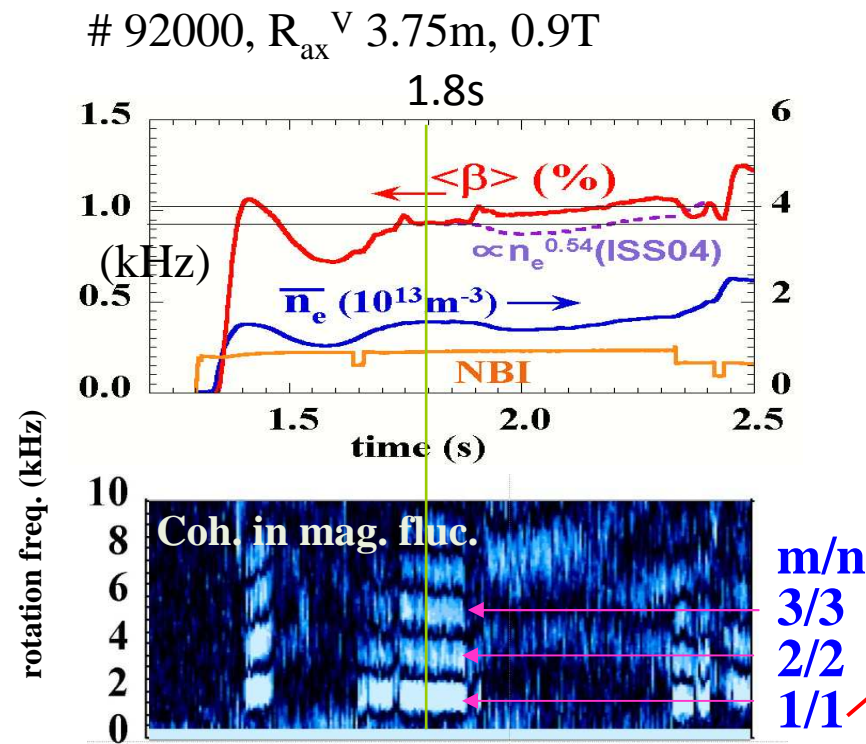
Volume ave. tor. β upto 5%
Mag, Reynolds # $10^6 \sim 10^9$



Whole region; Hill

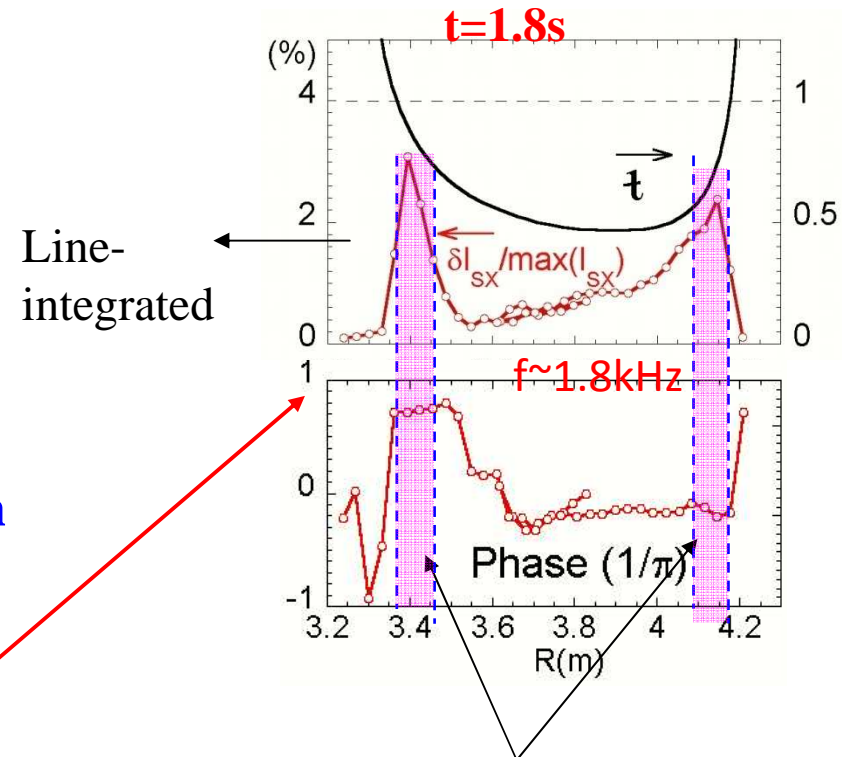
Mag. fluc. of global MHD insta. resonated with peripheral low-order rational surf. are observed in high β regime.

Characteristics of m/n=1/1 mode structure



Sight lines of SX

Radial profile of SXR fluctuation amplitude



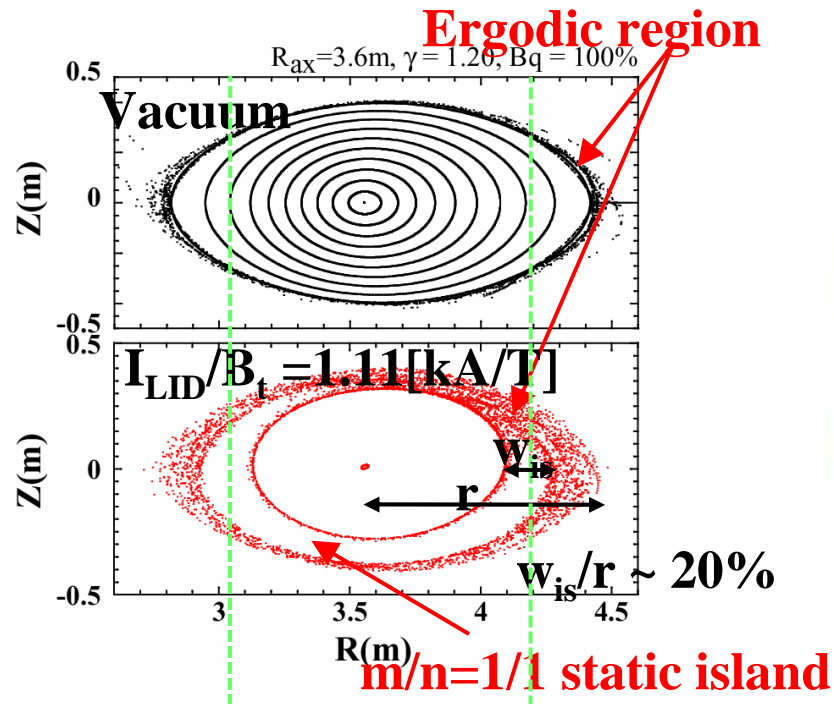
No phase inversion
(No mag. island structure?)
=> Similar structure to linear
theory prediction of resistive
interchange MHD instability

Effect of Magnetic Perturbation on Global MHD Fluctuation

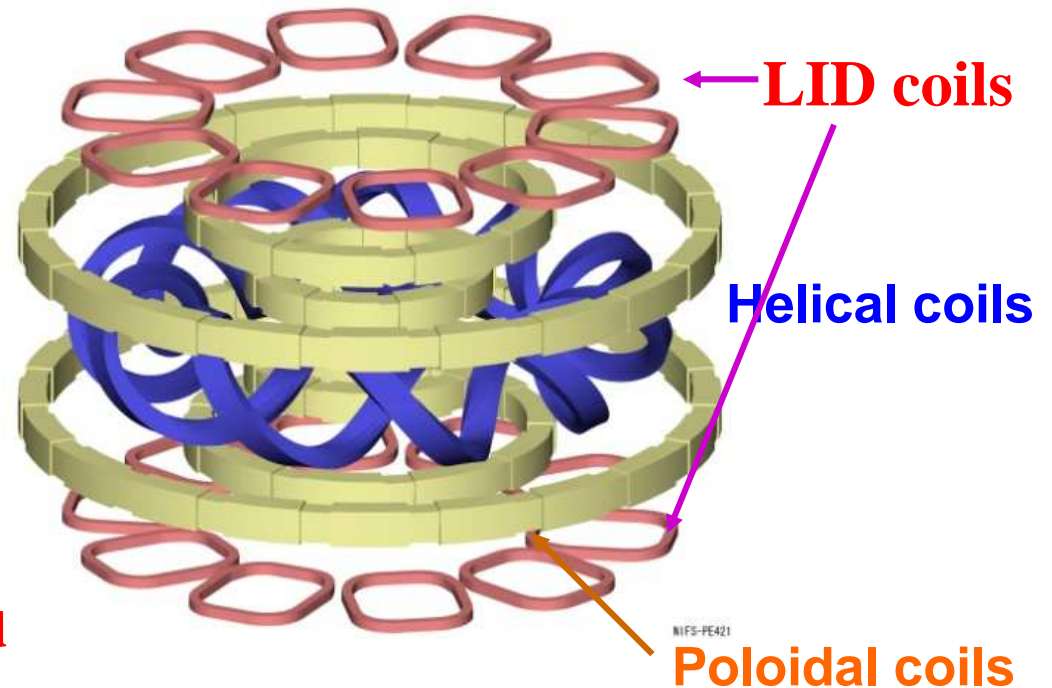
1. Resonant MP
2. Non-resonant MP

ref. S.Sakaibara et al, 33rd EPS, Rome, Italy, (2006),
F.Watanabe et al, Nucl. Fusion (2008)

Magnetic Perturbation by LID coils in LHD



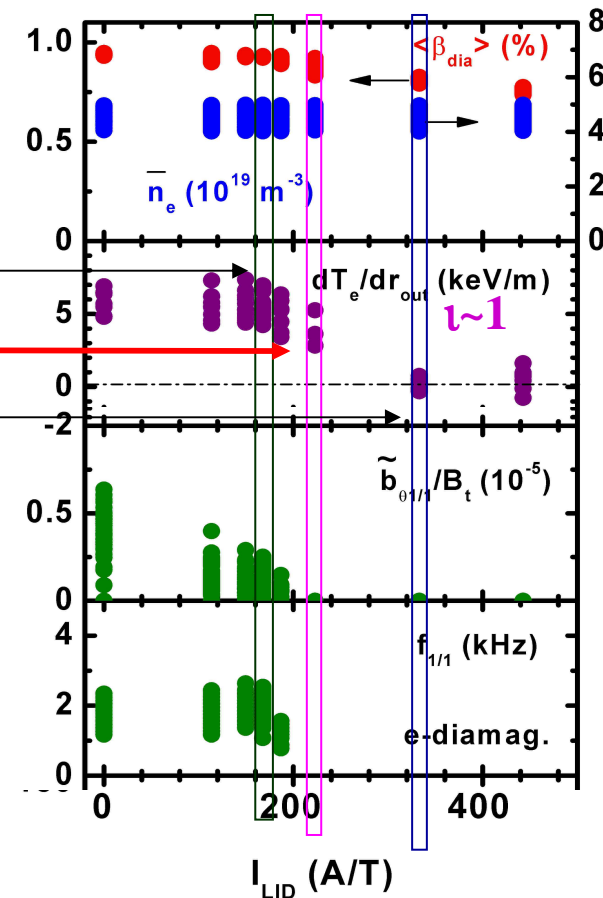
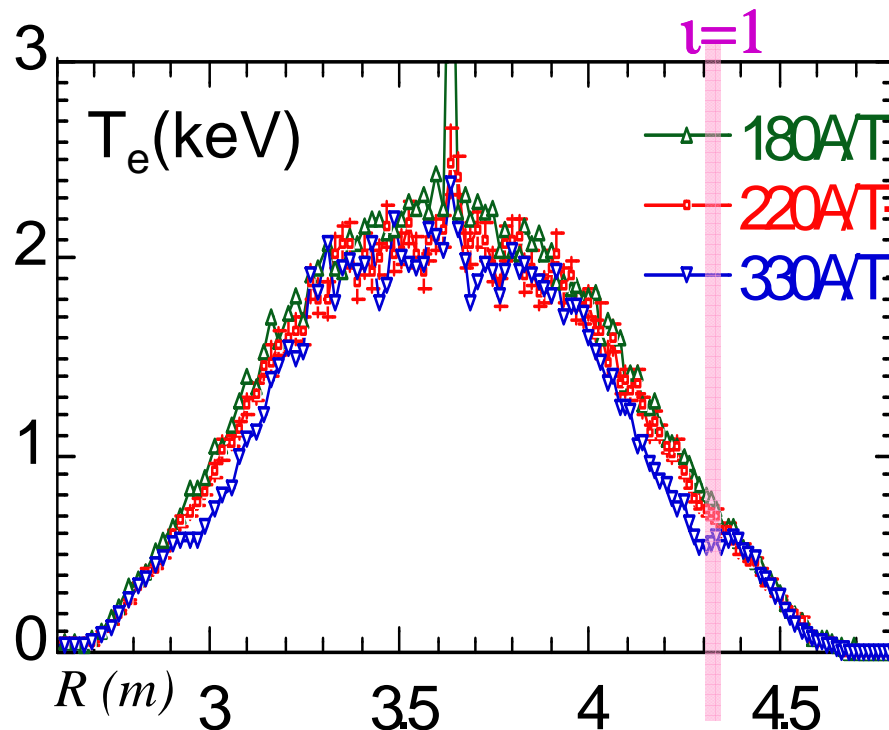
Coil systems in LHD



10 pairs LID (for Local Island Divertor config.) coils
produce $m/n=1/1$ RMP.
 $m/n=1/1$ MP of $I_{LID}/B_0 \sim 1\text{kA/T} \Rightarrow w_{is}/r \sim 20\%$ island in vac.

Suppression of $m/n = 1/1$ mode by resonant mag. field

$R_{ax} = 3.6$ m, $B_t = 2.75$ T, $A_p = 5.7$, NBI,
 $\langle \beta \rangle \sim 1\%$, $D_I < 0.2$, $D_R > 0$, $S \sim 10^7$

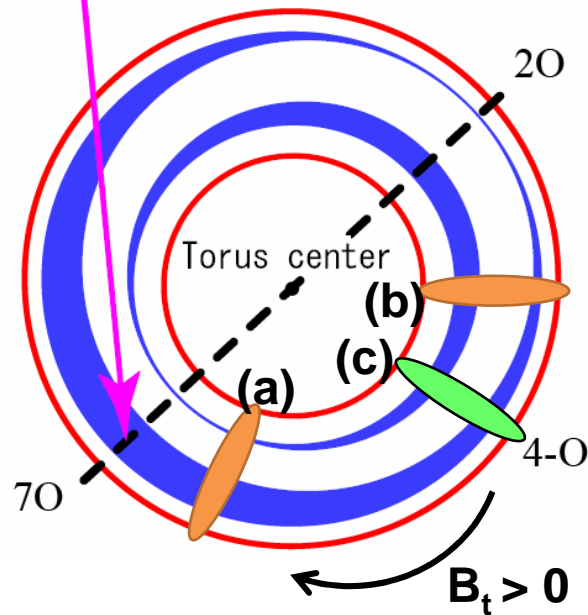


At $I_{LID} = 220$ A/T ($W/a_p \sim 0.20$),
 Fluc. disappears despite finite grad. T_e remains near $\iota=1$ surf.

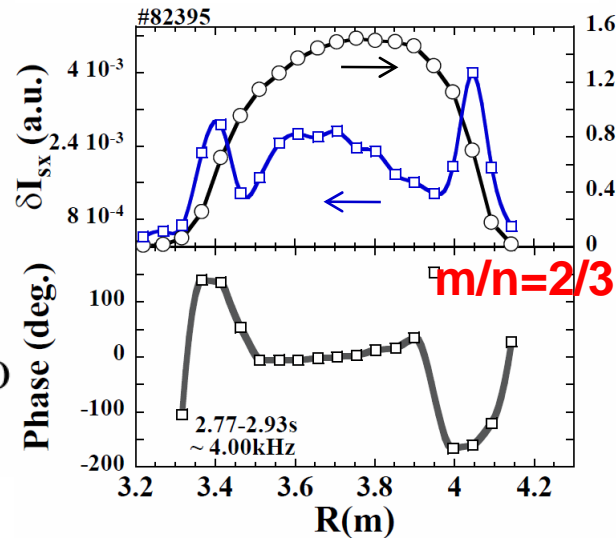
Amp. of Fluc. decreases with reduction of the gradient. Then the mode frequency slowed down.

Radial Profiles of MHD Modes with Low Mag. Perturb. ($I_{LID}/B_t = 0.57 \text{ kA/T}$)

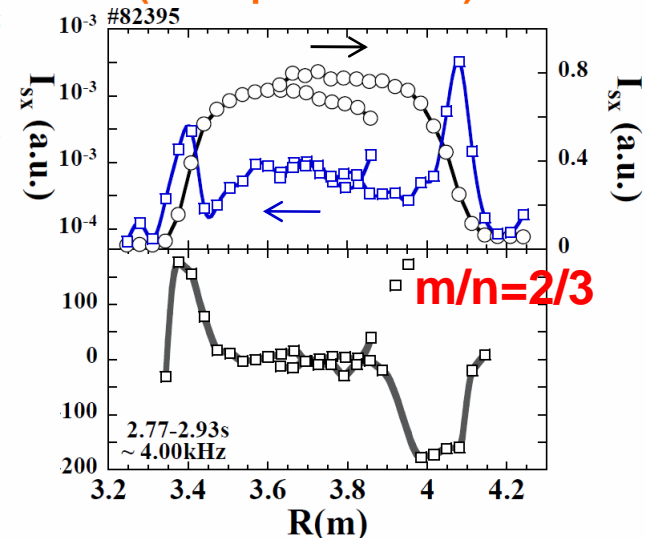
O-point of $m/n=1/1$ static island



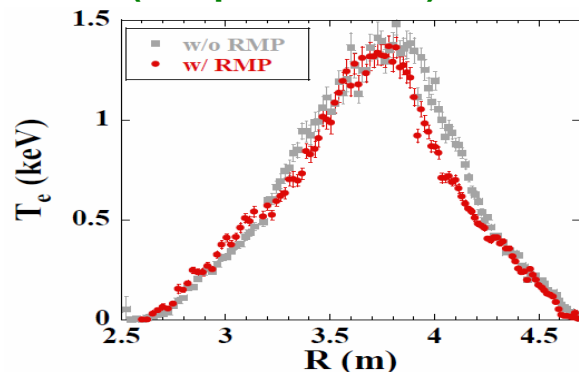
(a) Vertically elongated section
(6.5-U port section)



(b) Vertically elongated section
(3.5-U port section)



(c) Horizontally elongated section
(4-O port section)



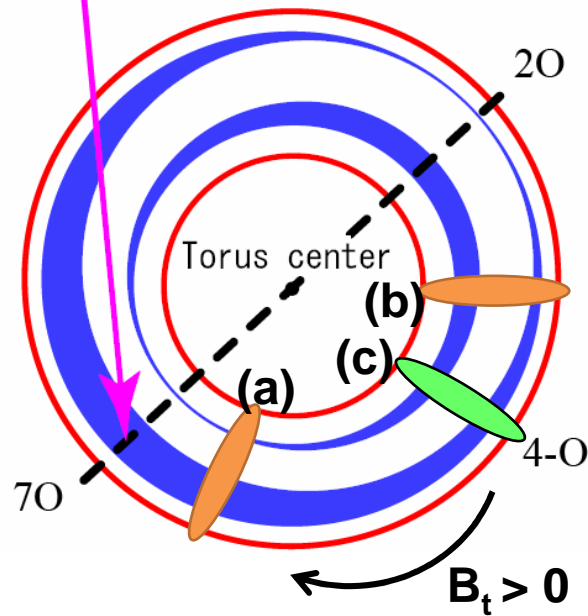
Low MP (0.57kA/T)

Mode has Interchange like structure.

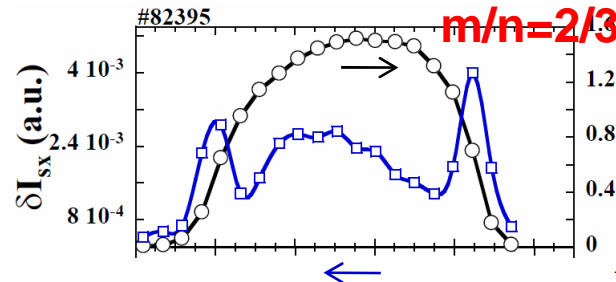
$m/n=1/1$ static island isn't Clear in T_e prof.

Radial Profiles of MHD Modes with Large Mag. Perturb. ($I_{LID}/B_t = 1.13 \text{ kA/T}$)

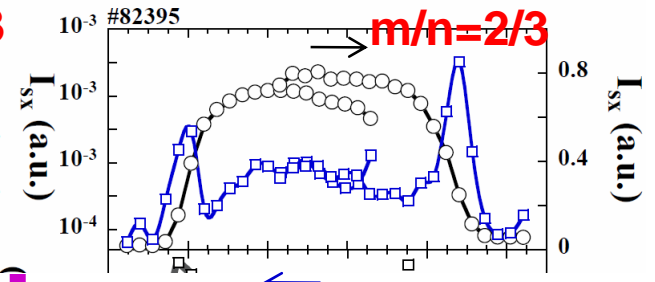
O-point of $m/n=1/1$ static island



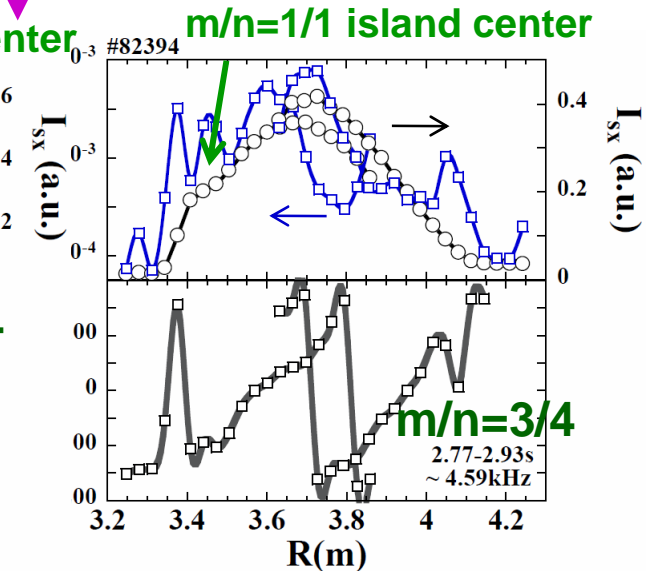
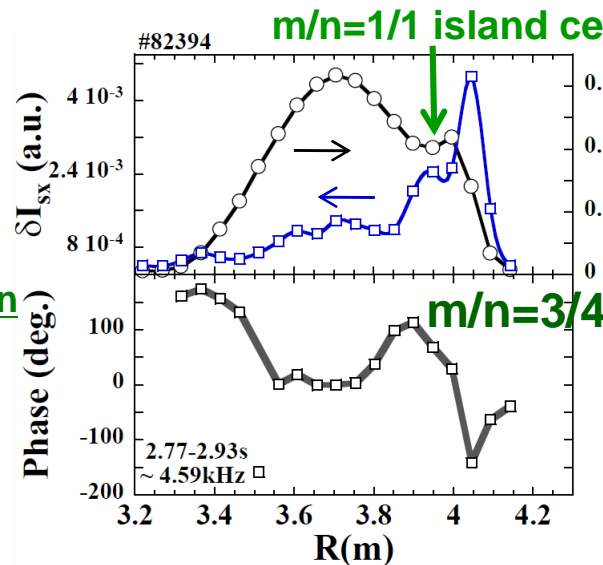
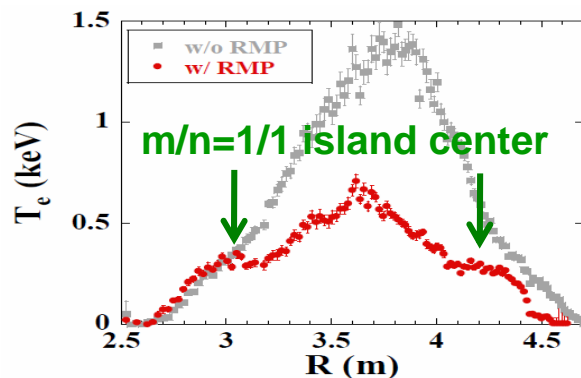
(a) Vertically elongated section
(6.5-U port section)



(b) Vertically elongated section
(3.5-U port section)



(c) Horizontally elongated section
(4-O port section)



**SX fluc in inboard side; decreased.
in outboard; strongly enhanced.**
Ballooning-like Character

Global MHD Fluctuation behavior in Stochastic Region surrounding Nested Flux Surfaces

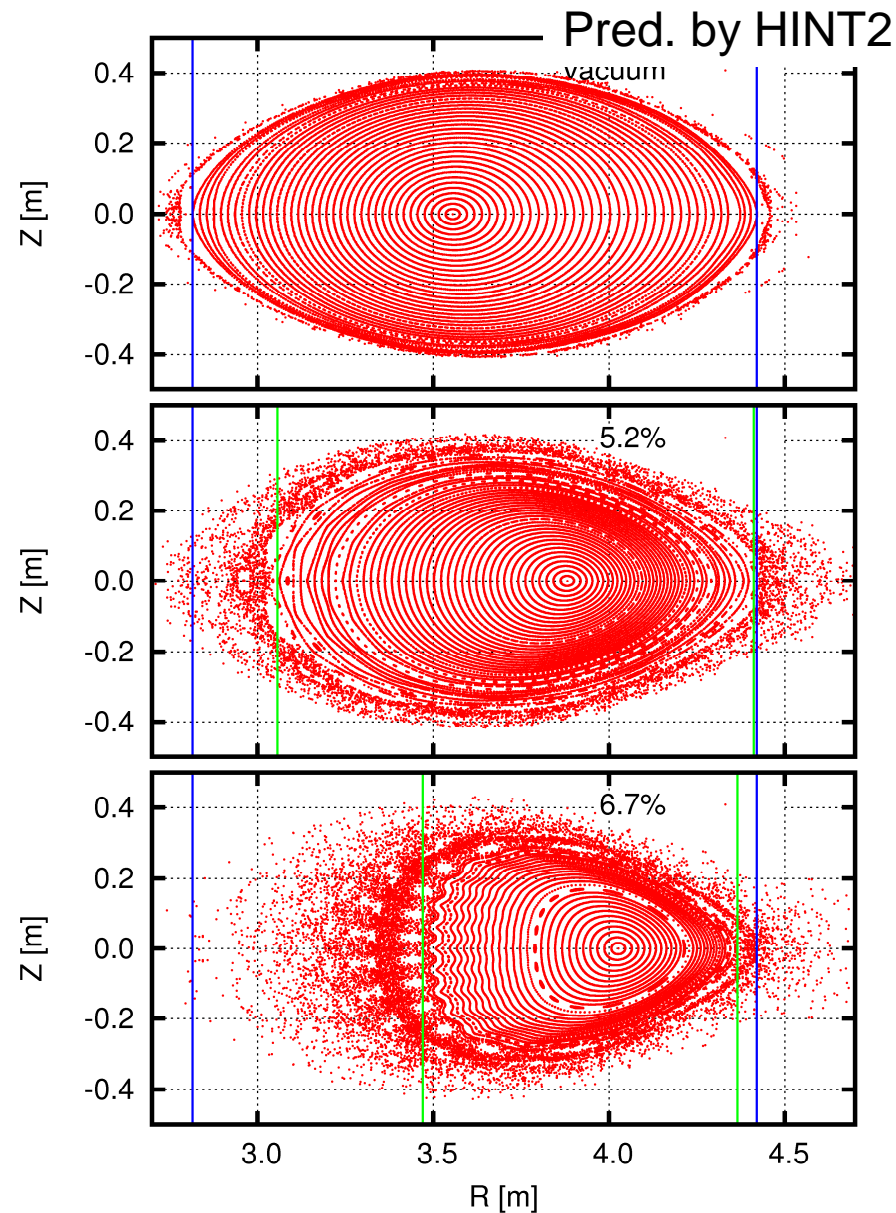
ref.

K.Y.Watanabe, Annual meeting in Jpn Soc. Plasma
& Fusion (2006)

K.Y.Watanabe, Plasma Phys. Contr. Fusion (2007)

Y.Suzuki, Plasma Fusion Res. (2009)

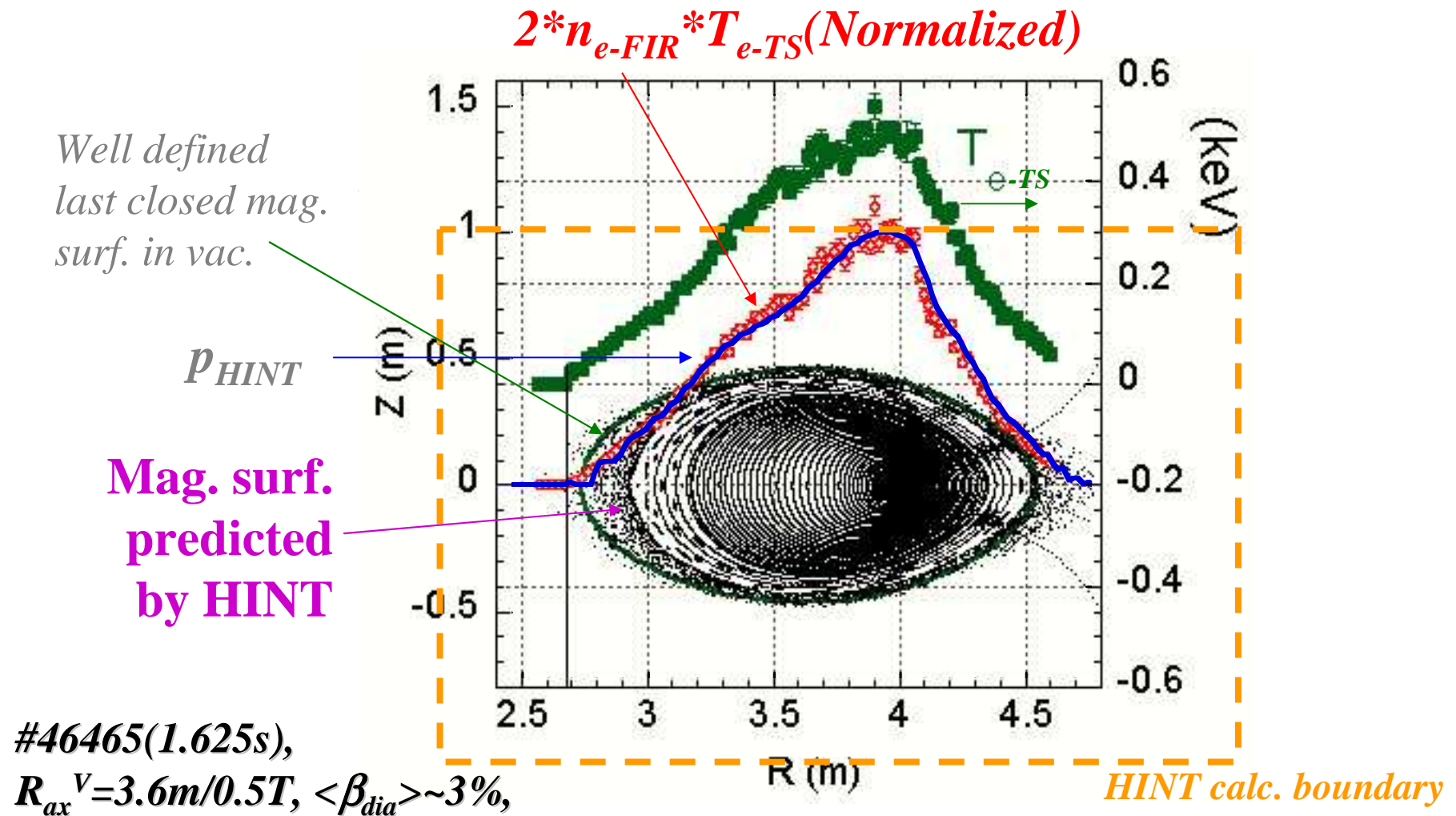
Buck ground; Extension of Stochastic region



**According to HINT calc.,
Stochastic region extends
with β
in LHD configurations**

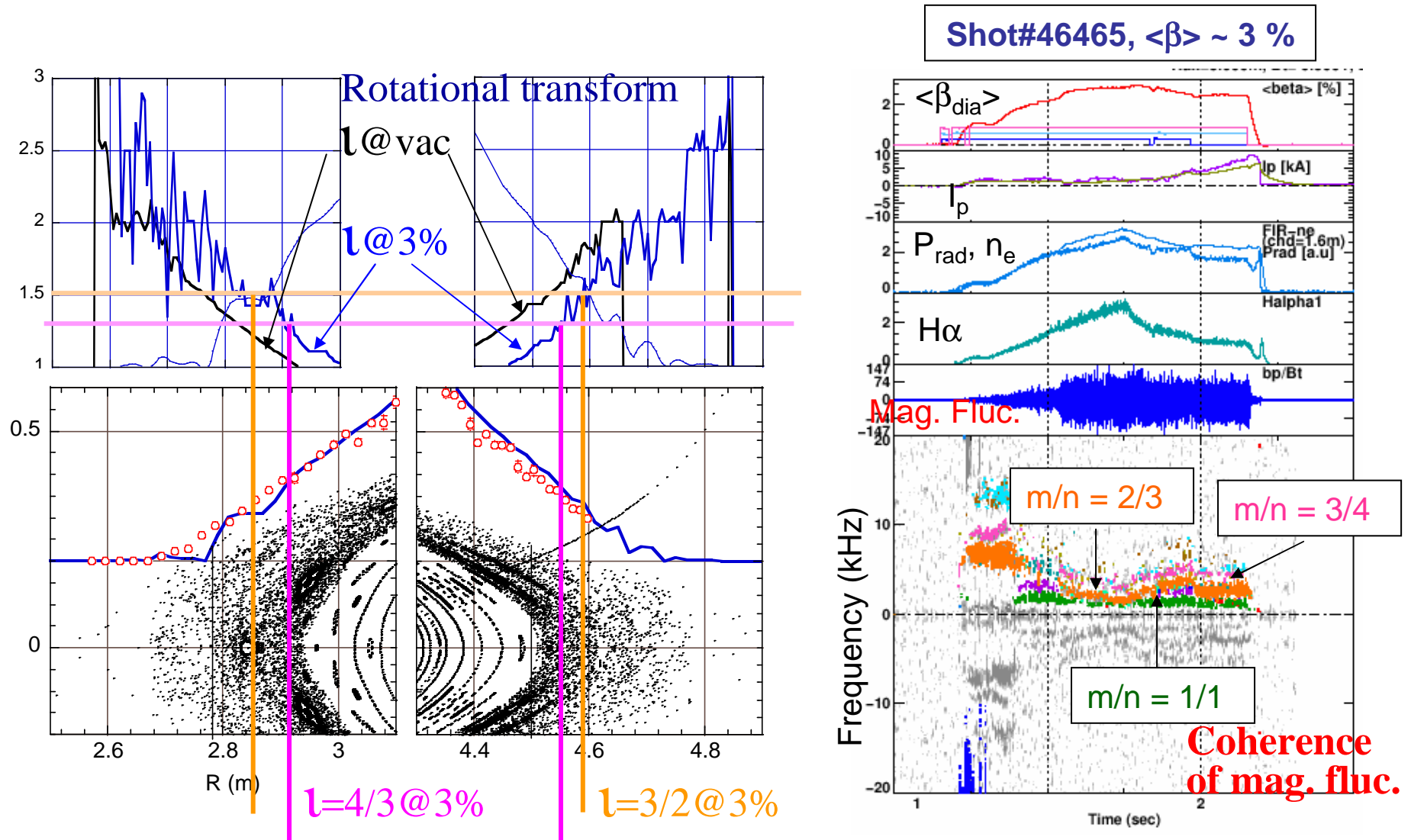
**HINT code;
Full 3D MHD equilibrium
analysis code in real coordinates
=>
can treat Islands/Stochastic fields**

Reconstructed MHD equil. and Mag. surf. in high β using HINT



*In Region; Stochastic mag. surf is expected by HINT,
 Finite p_e and T_e are observed*

Observ. of Coherent MHD fluc. in Stochastic Region



*In Region; Stochastic mag. surf is expected by HINT,
Resonated Coherent fluc. are observed*

Brief Summary

Effect of Mag. Perturb. (MP) on global MHD instabilities

- 1. Global MHD instability are suppressed by resonant MP before T_e is flattened.**
- 2. Interchange like instability is observed in small non-resonant MP and w/o MP. On the contrary, ballooning like global MHD instability appears in large non-resonant MP.**

Observation of coherent global MHD fluctuation in stochastic region in finite β plasmas predicted by HINT.

Discussion

Simulation of Interaction between MHD instabilities and Island/Stochastic field should be accelerated.

Accompany with the following experimental study;

(1) Accurate estimation of perturbed mag. Field in plasmas

Sometimes RMP looks shielded by plasmas.

(2) Confirmation of stochasticity

In actual plasmas, is mag. field stochastic?

Discussion (Cont.)

**(1) Sometimes RMP looks shielded by plasmas.
Island does NOT appear as RMP simply
superposed in vac. fields (Heals/Enhanced)**

=>

How does plasma shield RMP?

=>

**Accurate estimation of perturbed Mag. Field in
plasmas is important**

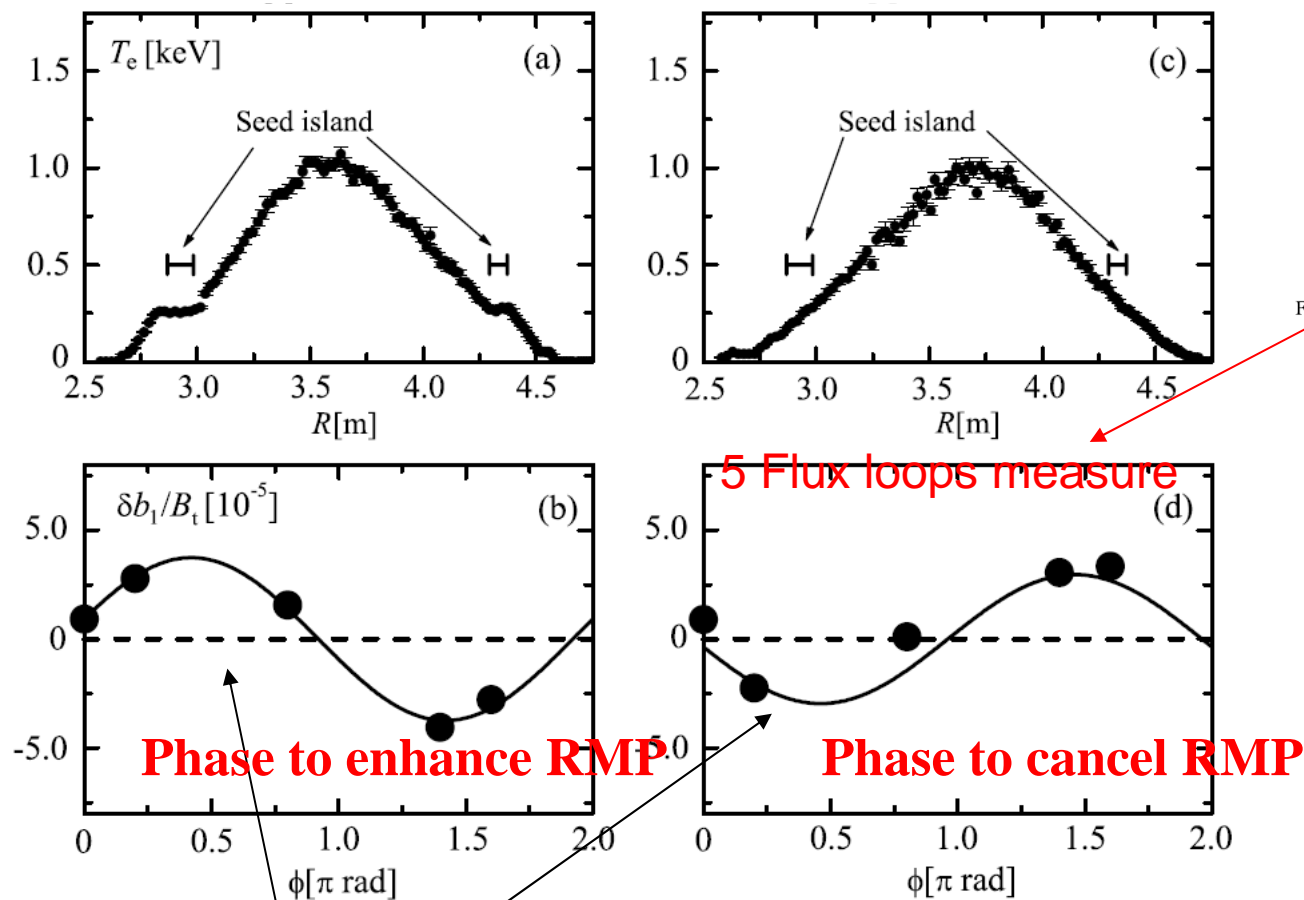
ref.

Y.Narushima, Nuclear Fusion (2008)

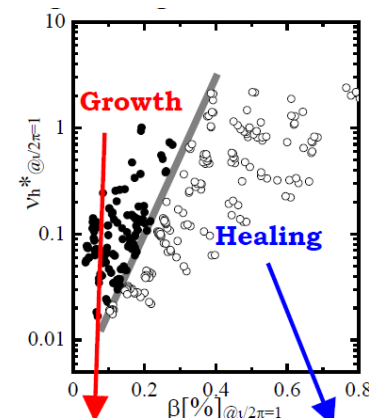
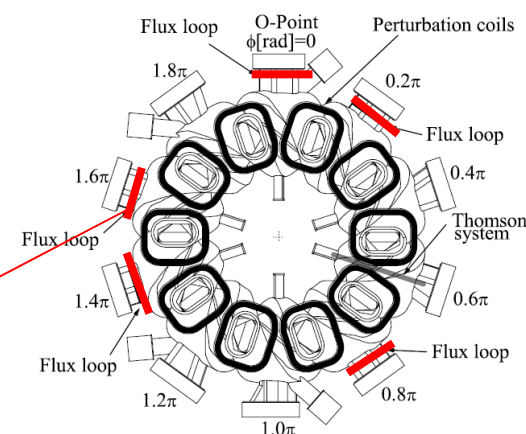
S.Sakakibara, 15th ICPP (Santiago de Chile, 2010)

Y.Narushima, 23rd IAEA Conf. (Daejeon, 2010) EX/5-2

Island does NOT appear as RMP simply superposed in vac. (Heals/Enhanced)



Top view of LHD

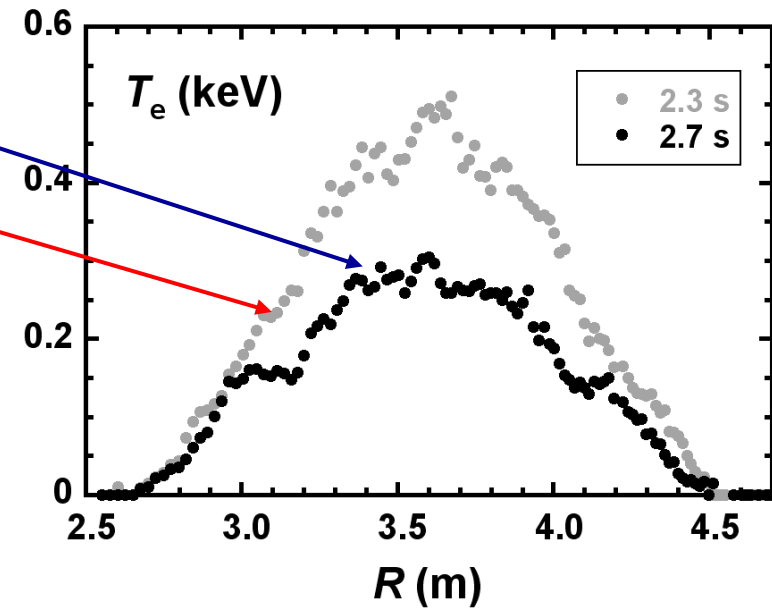
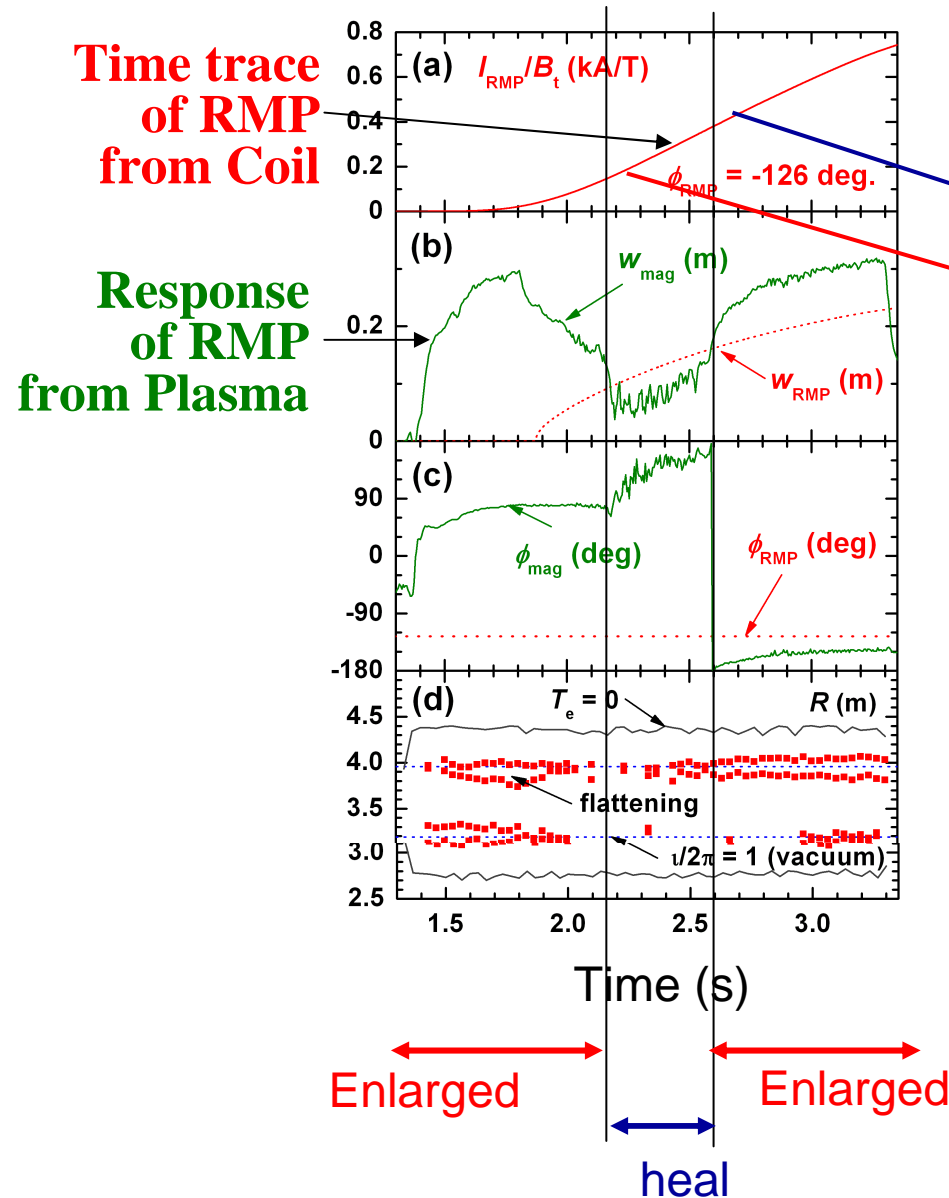


Response of Perturb. Field from Plasmas

Response depending on β and v^*

Where perturb. current flows inside/outside/on resonant surf?

Example of Dynamical response of Static island by MP of ex. coils



Detail time response is under investigation

Discussion (Cont.)

**(2) In actual plasmas, mag. field is NOT stochastic.
=> Confirmation of stochasticity is important**

**In LHD, Response of transient electron thermal
transport response by Power modulation of ECH**

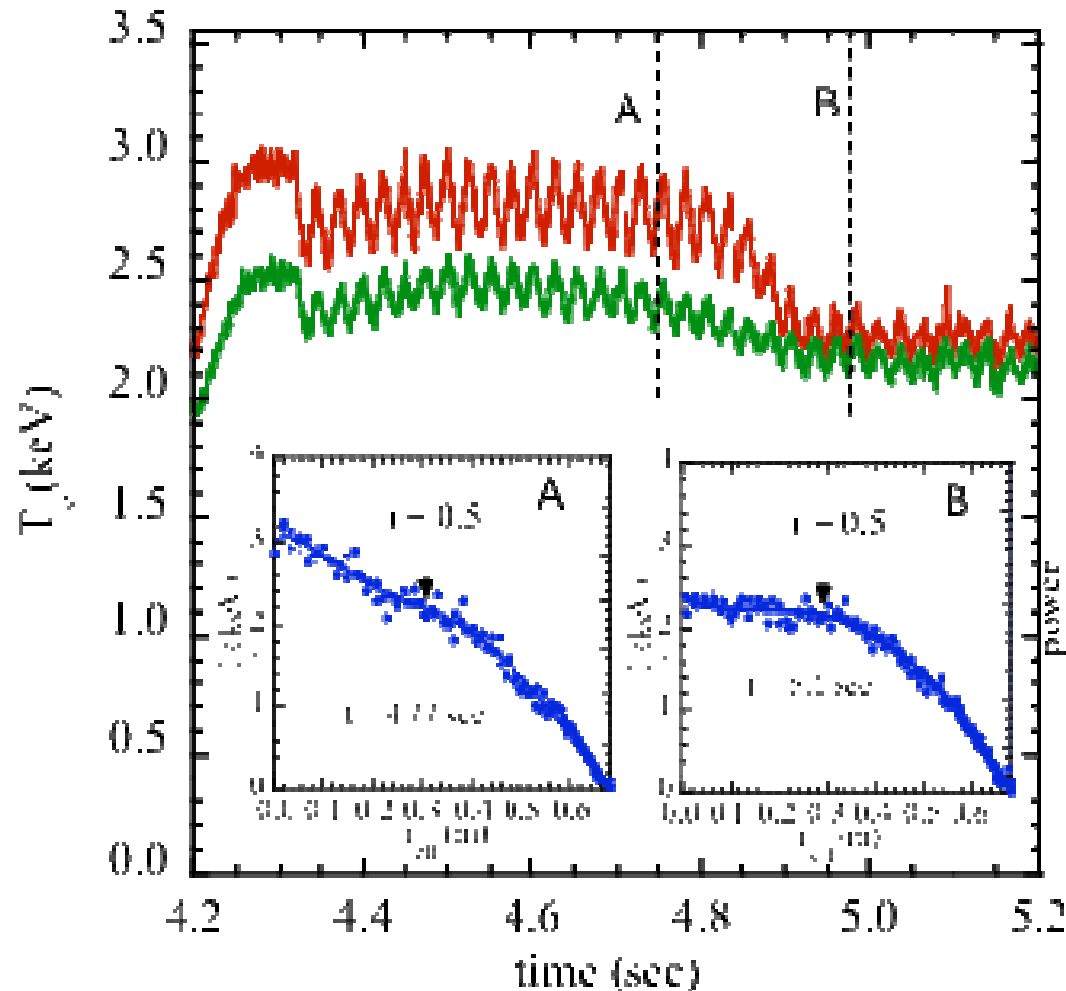
=>

**Identify mag. island and stochastic structure of
mag. field**

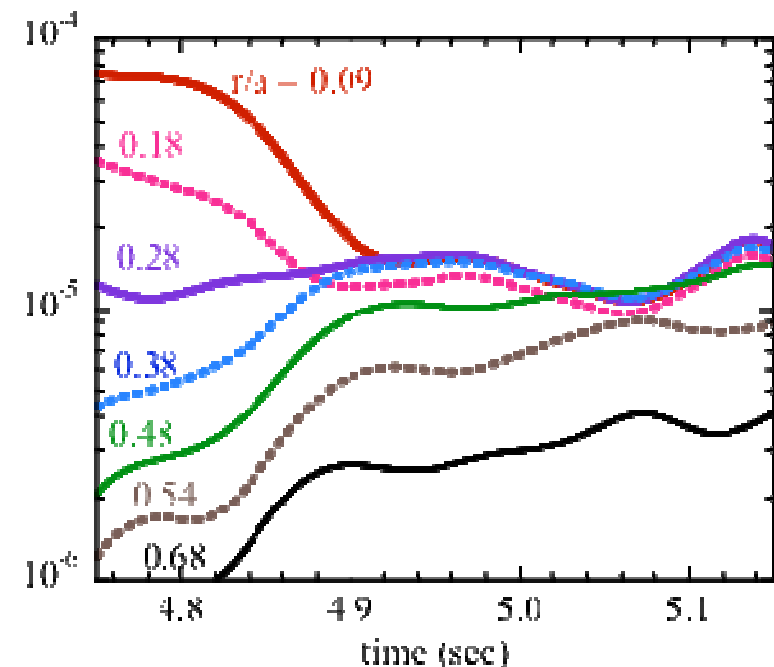
ref. K.Ida, 23rd IAEA Conf. (Daejon, 2010) EX/5-2

Modulation ECH

modulation ECH is applied to study the heat pulse propagation in the Te flat region



The modulation power (A^2)
drops at $r/a \sim 0$
Increases at $r/a \sim 0.5$

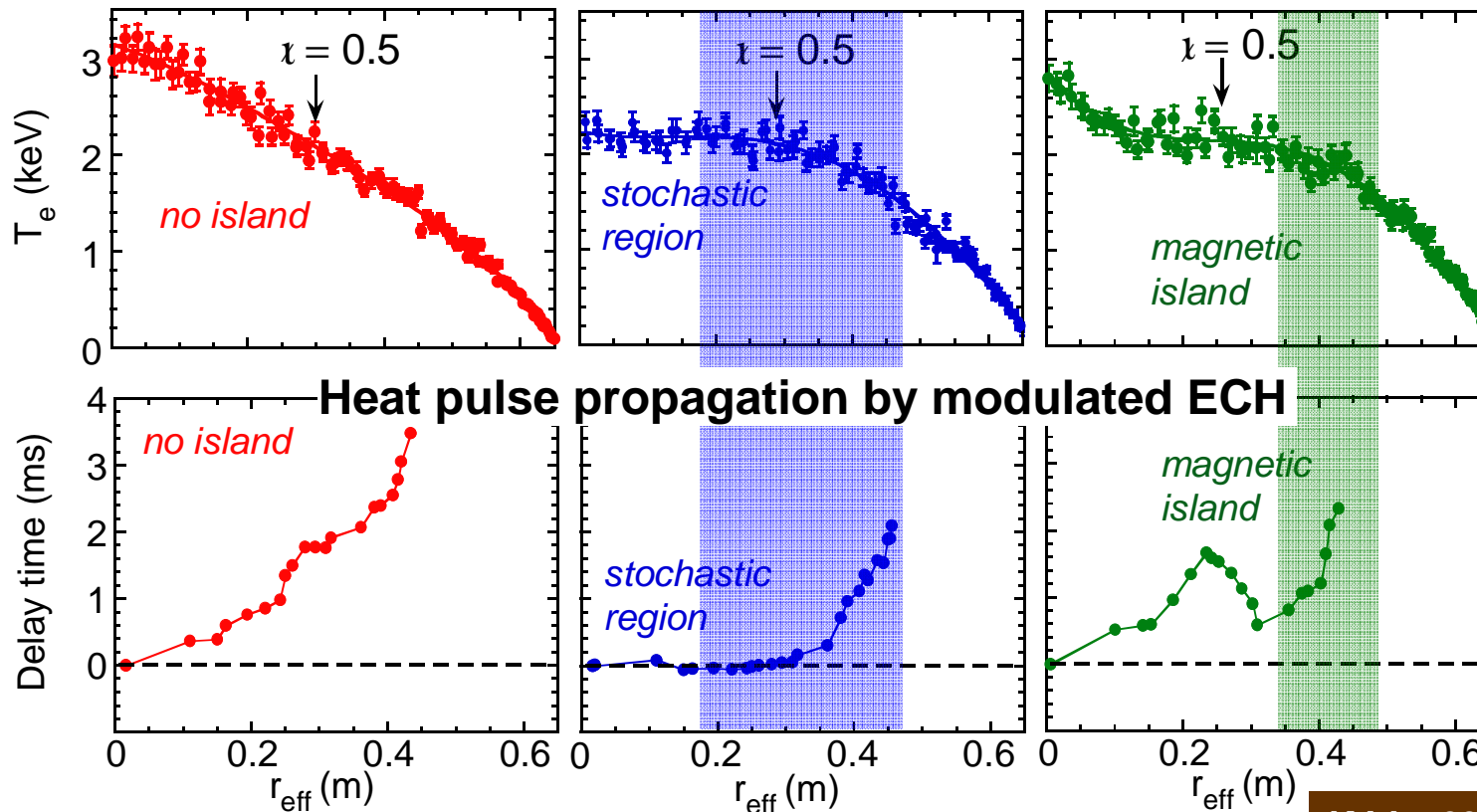
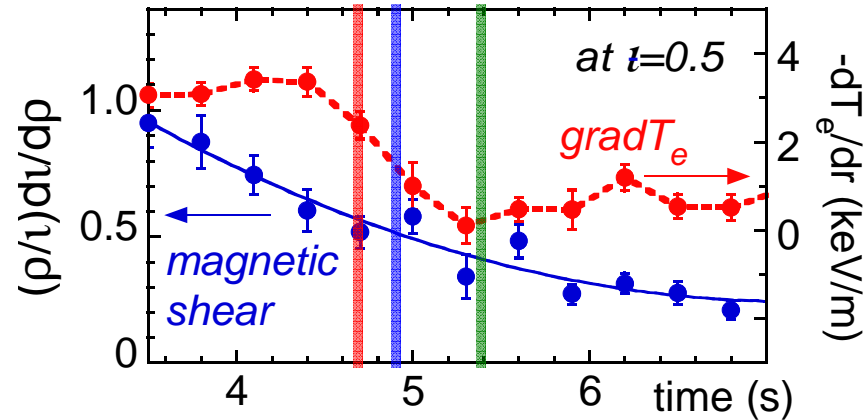


Flattening of modulation power suggests that heat pulse propagates radially faster than the transport time scale determined by thermal diffusivity χ_e .



Identification of stochastization of magnetic fields

Switch of NBI
from co. to ctr.
increases the central
rotational transform
→ decreases magnetic
shear



Discussion (Final page)

Future subjects in LHD exp.

Accurate estimation of perturbed mag. Field in plasmas

=>

Dynamical response of Static island

Response of Heavy Ion Beam trajectory

on Perturbed Field induced by external MP coils

Confirmation of Pred. Stochastic region

By Modulation of ECH

(analysis through transport response)

Welcome to your proposal!!